1 BRIAN L. BUDSBERG, WSBA#11225 HONORABLE PAUL B. SNYDER Brian L. Budsberg, P.L.L.C. Location Tacoma 2 P.O. Box 1489 Chapter 11 Olympia, WA 98507-1489 3 Telephone: (360) 584-9093 Facsimile: (360) 252-8333 4 Attorney for Debtors 5 6 7 8 9 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 10 In re 11 No. 10-42279 LIQUIDATION OUTLET, INC., 12 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF BIDDING PROCEDURES AND INTERIM Debtor. 13 **ORDER** TO: The Clerk of the Court 14 AND TO: Debtor(s) and Debtor(s) Attorney AND TO: All Creditors and Parties-In-Interest 15 AND TO: U.S. Trustee 16 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE Bidding Procedures Order- An order has been submitted to the Court approving the Bidding 17 Procedures for the sale of the assets of Liquidation Outlet, Inc. ("Debtor"). A copy of this Order is 18 attached hereto as Exhibit A. Exhibit A: AMENDED ORDER APPROVING BIDDING AND 19 NOTICE PROCEDURES AMENDED AS TO PARAGRAPH 4d. 20 The auction date for the sale of Debtor's Assets has been set by the Court for April 28, 2010, with 21 approval of this sale to occur on April 29, 2010 at 8:30 a.m. (the "Hearing"), in the United States 22 Bankruptcy Court, Room H, 1717 Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Washington. Copies of the pertinent sale documents in this matter can be viewed by going to https://ecf.wawb.uscourts.gov/cgi-23

1	<u>bin/HistDocQry.pl?633168031619991-L_448_0-1</u> and viewing docket numbers 12, 44-63, and 85-86		
2	Interested parties can also request Electronic copies of Debtor's motion for approval of: (i) sale of		
3	substantially all of Debtor's assets and business free and clear of all liens, claims, interests and		
	encumbrances pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §363; (ii) the Asset Purchase Agreement (as hereinafter		
4	defined); (iii) the Agency Agreement (as hereinafter defined); (iv) bidding and notice procedures; (vi)		
5	assumption and assignment of certain of Debtor's executory contracts; (vii) rejection of certain		
6	customer contracts; and certain cure costs; and (vii) additional relief from Debtor's attorney at the		
	contact information listed below.		
7			
8	<u>Interim Debtor in Possession Financing Order</u> - An order approving interim Debtor in Possession		
9	Financing has submitted the Court, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit B		
.	Interim DIP Order. A copy of the proposed Final Order for Debtor in Possession Financing is		
10	attached hereto as Exhibit C. Exhibit C: Proposed Final Order for Debtor in Possession		
11	Financing. Finally, a copy of the original motion to approve DIP financing is attached hereto a		
12	Exhibit D. Exhibit D: DIP Motion.		
13			
	The hearing for the approval of the Final Order for Debtor in Possession Financing is set to occur		
14	April 19, 2010 at 9:00 a.m. (the "Hearing"), in the United States Bankruptcy Court, Room H, 171		
15	Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Washington.		
16	Any party in interest objecting to the entry of the proposed Final Order in the form attached as		
17	Exhibit C, shall file written objections with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court no later than		
	April 15, 2010, at 4:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific time.		
18	1.prin 10, 2010, ut 1000 print providing 1 desire times		
19	DATED this 9th day of April, 2010.		
20	BRIAN L. BUDSBERG, P.L.L.C.		
21	/s/ Benjamin J. Riley		
22	Brian L. Budsberg, WSBA# 11225		
23	Benjamin J. Riley, WSBA#34939 Attorneys for Debtor		
I			

Exhibit A

1	BRIAN L. BUDSBERG, WSBA#11225 Brian L. Budsberg, P.L.L.C.	HONORABLE PAUL B. SNYDER Location Tacoma	
2	P.O. Box 1489	Chapter 11	
3	Olympia, WA 98507-1489 Telephone: (360) 584-9093		
4	Facsimile: (360) 252-8333 Attorney for Debtor		
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8	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON		
9	In re		
10	LIQUIDATION OUTLET, INC.,	No. 10-42279	
11	Debtor.	AMENDED ORDER APPROVING BIDDING AND NOTICE PROCEDURES	
12		AMENDED AS TO PARAGRAPH 4d	
13	THIS MATTER came before the Court upon the motion ("Motion") ¹ of Liquidation Outlet, Inc. ("Debtor"), for entry of an this order ("Bidding Procedures Order") approving the bidding		
14			
15	procedures described herein, including setting a dead	line and establishing requirements and	
16	procedures for interested parties to submit any competing bids for the Acquired Assets, ² including the approval of the Break-Up Fee to be paid to Buyer on the terms and conditions set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Court has reviewed the files and records herein and finds and concludes as		
17			
18	follows:		
19	A. Debtor has articulated good and sufficient reasons for approving (i) the proposed bidding procedures and (ii) the Break-Up Fee and other bidding protections for Buyer		
20			
21			
22	¹ Docket No. 12.		
23	² Capitalized terms herein shall have the meaning indicated.	ascribed to them in the Motion unless otherwise	

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P.O. BOX 1489

1	B. Debtor's payment to Buyer, under the circumstances set forth herein, of the Break-Up
2	Fee is (i) an actual and necessary cost and expense of preserving Debtor's estate, within the meaning
3	of § 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) of substantial benefit to Debtor's estate, (iii) reasonable and
4	appropriate considering, among other things, the size and nature of the proposed sale and the efforts
5	that have been and will be expended by Purchaser notwithstanding that the proposed sale is subject to
6	higher or better offers for the Acquired Assets, and (iv) necessary to ensure that Purchaser will
7	continue to pursue its proposed acquisition of the Acquired Assets.
8	C. The bidding protections afforded Purchaser under the Asset Purchase Agreement are
9	reasonable and appropriate and represent the best method for maximizing the return for the Acquired
10	Assets.
11	Now, therefore, it is hereby
12	ORDERED:
13	Notice of Bid Procedures. Notice of the Bid Procedures shall be deemed good and
14	sufficient if Debtor serves, within one business day after entry of this Order, by regular mail, this
15	Bidding Procedures Order upon:
16	(i) the UST;
17	(ii) counsel for U.S. Bank;
18	(iii) counsel for the Official Committee Of Unsecured Creditors (the "Creditors
19	Committee," if one has been appointed);
20	(iv) counsel for Purchaser;
21	(v) all parties who have filed with the Court a request for notices in this case;
22	(vi) all parties on the creditor mailing matrix; and
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- (vii) all persons or entities that have expressed to Debtor an interest in acquiring the Acquired Assets during the past twelve months or which Debtor reasonably believes may have an interest in bidding for the Acquired Assets, provided, however that with respect to the entities entitled to notice under this Paragraph 1(vii), Debtor will provide electronic notice of the Bid Procedures by the end of the day Friday, April 9, 2010 to a representative of each entity for which it has an e-mail address.
- 2. <u>Bid Procedures</u>. The following terms and procedures are hereby approved and shall govern the Auction:
 - a. <u>Stalking Horse Bid.</u> The bid of Purchaser ("Stalking Horse Bidder") is designated as the "stalking horse" bid ("Stalking Horse Bid"). The Stalking Horse Bidder is a Qualified Bidder, as described below. The Stalking Horse Bidder's obligations pursuant to the terms of the DIP Financing shall be deemed to satisfy any deposit requirement for the Stalking Horse Bidder.
 - b. <u>Alternative Qualified Bidders</u>. Any alternative bidder interested in purchasing the Acquired Assets must be a Qualified Bidder. To become a Qualified Bidder, each prospective bidder shall, on or before 5:00 p.m. PST on the Business Day that is five (5) Business Days prior to the day scheduled for the hearing on the Sale Motion deliver the following (together, a "Qualified Bid"):
 - (i) a good faith deposit in the amount of 10% of such bidder's Qualified Bid in cash into an escrow account designated by Debtor ("Escrow Account") and (ii) a binding letter agreement to Jeffrey Paul Helsdon of Oldfield & Helsdon, PLLC, counsel for Debtor, which contains the following:
 - (ii) a binding offer to acquire the Acquired Assets for an amount that is not less than \$250,000 more than the aggregate value of the Stalking Horse Bid ("Overbid"), together with an executed copy of the Asset Purchase Agreement with no changes thereto other than to reflect the name of such bidder as the

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P.O. BOX 1489 OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON 98507 360-584-9093

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Purchaser thereunder and the increase in the Purchase Price to reflect the amount of such bidder's Overbid;

- (iii) reasonably satisfactory evidence of its financial ability to (a) fully and timely perform if it is declared to be the Successful Bidder, and (b) provide adequate assurance of future performance of all contracts to be assigned;
- (iv) disclosure of any connections or agreements with Seller and/or any officer, director or equity security holder of Seller; and
- (v) an agreement to accept and abide by the terms, conditions and procedures set forth herein.
- c. Within 24 hours after the deadline to become a Qualified Bidder has passed, the Debtor will provide electronic notice to any real property lessor that made a request, in writing to the Debtor, setting forth the identity of each Qualified Bidder.
- d. Any party in interest (including Purchaser) shall have standing to challenge any prospective bidder's compliance with these qualification requirements. Any dispute regarding a prospective bidder's compliance with these qualification requirements shall be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court prior to any Auction.
- e. If no conforming Qualified Bid is submitted for the Acquired Assets, then the Debtor shall request that the Court approve the proposed sale of the Acquired Assets to Purchaser pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement.
- f. If one or more conforming Qualified Bids are submitted for the Acquired Assets, then the Debtor shall (i) promptly provide Purchaser, and counsel for the Unsecured Creditors Committee ("Committee"), if one has been appointed, copies of such Qualified Bids and (ii) hold the Auction.

3. The Auction.

a. The Auction shall take place on the business day prior to the day scheduled for the hearing on the Sale Motion at the offices of Oldfield & Helsdon, PLLC, 1401 Regents

Boulevard, Suite 102, Fircrest, WA 98464. To be eligible to participate in the auction, a Qualified Bidder must appear, in person, at the Auction.

- b. Only representatives of the Debtor, Qualified Bidders and the Committee (and their respective professionals) shall be entitled to attend the Auction, and only Qualified Bidders shall be entitled to make any additional bids ("Subsequent Bids") at the Auction. Prior to the commencement of the bidding, the Debtor, in consultation with representatives of the Qualified Bidders and the Committee, shall determine and announce the net value to the bankruptcy estate of each Qualified Alternative Bid and the Stalking Horse Bid.
- c. All Qualified Bidders shall be entitled to be present for all bidding with the understanding that the true identity of each Qualified Bidder shall be fully disclosed to all other Qualified Bidders and that all material terms of each bid will be fully disclosed to all Qualified Bidders throughout the entire Auction.
- d. At least one calendar day prior to the Auction, Debtor will give all Qualified Bidders a copy of the highest and best Qualified Alternative Bid received and copies of all other Qualified Alternative Bids. In addition, Debtor will inform each Qualified Bidder who has expressed its intent to participate in the Auction of the identity of all Qualified Bidders that may participate in the Auction.
- e. The Stalking Horse Bid shall be considered the opening bid ("Opening Bid") at the auction. For all purposes of these bidding procedures and the auction contemplated herein, including, without, limitation, the determination of the Successful Bidder, (i) the Opening Bid shall be valued at an amount equal to the sum of \$5,240,000.00

- f. The highest Overbid submitted by a Qualified Bidder shall be the initial overbid at the auction ("Initial Overbid"). That bid must be \$250,000 higher or the sum of 5,490,000. Subsequent Overbids ("Subsequent Overbids") shall be in increments of not less than \$100,000 higher than the immediately preceding bid.
- g. The Initial Overbid and Subsequent Overbids shall be on substantially the same or better terms and conditions, taken as a whole, as those set forth in the Stalking Horse Bid. In determining the amount of any Subsequent Overbid submitted by Purchaser, Debtors shall take into account, and Purchaser shall be entitled to a credit equal to, the amount of the Break-Up Fee.
- h. All bids shall be made in the presence of other bidders. Bidders shall have the right to request reasonable breaks during the pendency of the auction.
- 4. <u>Determination of Successful Bid and Closing of Transaction.</u>
- a. Upon the conclusion of the bidding, Debtor shall announce its determination of which bidder has submitted the highest and best bid ("Successful Bid"), and such bidder shall be declared the successful bidder ("Successful Bidder"). The Successful Bid, as determined by Debtor in accordance with these Bidding Procedures, shall be submitted to the Bankruptcy Court for approval at the Sale Hearing.
- b. In the event that the bidder designated as the Successful Bidder fails to make the payment required by the previous sentence within three (3) business days after the entry of an order designating it as the Successful Bidder, such bidder shall be deemed to have forfeited its deposit which shall be applied by Debtor to repay all amounts owed pursuant to the terms of the DIP Financing then outstanding and, to the extent that any amount of such deposit remains thereafter, to Break-up fees outstanding.

- c. Within two (2) business days of the declaration of the Successful Bidder, the refundable deposits of all unsuccessful bidders shall be refunded with accrued interest. In the event a good faith dispute arises over whether a deposit is refundable or non-refundable, the deposit shall remain in the Escrow Account pending a determination of the dispute by the Bankruptcy Court or written agreement of the parties.
- d. The transaction evidenced by the Successful Bid shall close no later than 2 business days following the approval of the entry by the Court of the Sale Order ("Closing Date") at which time the Successful Bidder shall pay the balance of the Successful Bid into the Escrow Account; provided, however, if Purchaser is declared the Successful Bidder such date may be extended pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement executed by the Stalking Horse Bidder.
- e. The Successful Bidder shall, at its expense, obtain all necessary governmental licenses, permits and approvals necessary to the consummation of its proposed transaction (provided, however, that this provision does not change any provision of the Asset Purchase Agreement or any bid regarding allocation of responsibility to pay taxes of the Debtor).
- f. In the event a bidder other than the Stalking Horse Bidder is declared to be the Successful Bidder and such bidder fails to timely perform any of its obligations as set forth above or pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court-approved definitive agreements, such declared Successful Bidder shall forfeit all deposits made as provided in such definitive agreements or for failure to enter into such definitive agreements without regard to Seller's ultimate damages occasioned by such failure; such deposits shall be applied in accordance with the terms of the APA, and shall not constitute liquidated damages; and, notwithstanding the foregoing, Debtor and the Bankruptcy estates shall retain all rights, remedies, claims, counterclaims, and

defenses, including the right to seek equitable or injunctive relief. In the event that the Stalking Horse Bidder is declared the Successful Bidder, the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement shall govern.

5. <u>Break-Up Fee</u>.

- a. In the event Purchaser is not the Successful Bidder and Debtor consummates an alternative transaction ("Alternative Transaction"), Purchaser shall be entitled to receive from Debtor's bankruptcy estate upon the consummation of such Alternative Transaction (as defined in the APA) a cash break-up fee payment in the amount of \$100,000 for the reimbursement of Purchaser's reasonable and actual expenses incurred in connection with the proposed transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement (collectively, "Break-Up Fee").
- b. The Break-Up Fee shall be paid at the closing of the Alternative Transaction and shall be paid concurrently or ahead of any other distributions or payments by Seller contemplated in connection with such Alternative Transaction by the Successful Bidder; provided, however, that if the Purchaser does not receive the Break-Up Fee within one (1) Business Day of the consummation of such Alternative Transaction, Seller shall pay the Break-Up Fee to Purchaser and such shall be paid concurrently or ahead of any other distributions or payments by Seller contemplated in connection with such Alternative Transaction.
- c. The Break-Up Fee shall constitute an administrative expense of Debtor under Sections 503(b) and 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Break-Up Fee shall not be payable to Purchaser if it breaches its obligations under the Asset Purchase Agreement without having its performance excused under the terms of the APA.

6. <u>Failure to Obtain Court Approval of Sale</u>. In the event Debtor is unable to obtain Court approval of the Sale Motion, the sole remedy of any bidder shall be of the return of its deposit except, with respect to Purchaser, as otherwise provided in the Asset Purchase Agreement with respect to the Break-Up Fee. All bids shall be in cash.

7. Cure Objections.

- a. To facilitate the sale, assumption and assignment of any executory contracts or unexpired leases to be assumed by Debtor and assigned to the Purchaser or such other Successful Bidder at closing, Debtor will serve a notice (the "Cure Amount Notice") not later than five (5) days after the entry of this Order, upon each counterparty to a lease or contract that may be assumed and assigned. The Debtor will provide the Cure Amount Notice electronically to each counterparty for which it has an e-mail address.
- b. Debtor will attach to the Cure Amount Notice their calculation of the undisputed cure amounts that the Debtors believe must be paid to cure all defaults under the executory contracts of (the "Cure Amounts"). If no amount is listed, Debtor believes that there is no Cure Amount. Unless the non-debtor party to a lease or contract files and serves an objection to its scheduled Cure Amount by 5:00 p.m. April 26, 2010, such non-debtor party shall (i) be forever barred from objecting to the Cure Amount and from asserting that any additional cure or other amounts are owed as of the date of assignment with respect to such lease or contract and Debtor shall be entitled to rely solely upon the Cure Amount; and (ii) be forever barred and estopped from asserting or claiming against Debtor or the Successful Bidder that any additional amounts are as of the date of assignment due or defaults exist under such lease or contract.

AMENDED ORDER APPROVING

BIDDING AND NOTICE PROCEDURES

AMENDED AS TO PARAGRAPH 4d - Page 9

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2	BUSH STROUT & KORNFELD	ROBERT D. MILLER, Jr.	
3	BUSH STROUT & RORNFELD	Acting United States Trustee	
4	By/s/ Christine M. Tobin- Presser Christine M. Tobin-Presser, WSBA #27628	By/s/ Marjorie S. Raleigh Marjorie S. Raleigh, WSBA #8544	
5	Gayle E. Bush, WSBA #07318 Attorneys for LOI, Capital, L.L.C.		
6	FARLEIGH WADA WITT	BAROKAS MARTIN & TOMLINSON	
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8	By <u>/s/Tara Schleicher</u> Tara Schleicher, WSBA #26884	By <u>/s/ John Tomlinson, Jr.</u> John Tomlinson, Jr. WSBA # 14124	
9	Attorneys for Safeway	Attorneys for .Inland Western Lakewood, LLC	
10	JAMES P. DAVIS, PLLC	RYAN SWANSON & CLEVELAND	
11		D //T' 4 W D	
12	By_/s/ James P. Davis James P. Davis, PLLC, WSBA #15258 Attorneys for Capital Village Associates and	By <u>/s/ Timothy W. Dore</u> Timothy W. Dore, WSBA #17131 Attorneys for ABC-Pacific Corporation	
13	Sylvan Associates	Tamorady for 122 of Latente Corporation	
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1761 20101 vd060602 amended order approving bidding and notice procedures amended as to paragraph 4d $\,-\,$ Page $\,11$

BRIAN L. BUDSBERG, PLLC
P.O. BOX 1489

1 2 3 4	Brian L. Budsberg, P.L.L.C. P.O. Box 1489 Chapte Olympia, WA 98507-1489 Telephone: (360) 584-9093 Facsimile: (360) 252-8333 Attorney for Debtor	ORABLE PAUL B. SNYDER on Tacoma or 11
5 6		COURT
7	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
8	In re	2279
9	INTERIN	INTERIM ORDER (1) AUTHORIZING INCURRENCE OF SECURED INDEBTEDNESS, (2) GRANTING SECURITY INTERESTS, (3) PROVIDING
10	SECURI	
12	APPROV	EQUATE PROTECTION, (4) YING THE DIP CREDIT MENT AS IT RELATES TO THE
13		OING AND NTING RELATED RELIEF
14 15	THIS MATTER having come before the Court upon	motion (the "DIP Motion") by
16	Liquidation Outlet, Inc. (the "Debtor"), as a debtor and debtor-in	n-possession in the above captioned
17	chapter 11 case (the "Case") seeking, among other things, entry	of an interim order (this "Interim
18	Order") authorizing the Debtor to:	
19	(i) Obtain credit and incur debt, pursuant to	o sections 363 and 364(c) of the
20	Bankruptcy Code, on an interim basis for a period (the "Interim P	eriod ") from the commencement of
21	the case through and including the date of the Final Hearing (as	defined below) up to the aggregate
22	committed amount of \$1,00,000.00 (on terms and conditions more	e fully described herein) secured by
23	perfected liens (as defined in section 101(37) of chapter 11 of tit	le 11 of the United States Code, as

amended (the "Bankruptcy Code") and referred to and defined in more detail herein as the "DIP Liens") on property of the Debtor's estate pursuant to sections 364(c)(2) and 364(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, and with priority, as to administrative expenses, as provided in section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to the terms and conditions contained herein;

- (ii) (a) Enter into and establish the financing arrangement (as amended, modified and in effect from time to time, the "DIP Credit Facility") provided for in that certain Debtor in Possession Credit and Security Agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and (the "DIP Credit Agreement", and together with any other document in connection with the DIP Credit Facility, collectively, the "DIP Documents"), by and among the Debtor and LOI Capital, LLC (the "DIP Lender"), and (b) incur the "Obligations" under and as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement (collectively, the "DIP Obligations");
- (iii) Authorize the use of the proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility (net of any amounts used to pay fees under the DIP Credit Agreement) in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Approved Budget (as defined below) solely for (a) working capital and general corporate purposes to the extent set forth in the Approved Budget, (b) payment of costs of administration of the Case, and (d) payment of such prepetition expenses as contemplated in the Approved Budget or as consented to by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion and as approved by the Bankruptcy Court;
- (iv) Grant, pursuant to sections 364(c)(2) and 364(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, the DIP Lender perfected liens, subject and subordinate only to the Prepetition Liens and the adequate protection liens granted to U.S. Bank in the Interim Order Authorizing Use of Cash Collateral (Docket No. 39) ("U.S. Bank Adequate Protection Liens"), upon all of the Debtor's real and personal property

as provided in and as contemplated by this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement;

- (v) Vacate and modify the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent necessary to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order;
- (vi) Schedule a final hearing (the "Final Hearing") to consider entry of an order (the "Final Order") granting the relief requested in the DIP Motion on a final basis and approve the form of notice with respect to the Final Hearing; and
- (viii) Waive the fourteen (14) day stay provisions of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 6004(h).

The Court having considered the DIP Motion, the Declaration of Gary Woodring in support of the Debtor's first day motions and orders, the exhibits attached thereto, such other declarations and evidence submitted prior to the Interim Hearing on behalf of LOI Capital, LLC in support of the Debtor's DIP Motion, the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement, and the evidence submitted at the hearing on this Interim Order (the "Interim Hearing"); and in accordance with Rules 2002, 4001(b), (c), and (d), and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), due and proper notice of the DIP Motion and the Interim Hearing having been given; an Interim Hearing having been held and concluded on April 8, 2010; and it appearing that approval of the interim relief requested in the DIP Motion is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtor pending the Final Hearing and otherwise is fair and reasonable and in the best interests of the Debtor, its creditors, its estate and its equity holders, and is essential for the continued operation of the Debtor's businesses; and it further appearing that the Debtor is unable to secure unsecured credit for money borrowed allowable as an administrative expense under Bankruptcy Code section

503(b)(1); and there is adequate protection of the interests of holders of liens on the property of the estate on which liens are to be granted, or such holders of liens have consented to the provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order; and all objections, if any, to the entry of this Interim Order having been withdrawn, resolved or overruled by the Court; and after due deliberation and consideration, and for good and sufficient cause appearing therefore:

BASED UPON THE RECORD ESTABLISHED AT THE INTERIM HEARING BY THE DEBTOR, THE COURT HEREBY MAKES THE FOLLOWING FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- A. **Petition Date**. On March 25, 2010 (the "**Petition Date**"), the Debtor filed a voluntary petition under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Washington (Tacoma Division). The Debtor has continued in the management and operation of its business and property as debtor-in-possession pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been appointed in this case.
- B. **Jurisdiction and Venue.** This Court has jurisdiction over these proceedings, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b) and 1334, and over the persons and property affected hereby. Consideration of the DIP Motion constitutes a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). Venue for the Case and proceedings on the DIP Motion is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- **C**.. Committee Formation. An official committee of unsecured creditors has not been appointed in the Case.
- D. Notice. Notice of the Interim Hearing and the emergency relief requested in the DIP Motion has been provided by the Debtor, whether by telecopy, email, overnight courier or hand delivery, to certain parties in interest, including: (i) the Office of the United States Trustee, (ii) the Internal Revenue Service, (iii) the Debtor's twenty (20) largest unsecured creditors, (iv) counsel to the Debtor, (v) counsel to the Pre-Petition Lenders (as defined below), (vi) counsel to the proposed DIP

Lender, (vii) US Bank National Association, and (viii) all parties listed on the official mailing matrix maintained by the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court. Under the circumstances, such notice of the Interim Hearing and the relief requested in the DIP Motion is due and sufficient notice and complies with sections 102(1), 364(c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 4001(c).

- E. **Debtor's Acknowledgements and Agreements**. After consultation with its attorneys and financial advisors, but without prejudice to the rights of parties in interest as set forth in paragraph 5 below, the Debtor admits, stipulates, acknowledges and agrees that (collectively, paragraphs E(i) through E(iv) hereof shall be referred to herein as the "**Debtor's Stipulations**"):
 - (i) Pre-Petition Credit Liens. Prior to the commencement of the Case, the Pre-Petition Lenders (as defined below) made loans and advances and provided credit accommodations to the Debtor pursuant to (i) that certain US Bank Loan Agreement between the Debtor and US Bank National Association ("US Bank") dated as of October 26, 2006 (the "US Bank Loan Agreement" and, together with all other agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered with, to, or in favor of US Bank, including, without limitation, the security agreements, notes, guarantees and Uniform Commercial Code ("UCC") financing statements and all other related agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered in connection therewith or related thereto, collectively, the "US Bank Loan Documents"), pursuant to which the Debtor is indebted to US Bank for certain pre-petition loans in the principal amount of \$700,000 as of the Petition Date (together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, fees and expenses related thereto, collectively, the "US Bank Obligations"), and (ii) that certain Letter Agreement between the Debtor and LOI Capital, LLC ("LOI Capital", and collectively with US Bank, the "Pre-Petition Lenders") dated as of March 15, 2010 (the "LOI Loan Agreement", and together with all other agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered with, to, or in favor of LOI Capital, including, without limitation, the security agreements, notes, guarantees and UCC financing statements and all other related agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered in connection therewith or related thereto, collectively, the "LOI Loan Documents"; the LOI Loan Agreement and US Bank Loan Agreement are referred to herein collectively as the "Pre-Petition Loan Agreements"), pursuant to which the Debtor is indebted to LOI Capital for certain prepetition loans and advances in the principal amount of \$150,000 as of the Petition Date (together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, fees and expenses related thereto, collectively, the "LOI Obligations, and together with the US Bank Obligations, collectively, the "Pre-Petition Obligations").

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- (ii) <u>Pre-Petition Obligations Amount</u>. As of the Petition Date, the aggregate amount of all loans and other obligations in respect of the US Bank Loan Agreement equaled approximately \$700,000, and the aggregate amount of all loans and other obligations in respect of the LOI Loan Agreement equaled \$150,000, in each case plus all costs, expenses, fees (including attorneys' fees and legal expenses) and other charges, plus any further advances and less any collected and applied proceeds (collectively the "Pre-Petition Debt").
- (i) Need for Post-Petition Financing. An immediate need exists for the Debtor to obtain funds from the DIP Credit Facility in order to continue operations and to administer and preserve the value of its estate. The ability of the Debtor to finance its operations requires the availability of working capital from the DIP Credit Facility, the absence of which would immediately and irreparably harm the Debtor, its estate, its creditors and equity holders and the possibility for a successful sale of the Debtor's assets as a going concern or otherwise. Based upon the pleadings and proceedings of record in the Case, the Debtor does not have sufficient available sources of working capital and financing to carry on the operation of its business without the DIP Credit Facility. The Debtor's ability to maintain business relationships with vendors, suppliers and customers, pay employees, make capital expenditures, make adequate protection payments, purchase and supply new inventory and otherwise finance their operations is essential to the Debtor's continued viability. In addition, based on the record presented at the Interim Hearing: (i) the Debtor's critical need for financing is immediate; (ii) in the absence of the DIP Credit Facility, the continued operation of the Debtor's business would not be possible and serious harm to the Debtor would occur; and (iii) the preservation, maintenance and enhancement of the value of the Debtor's estate is of the utmost significance and importance.
- unable to obtain unsecured credit allowable under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b)(1) as an administrative expense. The Debtor is also unable to obtain secured credit, allowable under

Bankruptcy Code sections 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), and 364(d) on more favorable terms and conditions than those provided in the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order. The Debtor is not able to obtain sufficient long-term financing from sources other than the DIP Lender on terms more favorable than under the DIP Credit Facility, and is not able to obtain unsecured credit allowable as an administrative expense under section 503(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. New credit is unavailable to the Debtor without providing the DIP Lender the DIP Liens (as defined below) in the DIP Collateral (as defined below), as provided herein. The Debtor is unable to obtain credit for borrowed money without the granting of liens on its assets.

- (iii) <u>Prior Liens</u>. Nothing herein shall constitute a finding or ruling by this Court that any Permitted Prior Liens are valid, senior, perfected and unavoidable. Moreover, nothing shall prejudice the rights of any party in interest including, but not limited to, any committee appointed pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code to challenge the validity, priority, perfection and extent of any such Permitted Prior Lien and or security interest. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to the liens of the DIP Lender, as provided for herein, the Pre-Petition Credit Liens have priority over and above all other liens except any liens which were valid, senior, perfected and otherwise unavoidable as of the Petition Date.
- F. Asset Purchase Agreement. The DIP Lender and the Debtor are parties to that certain Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of March ___, 2010 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") by and between the Debtor as seller, and the DIP Lender, in its capacity as purchaser, which provides for the sale or disposition pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code by Borrower of substantially all of the assets of the Debtor. As more fully described in the Debtor's motion to approve the Asset Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby filed with the Bankruptcy Court, the Asset Purchase Agreement has been negotiated by the Debtor and the DIP Lender at arms length. The

DIP Lender has indicated that its willingness to provide post-petition financing to the Debtor pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement is based in part upon the agreements set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement for the sale or disposition pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code of substantially all of the assets of the Debtor; and the entry by the Debtor into the Asset Purchase Agreement, as well as the solicitation of higher and better offers for the purchase of the Debtor's assets through an auction process and consummation of such sale, are conditions to the obligation of the DIP Lender to provide financing to the Debtor under the DIP Credit Agreement. The Debtor acknowledges that the financing to be provided under the DIP Credit Agreement is essential to the Debtor's estate and that the DIP Lender is a good faith lender with respect to such financing.

- G. Use of Proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility. Proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility (net of any amounts used to pay fees under the DIP Credit Agreement) shall be used in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Approved Budget (as defined below), solely for (a) working capital and general corporate purposes to the extent set forth in the Approved Budget, (b) payment of costs of administration of the Case, and (c) payment of such prepetition expenses as contemplated in the Approved Budget or as consented to by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion and as approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- H. Extension of Financing. The DIP Lender has indicated a willingness to provide financing to the Debtor in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and subject to (i) the entry of this Interim Order and a Final Order, and (ii) findings by the Court that such financing is essential to the Debtor's estate, that the DIP Lender is a good faith financier, and that the DIP Lender's claims, security interests and liens and other protections granted pursuant to this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Facility will not be affected by any subsequent reversal, modification, vacatur or amendment of

this Interim Order or the Final Order or any other order, as provided in section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- I. Business Judgment and Good Faith Pursuant to Section 364(e). The terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement, and the fees paid and to be paid thereunder are fair, reasonable, and the best available under the circumstances, reflect the Debtor's exercise of prudent business judgment consistent with its fiduciary duties, and are supported by reasonably equivalent value and consideration. The DIP Credit Facility was negotiated in good faith and at arms' length between the Debtor and the DIP Lender. Use of the proceeds to be extended under the DIP Credit Facility will be so extended in good faith, and for valid business purposes and uses, the consequence of which is that the DIP Lender and is entitled to the protection and benefits of section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- J. Notice. Notice of the Interim Hearing and the entry of this Interim Order has been provided to: (i) the thirty (30) largest unsecured creditors on a consolidated basis; (ii) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Washington (the "<u>U.S. Trustee</u>"); (iii) counsel to US Bank; (iv) Debtor's landlords; (v) US Bank National Association; (vii) all parties on the official mailing matrix maintained by the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court (collectively, the "<u>Notice Parties</u>"). Requisite notice of the Motion and the relief requested thereby and this Interim Order has been provided in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 4001, and no other notice need be provided for entry of this Interim Order.
- K. **Entry of Interim Order**. For the reasons stated above, the Debtor has requested immediate entry of this Interim Order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(2). Absent entry of this Interim Order, the Debtor's business, properties and estate will be harmed. This Court concludes that entry of this Interim Order is in the best interest of the Debtor, its estate and creditors as its

implementation will, among other things, allow for the continued operation of the Debtor's existing businesses and enhance the value of the Debtor's estate.

Based on the foregoing, and upon the record made before this Court at the Interim Hearing, and good and sufficient cause appearing therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT:

- 1. **Motion Granted**. The DIP Motion is granted in its entirety subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement.
 - 2. **DIP Credit Agreement Authorization**.
- (a) Approval of Entry Into DIP Credit Agreement. The Debtor is expressly and immediately authorized, empowered and directed to execute and deliver the DIP Credit Agreement and to incur and to perform the DIP Obligations in accordance with, and subject to, the terms of this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, and to deliver all instruments and documents which may be required or necessary for the performance by the Debtor under the DIP Credit Facility and the creation and perfection of the DIP Liens described in and provided for by this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement. Subject to the terms of this Interim Order, the Debtor is hereby authorized and directed to pay the principal, interest, fees, expenses and other amounts described in the DIP Credit Agreement and all other documents comprising the DIP Credit Facility as such become due, including, without limitation, lender fees, facility fees, arranger fees, commitment fees, letter of credit fees and reasonable attorneys', financial advisors' and accountants' fees and disbursements as provided for in the DIP Credit Agreement, which amounts shall not otherwise be subject to approval of this Court. Upon execution and delivery, the DIP Credit Agreement shall

represent valid and binding obligations of the Debtor enforceable against the Debtor in accordance with its terms.

- Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, documents comprising the DIP Credit Facility, and the Approved Budget (as defined below), the Debtor is hereby authorized under the DIP Credit Facility to request extensions of credit, and borrow, up to a total committed amount of \$1,000,000.00, of which the entire amount shall be authorized during the Interim Period to the extent provided in the DIP Credit Agreement and subject to the Approved Budget. So long as the Debtor is not in default under the terms of this Interim Order or the DIP Credit Documents, the Debtor is immediately authorized to borrow from the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Facility (a) in accordance with the terms and provisions of the DIP Documents and the Interim Order, (b) to the extent required to pay those expenses enumerated in the Approved Budget, as and when such expenses come due,
- (c) <u>Application of DIP Proceeds</u>. The Debtor is authorized to borrow pursuant to the DIP Credit Facility, and the proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility (net of any amounts used to pay fees under the DIP Credit Agreement) shall be used, in each case in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement, and in accordance with the Approved Budget (as defined below) solely for (a) working capital and general corporate purposes to the extent set forth in the Approved Budget, (b) payment of costs of administration of the Case, and (c) payment of such prepetition expenses as contemplated in the Approved Budget or as consented to by the DIP Lender in its full discretion, and as approved by the Court.
 - (d) None of the DIP Collateral (including proceeds thereof) or borrowings under the DIP Credit Facility may be used directly or indirectly by the Debtor, any Committee (defined

below), or any other person or entity to object to or contest in any manner the DIP Obligations, the DIP Documents, the DIP Liens or to assert or prosecute any actions, claims or causes of action (including, without limitation, any claims or causes of action under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code) against the DIP Lender. In addition, except as expressly provided therein, without the consent of the DIP Lender, no portion of the DIP Collateral (including proceeds thereof) or borrowings under the DIP Credit Facility shall be used or available for use or applied by any party (including the Debtor) to seek authorization to obtain liens or security interests that are senior to, or on a parity with, the DIP Liens or the Replacement Liens (as each term is defined below).

(e) <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The DIP Lender shall have no obligation to make any loan under the DIP Credit Agreement during the Interim Period unless the conditions precedent to make such loan or advance under the DIP Credit Agreement have been satisfied in full or waived by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion.

(f) **Post-Petition Liens**.

- (i) Upon due execution and delivery to the DIP Lender, the DIP Documents shall constitute, and are hereby deemed to be the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtor, enforceable against the Debtor in accordance with the terms of such DIP Documents. No obligation, payment, transfer or grant of security under the DIP Documents or this Interim Order shall be stayed, restrained, voided, voidable or recoverable under the Bankruptcy Code or under any applicable non-bankruptcy law, or subject to any defense, reduction, setoff, recoupment or counterclaim.
- (ii) Effective immediately upon the execution of this Interim Order, DIP Lender is hereby granted pursuant to sections 361, 362, 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), 364(e)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, continuing, valid, binding, enforceable, non-avoidable and automatically perfected

postpetition security interests in and liens on, subordinate only to the Prepetition Liens and the U.S. Bank Adequate Protection Liens, all present and after-acquired property of the Debtor of any nature whatsoever and wherever located (collectively, the "DIP Liens"), (which DIP Liens shall be effective upon the date of this Interim Order, without the necessity of the execution by the Debtor or the filing or recordation of mortgages, security agreements, lockbox or control agreements, financing statements, or any other instruments or otherwise by the DIP Lender), including, without limitation: all presently owned and hereafter acquired assets and real and personal property of the Debtor, including, without limitation, accounts, chattel paper and electronic chattel paper, deposit accounts, documents, furniture, fixtures, equipment, general intangibles, goods, instruments, inventory, investment property, leases, vehicles, rolling stock, proceeds of leases of real property, letter-of-credit rights, letters of credit, cash and cash equivalents, including sums on deposit in any deposit or escrow account, together with (i) all substitutions and replacements for and products of any of the foregoing; (ii) in the case of all goods, all accessions; (iii) all accessories, attachments, parts, equipment and repairs now or hereafter attached or affixed to or used in connection with any goods; (iv) all warehouse receipts, bills of lading and other documents of title now or hereafter covering such goods; (v) all collateral subject to the Lien of any Security Document; (vi) any money, or other assets of the Borrower that now or hereafter come into the possession, custody, or control of the DIP Lender; (vii) proceeds of any and all of the foregoing; all of the foregoing, whether now owned or existing or hereafter acquired or arising or in which the Borrower now has or hereafter acquires any rights (the "Collateral¹").

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All defined terms used in the description of the DIP Collateral as set forth in **paragraph 7** shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the DIP Credit Agreement. All terms not specifically defined in the DIP Credit Agreement and used in

(iii) In no event shall any lien or security interest that is avoided and preserved for the benefit of the Debtor's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, or any person or entity who pays (or through the extension of credit to Debtor, causes to be paid) any of the DIP Obligations, be subrogated, in whole or in part, to any rights, remedies, claims, privileges, liens or security interests granted in favor of, or conferred upon the DIP Lender by the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement or this Interim Order, until such time as all of the DIP Obligations shall be indefeasibly paid in full in cash in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order. Upon (a) the Final Order becoming final and non-appealable and (b) the expiration of the Challenge Period Termination Date (as defined below), all pre-petition liens and security interests of the Pre-Petition Lenders in the Pre-Petition Credit Collateral shall be deemed to be assigned (and not terminated or released to the extent so assigned) to the DIP Lender as additional collateral security for so much of the DIP Obligations as shall at any time have been used to repay or refinance the Pre-Petition Debt, and such assignment shall be in addition to, and shall not limit, prejudice or impair in any way any of the claims or liens of the DIP Lender in the Collateral granted pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order.

(g) <u>DIP Lien Priority</u>. The DIP Liens to be created and granted to the DIP Lender, as provided herein, (a) are created pursuant to sections 364(c)(2) and 364(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) are valid, prior, perfected, unavoidable and are subject and subordinate only to the Carve Out and the Prepetition Liens and the U.S. Bank Adequate Protection Liens, and shall secure all DIP Obligations. The DIP Liens shall not be made subject to or *pari passu* with any lien or

paragraph 7 shall have the meanings assigned to such term in Article 8 or 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code as the same may, from time to time, be enacted and in effect in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

security interest by any court order heretofore or hereafter entered in the Case; and such DIP Liens shall be valid and enforceable against any trustee appointed in the Case, upon the conversion of the Case to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceedings related to any of the foregoing (any "Successor Case"), and/or upon the dismissal of any of the Case.

- (h) PACA Claims. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Order, holders of valid and enforceable prepetition and postpetition Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act ("PACA") Trust Claims shall retain their trust rights, if any, to the extent provided by law against all prepetition and post petition assets of the Debtors and their estates and Debtors will pay valid and enforceable PACA trust claims, provided however, that such PACA Trust Claims shall not be paid until such time as the sale of the Debtor's assets contemplated by the parties is consummated, or as provided Budget attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- (i) <u>Enforceable Obligations</u>. The DIP Credit Agreement shall constitute and evidence the valid and binding obligations of the Debtor, which obligations shall be enforceable against the Debtor, its estate and any successors thereto and its creditors, in accordance with its terms.
- obligation to make any extension of credit pursuant to the DIP Credit Facility unless all of the conditions precedent to the making of such extension of credit under the DIP Credit Facility are satisfied or waived by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion. From and after the Petition Date, the Debtor shall use the proceeds of the extensions of credit under the DIP Credit Facility only for the purposes specifically set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order and in compliance with the Approved Budget.
- 3. **Authorization to Use Proceeds of DIP Credit Agreement**. Attached to this Interim Order as Exhibit B is the Debtor's 3-week operating Approved Budget (the "**Approved Approved**

Budget") setting forth the Debtor's projected financial operations, anticipated cumulative cash receipts and expenditures on a weekly basis and all necessary and required cumulative expenses which the Debtor expects to incur during each week during the 3-week period covered by the Approved Budget starting March 25, 2010, which Approved Budget shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender, and shall in any event include projected available cash, sales, cash flow, inventory, trade payables, and expenses. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement, and in accordance with the Approved Budget, the Debtor is authorized to use advances under the DIP Credit Agreement during the period commencing immediately after entry of the Interim Order and terminating upon the earlier to occur of notice being provided by the Debtor that an Event of Default (as defined in paragraph 14 of this Interim Order) has occurred and is continuing, and the Commitment Termination Date (as hereinafter defined), in accordance with the Approved Budget. The Approved Budget may be updated (with the consent and/or at the request of the DIP Lender) from time to time, provided that such updated Approved Budget shall be in form and substance acceptable to the DIP Lender and approved by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion, and the Debtor shall be required always to comply with the Approved Budget pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Facility. As set forth above, the Debtor's authorization to use the proceeds of the DIP Credit Agreement shall terminate upon notice being provided by the DIP Lender to the Debtor that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, provided, however, during the Remedies Notice Period (as defined below) the Debtor may use the DIP Credit Agreement solely to meet payroll obligations and pay expenses essential to the preservation of the Debtor and its estate and as agreed by the DIP Lender, provided that any such payments are made in a manner consistent with the terms and provisions of the Approved Budget. Nothing in this Interim Order shall authorize the disposition of any assets of the Debtor or its estate outside the ordinary course of

business or other proceeds resulting therefrom, except as permitted in the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Approved Budget. .The Debtor represents and warrants that the Approved Budget has been prepared on a reasonable basis and in good faith by the Debtor. Furthermore, the Debtor represents and warrants, in its independent business judgment, that the amounts set forth in the Approved Budget are appropriate and necessary to effectuate a successful sale of the Debtor's assets

- (a) Approved Budget Covenants. In accordance with the terms of the DIP Documents, the Debtor shall provide the DIP Lender, within two (2) Business Days after the end of each week (or if such day is not a business day, the immediately preceding business day) from the Closing Date until the Termination Date (as defined in the DIP Loan Agreement), a report for such week and the period from the first full week after the Petition Date through the end of such week. The Debtor acknowledges and agrees that (i) the incurrence or payment by the Debtor of expenses (x) other than amounts in connection with the itemized amounts set forth in the Approved Budget and (y) in excess of the amount set forth in the Approved Budget Variances (as defined below), or (ii) other violation of the terms and condition of this sub-paragraph (b), shall constitute an "Event of Default" (as defined in the DIP Loan Agreement).
- (b) <u>Return of Inventory</u>. The Debtor shall not, without the consent of the DIP Lender: (i) enter into any agreement to return any inventory to any of its creditors for application against any prepetition indebtedness under section 546(h) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ii) consent to any creditor taking any set-off against any of its prepetition indebtedness based upon any such return pursuant to section 553(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.
- 4. **Post-Petition Lien Perfection**. This Interim Order shall be sufficient and conclusive evidence of the validity, perfection, and priority of the DIP Liens without the necessity of filing or

recording any financing statement or other instrument or document which may otherwise be required under the law of any jurisdiction or the taking of any other action (including, for the avoidance of doubt, entering into any deposit account control agreement) to validate or perfect the DIP Liens or to entitle the DIP Lender to the priorities granted herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the DIP Lender may, in its sole discretion, file such financing statements, notices of liens and other similar documents, and is hereby granted relief from the automatic stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code in order to do so, and all such financing statements, notices and other documents shall be deemed to have been filed or recorded at the time and on the date of the commencement of the Case. The Debtor shall execute and deliver to the DIP Lender all such financing statements, notices and other documents as the DIP Lender may reasonably request to evidence, confirm, validate or perfect, or to insure the contemplated priority of, the DIP Liens granted pursuant hereto. The DIP Lender, in its discretion, may file a photocopy of this Interim Order as a financing statement with any recording officer designated to file financing statements or with any registry of deeds or similar office in any jurisdiction in which the Debtor has real or personal property, and in such event, the subject filing or recording officer shall be authorized to file or record such copy of this Interim Order.

- 5. **Post Petition Rent.** The Debtor shall timely pay the full amount of its post-petition payment obligations under all of its real property leases (including without limitation rent, CAM charges and taxes, where applicable). In addition, the Debtor shall comply with all other obligations Bankruptcy Code § 365(d)(3).
- 6. Reservation of Certain Third Party Rights and Bar of Challenges and Claims. Nothing in this Interim Order or the DIP Credit Agreement shall prejudice whatever rights any official committee(s) or any other party in interest with requisite standing other than the Debtor may have (a) to object to or challenge the findings herein, including, but not limited to, those in relation to (i) the

validity, extent, perfection or priority of the security interests and liens of the Pre-Petition Lenders in and to the Pre-Petition Collateral, or (ii) the validity, allowability, priority, status or size of the Pre-Petition Debt, or (b) to bring suit against the Pre-Petition Lenders in connection with or related to the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement, or the actions or inactions of Pre-Petition Lenders arising out of or related to the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement; provided, however, that, unless any official committee(s) or any other party in interest with requisite standing commences a contested matter or adversary proceeding raising such objection or challenge, including without limitation any claim against the Pre-Petition Lenders in the nature of a setoff, counterclaim or defense to the Pre-Petition Debt (including but not limited to, those under sections 506, 544, 547, 548, 550 and/or 552 of the Bankruptcy Code or by way of suit against the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement Lender), within (a) [60] days following the appointment of the official committee of unsecured creditors, or (b) if no official committee of unsecured creditors is appointed, 60 days following entry of the Final Order (as defined below) (collectively, (a) and (b) shall be referred to as the "Challenge Period," and the date that is the next calendar day after the termination of the Challenge Period, in the event that no objection or challenge is raised during the Challenge Period shall be referred to as the "Challenge Period Termination **Date**"), upon the Challenge Period Termination Date, any and all such challenges and objections by any party (including, without limitation, any official creditors' committee(s) and any Chapter 11 or Chapter 7 trustee appointed herein or in any Successor Case) shall be deemed to be forever waived and barred, and the Pre-Petition Debt shall be deemed to be allowed in full and, to the extent of the value of the Pre-Petition Credit Collateral on the Petition Date, shall be deemed to be allowed as a fully secured claim within the meaning of section 506 of the Bankruptcy Code for all purposes in connection with this Case and the Debtor's Stipulations shall be binding on all creditors, interest holders and parties in interest.

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- Payment of Compensation. Nothing herein shall be construed as consent to the allowance of any professional fees or expenses of the Debtor, any official committee or of any Person or shall affect the right of the DIP Lender, the Pre-Petition Lenders to object to the allowance and payment of such fees and expenses.
- 8. **Collateral Rights.** Unless the DIP Lender has provided its prior written consent or all DIP Obligations have been paid in full in cash (or will be paid in full in cash upon entry of an order approving indebtedness described in subparagraph (a) below), all commitments to lend have terminated, there shall not be entered in these proceedings, or in any Successor Case, any order which authorizes any of the following:
 - the obtaining of credit or the incurring of indebtedness that is secured by a (a) security or collateral interest or other lien on all or any portion of the Collateral and/or entitled to priority administrative status which is equal or senior to those granted to the DIP Lender; or
 - (b) the enforcement of any claimed junior security, mortgage, or collateral interest or other junior lien of any person other than of the DIP Lender on all or any portion of the Collateral; or
 - the Debtor's return of goods constituting Collateral pursuant to section (c) 546(h) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 9. **Proceeds of Subsequent Financing.** Without limiting the provisions and protections of paragraph 7 above, if at any time prior to the repayment in full of all DIP Obligations and the termination of the DIP Lender's obligation to make loans and advances under the DIP Credit Facility, including subsequent to the confirmation of any plan with respect to any or all of the Debtor, the Debtor's estate, any trustee, any examiner with enlarged powers or any responsible officer subsequently appointed, shall obtain credit or incur debt pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 364(b),

364(c) or 364(d) in violation of the DIP Credit Agreement, then all of the cash proceeds derived from such credit or debt shall immediately be turned over to the DIP Lender in reduction of the DIP Obligations.

- 10. **Commitment Termination Date**. All (i) DIP Obligations of the Debtor to the DIP Lender shall be immediately due and payable, and (ii) authority to use the proceeds of the DIP Credit Agreement shall cease, both on the date (the "**Commitment Termination Date**") that is the earliest to occur of:
 - (a) May 15, 2010;
 - (b) the closing of the transactions contemplated by the APA;
 - (c) the date in which the Debtor repays the DIP Obligations in full and terminates the DIP Credit Facility;
 - (d) the date that is a "**Termination Declaration Date**" as defined herein; and
 - (e) the date the DIP Lender demands payment of the DIP Obligations, following an Event of Default, pursuant to Section 7.2 of the DIP Loan Agreement.
- 11. **Payment from Proceeds of Collateral**. Net proceeds of all Collateral (including, for the avoidance of doubt, proceeds from receivables and sales in the ordinary course of business, insurance proceeds, and proceeds of all dispositions of Collateral, whether or not in the ordinary course) will be applied to reduce the DIP Obligations, in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement.
- 12. **Disposition of Collateral**. The Debtor shall not sell, transfer, lease, encumber or otherwise dispose of any portion of the Collateral, or assume, reject or assign any Lease (as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement) without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender (and no such consent shall be implied, from any other action, inaction or acquiescence by the DIP Lender or an order of this

Court), except as otherwise provided for in the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order and as approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

- 13. **Events of Default.** The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an Event of Default under this Interim Order:
 - (a) Failure by the Debtor to comply with any term of this Interim Order.
 - (b) The occurrence of an "Event of Default" as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement.

14. Rights and Remedies Upon Event of Default.

- (a) Immediately upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, (i) the DIP Lender may declare all obligations owing under the DIP Credit Agreement to be immediately due and payable and may declare the termination, reduction or restriction of any further commitment to extend credit to the Debtor to the extent any such commitment remains (the declaration of any of the foregoing being herein referred to as a "Termination Declaration" and the date of such declaration being herein referred to as the "Termination Declaration Date"), (ii) the DIP Lender may declare a termination, reduction or restriction of the ability of the Debtor to use any proceeds of the DIP Credit Agreement, (iii) the DIP Lender may increase the rate of interest applicable to the Loans to the Default Rate under the DIP Credit Agreement.
- (b) In addition to the remedies described above and other customary remedies, upon DIP Lender's determination that an Event of Default has occurred, any automatic stay otherwise applicable to the DIP Lender is hereby modified so that the DIP Lender shall be authorized to set a hearing before the Bankruptcy Court upon three (3) days electronic notice to the Debtor, any official committee(s) appointed in the Case, any affected real property lessor, and the United States Trustee, for a determination that such Event of Default has occurred and relief from

such automatic stay to enable the DIP Lender to exercise rights and remedies under the [DIP Loan Agreement]. Upon such determination by the Bankruptcy Court, the automatic stay shall be deemed terminated without further notice or order, and the DIP Lender is and shall be entitled to foreclose on all or any portion of the DIP Collateral, collect accounts receivable and apply the proceeds thereof in accordance with the section 7.2 of the DIP Credit Agreement, and shall be permitted to occupy the Debtor's premises to complete inventories, fulfill orders and sell inventories, execute going out-of-business sales or otherwise exercise remedies against the DIP Collateral and as permitted by applicable non-bankruptcy law; provided, however, that to the extent that the DIP Lender occupies any premises of the Debtor, the DIP Lender shall be obligated to pay per diem rent and occupancy charges for the number of days that it actually occupies the given premises, in the amounts and categories required under the applicable lease; and provided further, that (A) the DIP Lender shall not occupy any premises of the Debtor past July 31, 2010, and (B) the DIP Lender shall be obligated to comply with the terms of the real property lease governing any such premises (other than any provision of such lease prohibiting the conduct of a liquidation or going out of business sale at such premises).

(c) If the DIP Lender exercises any of its rights and remedies upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the DIP Lender may sell or retain one or more agents to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the DIP Collateral in accordance with the provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement. In any exercise of its rights and remedies upon an Event of Default under the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Lender is authorized to proceed under or pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement.

- (d) All proceeds realized from any of the foregoing shall be turned over to the DIP Lender for indefeasible application in accordance with the provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order.
- (e) **Modification of Automatic Stay**. The automatic stay imposed under Bankruptcy Code section 362(a) is hereby modified pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement as necessary to (1) permit the Debtor to grant the DIP Liens and to incur all liabilities and obligations to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Credit Facility and this Interim Order, and (2) authorize the DIP Lender to retain and apply payments hereunder.
- otherwise affect (1) the DIP Lender's rights to seek any other or supplemental relief in respect of the Debtor, or (2) the DIP Lender's rights, as provided in the DIP Credit Agreement or the DIP Credit Facility, to suspend or terminate providing any form or type of financial accommodation to the Debtor, including, without limitation, in relation to any of the DIP Obligations, the DIP Credit Agreement, or the DIP Credit Facility, in accordance with the terms of and to the extent provided for in the DIP Credit Agreement.
- 15. **Proofs of Claim**. DIP Lender will not be required to file proofs of claim in any of the Case or Successor Case.
- 16. **Insurance Policies**. Upon entry of this Interim Order, on each insurance policy maintained by the Debtor which in any way relates to the Collateral: (i) the DIP Lender shall be, and shall be deemed to be, without any further action or notice, named as additional insured; and (ii) the DIP Lender shall be, and shall be deemed to be, without any further action or notice, named as loss payee. The Debtor is authorized and directed to take any actions necessary to have the DIP Lender, be

added as an additional insured and loss payee on each insurance policy maintained by the Debtor which in any way relates to the Collateral.

17. **Protection Under Section 364(e)**. If any or all of the provisions of this Interim Order are hereafter reversed, modified, vacated or stayed, such reversal, modification, vacation or stay shall not affect the (i) validity of any DIP Obligations incurred prior to the actual receipt by the DIP Lender of written notice of the effective date of such reversal, modification, vacation or stay, or (ii) validity or enforceability of any claim, lien, security interest or priority authorized or created hereby or pursuant to the DIP Documents with respect to any DIP Obligations. Notwithstanding any such reversal, modification, vacation or stay, any incurrence of DIP Obligations by the Debtor prior to the actual receipt by the DIP Lender of written notice of the effective date of such reversal, modification, vacation or stay, shall be governed in all respects by the provisions of this Interim Order, and the DIP Lender shall be entitled to all of the rights, remedies, protections and benefits granted under section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, this Interim Order, and the DIP Documents with respect to the incurrence of DIP Obligations.

18. Other Rights and Obligations.

Modification or Stay of this Interim Order. Based on the findings set forth in this Interim Order and in accordance with section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, which is applicable to the DIP Credit Facility contemplated by this Interim Order, in the event any or all of the provisions of this Interim Order are hereafter modified, amended or vacated by a subsequent order of this or any other Court, the DIP Lender is entitled to the protections provided in section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code and no such modification, amendment or vacation shall affect the validity and enforceability of any advances made hereunder or lien or priority authorized or created hereby. Notwithstanding any such

modification, amendment or vacation, any claim granted to the DIP Lender hereunder arising prior to the effective date of such modification, amendment or vacation of any DIP Protections granted to the DIP Lender shall be governed in all respects by the original provisions of this Interim Order, and the DIP Lender shall be entitled to all of the rights, remedies, privileges and benefits, including the DIP Protections granted herein, with respect to any such claim. Since the loans made pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement are made in reliance on this Interim Order, the obligations owed the DIP Lender prior to the effective date of any stay, modification or vacation of this Interim Order cannot, as a result of any subsequent order in the Case, or in any Successor Case, be subordinated, lose its lien priority or superpriority, administrative expense claim status, or be deprived of the benefit of the status of the liens and claims granted to the DIP Lender under this Interim Order and/or the DIP Credit Agreement.

- (b) Expenses. As provided in the DIP Credit Agreement, including, without limitation, reasonable, documented legal, accounting, collateral examination, monitoring and appraisal fees, financial advisory fees, fees and expenses of other consultants, indemnification and reimbursement of fees and expenses, and other out of pocket expenses of the DIP Lender in connection with the DIP Credit Facility will be paid by the Debtor, whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated. Payment of such fees shall not be subject to allowance by the Court. The DIP Lender shall provide to the U.S. Trustee and counsel to any committee(s) appointed in the Case, on a monthly basis, the total amount of professional fees incurred per calendar month in the Case. Under no circumstances shall professionals for the DIP Lender be required to comply with the U.S. Trustee fee guidelines.
- (c) <u>Binding Effect</u>. The provisions of this Interim Order shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the DIP Lender, the Debtor and its respective successors and assigns (including any trustee or other fiduciary hereinafter appointed as a legal representative of the Debtor

or with respect to the property of the estate of the Debtor) whether in the Case, in any Successor Case, or upon dismissal of any such chapter 11 or chapter 7 case.

- exercise its rights and remedies under the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Credit Facility or this Interim Order, as applicable, shall not constitute a waiver of any of the DIP Lender's rights hereunder, thereunder, or otherwise. Notwithstanding anything herein, the entry of this Interim Order is without prejudice to, and does not constitute a waiver of, expressly or implicitly, or otherwise impair the DIP Lender under the Bankruptcy Code or under non-bankruptcy law, including without limitation, the rights of the DIP Lender to (i) request conversion of any of the Case to a case under Chapter 7, dismissal of the Case, or the appointment of a trustee in the Case (but only in the event an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing), or (ii) propose, subject to the provisions of section 1121 of the Bankruptcy Code, a Chapter 11 plan or plans or (iii) any of the rights, claims or privileges (whether legal, equitable or otherwise) the DIP Lender.
- (e) <u>No Third Party Rights</u>. Except as explicitly provided for herein, this Interim Order does not create any rights for the benefit of any third party, creditor, equity holder or any direct, indirect, or incidental beneficiary.
- (f) <u>No Marshaling</u>. The DIP Lender shall not be subject to the equitable doctrine of "marshaling" or any other similar doctrine with respect to any of the Collateral,
- (g) <u>Section 552(b)</u>. The DIP Lender shall be entitled to all of the rights and benefits of section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and the "equities of the case" exception under section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code shall not apply to the DIP Lender with respect to proceeds, product, offspring or profits of any of the Collateral.

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- (h) <u>Amendment</u>. The Debtor and the DIP Lender may amend or waive any provision of the DIP Credit Agreement, provided that such amendment or waiver, in the judgment of the Debtor and the DIP Lender, is either non-prejudicial to the rights of third parties or is not material. Except as otherwise provided herein, no waiver, modification, or amendment of any of the provisions hereof shall be effective unless set forth in writing, signed by on behalf of all the Debtor and the DIP Lender (after having obtained the approval of the DIP Lender as provided in the DIP Credit Agreement) and approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- (i) **Survival of Interim Order.** The provisions of this Interim Order and any actions taken pursuant hereto shall survive entry of any order which may be entered (i) confirming any plan of reorganization in the Case, (ii) converting the Case to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (iii) dismissing the Case, and the terms and provisions of this Interim Order as well as the DIP Protections granted pursuant to this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding the entry of such order, and such DIP Protections shall maintain its priority as provided by this Interim Order until all the obligations of the Debtor to the DIP Lender pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement, and all the obligations of the Debtor to the Pre-Petition Lenders under the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement, are indefeasibly paid in full and discharged (such payment being without prejudice to any terms or provisions contained in the DIP Credit Facility which survive such discharge by its terms). The DIP Obligations shall not be discharged by the entry of an order confirming a Plan, the Debtor having waived such discharge pursuant to section 1141(d)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor shall not propose or support any Plan that not conditioned upon the payment in full in cash of all of the DIP Obligations, on or prior to the earlier to occur of (i) the effective date of such Plan and (ii) the Commitment Termination Date.

- 19. **Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law**. This Interim Order constitutes, where applicable, findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall take effect and be fully enforceable immediately upon the execution thereof.
- 20. **Discharge Waiver**. Absent the consent of the DIP Lender, the DIP Obligations evidenced by the DIP Documents, shall not be discharged by the entry of an order confirming any plan of reorganization, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1141(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless such obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash on or before the effective date of a confirmed plan of reorganization. The Debtor shall not propose or support any plan of reorganization or sale of all or substantially all of the Debtor's assets or entry of any confirmation order or sale order that is not conditioned upon the indefeasible payment in full, on or prior to the effective date of such plan of reorganization or sale, of all DIP Obligations unless the DIP Lender has otherwise consented in writing to such plan or sale.
- 21. **Controlling Effect of Interim Order**. To the extent any provision of this Interim Order conflicts with any provision of the Motion, any prepetition agreement or any DIP Documents, the provisions of this Interim Order shall control.
- 22. **Final Hearing**. The Final Hearing to consider entry of the Final Order and final approval of the DIP Credit Facility is scheduled for April 19, 2010 the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Washington, Tacoma, Washington. On or before April 9th2010, the Debtor shall serve, by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid, notice of the entry of this Interim Order and of the Final Hearing (the "**Final Hearing Notice**"), together with copies of this Interim Order, the proposed Final Order and the DIP Motion, on: (a) the parties having been given notice of the Interim Hearing; (b) any party which has filed prior to such date a request for notices with this Court; (c) counsel for any official committee(s), if any; (d) the Securities and Exchange Commission; (e) the

1	Approved as to Form; Notice of Presentation Waived:			
2	2.2000			
3	BUSH STROUT & KORNFELD	ROBERT D. MILLER, Jr. Acting United States Trustee		
4	By: /s/ Christine M. Tobin- Presser			
5	Christine M. Tobin-Presser, WSBA #27628 Gayle E. Bush, WSBA #07318	By: <u>/s/ Marjorie S. Raleigh</u> Marjorie S. Raleigh, WSBA #8544		
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7	EADLEICH WADA WITT			
8	FARLEIGH WADA WITT	BAROKAS MARTIN & TOMLINSON		
9	By <u>/s/ Tara Schleicher</u> Tara Schleicher, WSBA #26884	By/s/ John Tomlinson, Jr. John Tomlinson, Jr. WSBA # 14124		
10	Attorneys for Safeway	Attorneys for Inland Western Lakewood, LLC		
11	JAMES P. DAVIS, PLLC	RYAN SWANSON & CLEVELAND		
12		D //T' 1 W D		
13	By/s/ James P. Davis James P. Davis, WSBA #15258	By/s/ Timothy W. Dore Timothy W. Dore, WSBA #17131		
14	Attorneys for Capital Village Associates and Sylvan Associates	Attorneys for ABC-Pacific Corporation		
15	MILLER NASH LLP			
16	By/s/ John R. Knapp, Jr. John R. Knapp, Jr., WSBA #29343			
17	Attorneys for U.S. Bank			
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				

Exhibit A

DEBTOR IN POSSESSION CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

BY AND BETWEEN

LIQUIDATION OUTLET, INC.

AND

LOI CAPITAL, LLC

March ___, 2010

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DEBTOR IN POSSESSION CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

LIQUIDATION OUTLET, INC., a Washington corporation (the "<u>Borrower</u>"), and [LOI CAPITAL, LLC] a Delaware limited liability company (as more fully defined in <u>Article I</u> herein, the "<u>Lender</u>") hereby agree as follows:

RECITALS

WHEREAS, on March ___, 2010 (the "<u>Petition Date</u>"), the Borrower commenced a case under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Washington, and the Borrower has retained possession of its assets and is authorized under the Bankruptcy Code to continue the operation of its business as debtor-in-possession; and

WHEREAS, the Borrower is a party to that certain U.S. Bank Loan Agreement between the Borrower and U.S. Bank dated as of October 24, 2006 (the "<u>US Bank Loan Agreement</u>"), pursuant to the Borrower is indebted to US Bank for certain pre-petition loans in an amount equal to \$700,000 (including, without limitation, accrued but unpaid interest, fees and expenses, collectively, the "<u>US Bank Obligations</u>"); and

WHEREAS, the Borrower and the Lender are party to that certain Letter Agreement dated March 11, 2010 (the "<u>Pre-Petition Credit Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which the Lender has made and the Borrower is indebted to the Lender for certain prepetition loans, advances and other amounts thereunder (including, without limitation, accrued but unpaid interest, fees and expenses, collectively, the "<u>Pre-Petition Obligations</u>"); and

WHEREAS, Borrower is unable to obtain funds or credit on any other terms; and

WHEREAS, the Borrower has asked the Lender to make post-petition loans and advances to the Borrower consisting of a debtor-in-possession credit facility in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$2,000,000 at any time outstanding; and

WHEREAS, Lender is willing to provide such financing, subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, including that all of the Obligations hereunder and under the other Loan Documents constitute allowed superpriority administrative expense claims pursuant to Sections 364(c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code in the Chapter 11 Cases and are secured by a priming first priority lien on substantially all of Borrower's personal property, in each case as set forth herein and in the Financing Order;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

- Section 1.1 <u>Definitions</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings given them in this Section:
 - "Accounts" shall have the meaning given it under the UCC.
 - "Advance" means a Revolving Advance.
- "Affiliate" or "Affiliates" means any Person controlled by, controlling or under common control with the Borrower, including any Subsidiary of the Borrower. For purposes of this definition, "control," when used with respect to any specified Person, means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.
- "Agreement" means this Debtor in Possession Credit and Security Agreement, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time.
- "Asset Purchase Agreement" shall mean (i) the Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of even date herewith by and between the Borrower as seller, and the Lender, in its capacity as purchaser, providing for the sale or disposition pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code by Borrower of substantially all of the assets of Borrower, which agreement shall serve as a "stalking horse" bid by which Borrower may solicit higher and better offers for the purchase of such assets as more fully set forth in the Sale Motion, or (ii) an asset purchase agreement submitted by an alternative bidder in conformity with the bidding procedures included in the [Sale Motion][Bidding Procedures Motion], in each case containing terms and conditions acceptable to the Lender in its sole discretion and approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- "<u>Authorized Officer</u>" means, as to any Person, the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer or any officer designated in writing by an Authorized Officer of such Person.
- "<u>Bankruptcy Code</u>" means Title 11, United States Code, as amended from time to time, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Case.
- "<u>Bankruptcy Court</u>" means the United States Bankruptcy Court, District of Washington or any other court having competent jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case.
- "Bidding Procedures Motion" shall mean a motion filed in the Bankruptcy Case seeking approval by the Bankruptcy Court of bidding procedures relative to the proposed sale of substantially all of the Borrower's assets pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, which motion shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender.
- "Bidding Procedures Order" means a final order approved by the Bankruptcy Court and no longer subject to appeal or the possibility of appeal, approving the Bidding Procedures Motion, in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.
 - "Borrower" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble to this Agreement.

"Budget" means the projections showing all projected cash receipts and all projected cash disbursements (with detail as to sources of cash receipts and identification of cash disbursements) for the Borrower delivered to the Lender pursuant to Sections 5.6 and 6.1(c), covering the period commencing on the Closing Date and ending on May 15, 2010. The Budget shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit A annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

"Business Day" means a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is open for business.

"Cash Collateral Motion" shall mean a motion filed in the Bankruptcy Case seeking approval by the Bankruptcy Court of the use of cash collateral, which motion shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender.

"<u>Cash Collateral Oder</u>" means a final order approved by the Bankruptcy Court and no longer subject to appeal or the possibility of appeal, approving the Cash Collateral Motion, in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.

"Chapter 11 Case" means the Chapter 11 case commenced by the Borrower on the Petition Date in the Bankruptcy Court.

"Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

"Closing Date" means the date upon which the Financing Order has been entered and all conditions precedent to the making of the first Advance hereunder have been satisfied or waived.

"Collateral" means all of the Borrower's Accounts, chattel paper and electronic chattel paper, deposit accounts, documents, Equipment, General Intangibles, goods, instruments, Inventory, Investment Property, Leases, vehicles, rolling stock, leases of real property, letter-of-credit rights, letters of credit, all sums on deposit in any Collateral Account, and any items in any Lockbox; together with (i) all substitutions and replacements for and products of any of the foregoing; (ii) in the case of all goods, all accessions; (iii) all accessories, attachments, parts, equipment and repairs now or hereafter attached or affixed to or used in connection with any goods; (iv) all warehouse receipts, bills of lading and other documents of title now or hereafter covering such goods; (v) all collateral subject to the Lien of any Security Document; (vi) any money, or other assets of the Borrower that now or hereafter come into the possession, custody, or control of the Lender; (vii) proceeds of any and all of the foregoing; (viii) books and records of the Borrower, including all mail or electronic mail addressed to the Borrower; and (ix) all of the foregoing, whether now owned or existing or hereafter acquired or arising or in which the Borrower now has or hereafter acquires any rights; provided, however, that Collateral shall exclude Borrower's causes of action arising under Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code.

"Commitment" means the Lender's commitment to make Advances to the Borrower.

"Constituent Documents" means with respect to any Person, as applicable, such Person's certificate of incorporation, articles of incorporation, by-laws, certificate of formation, articles of organization, limited liability company agreement, management agreement, operating agreement, shareholder agreement, partnership agreement or similar document or agreement governing such

Person's existence, organization or management or concerning disposition of ownership interests of such Person or voting rights among such Person's owners.

"Control Agreement" means each deposit account control agreement or similar agreement executed by a financial institution in favor of Lender with respect to any deposit account, securities account or other account of Borrower, and pursuant to which Lender has "control" of such account, as contemplated by Section 9-104 of the UCC.

"Credit Facility" or "Credit Agreement" means the credit facility under which Advances may be made available to the Borrower by the Lender under Article II hereof.

"Cut-off Time" means 12:00 noon Eastern Time.

"<u>Default</u>" means an event that, with giving of notice or passage of time or both, would constitute an Event of Default.

"<u>Default Period</u>" means any period of time beginning on the day a Default or Event of Default occurs and ending on the date identified by the Lender in writing as the date that such Default or Event of Default has been cured or waived.

"<u>Default Rate</u>" means an annual interest rate in effect during a Default Period or following the Termination Date, which interest rate shall be equal to five percent (5%) over the applicable Interest Rate.

"<u>Director</u>" means a director if the Borrower is a corporation, a governor or manager if the Borrower is a limited liability company, or a general partner if the Borrower is a partnership.

"Effective Date" means the date upon which a plan of reorganization has become effective that provides for the termination of all of the Lender's commitments to make further loans or advances under this Agreement and payment in full, in cash, of all Obligations and the cash collateralization of all Letters of Credit issued hereunder, in a manner satisfactory to the Lender.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time.

"Environmental Law" means any federal, state, local or other governmental statute, regulation, law or ordinance dealing with the protection of human health and the environment.

"Equipment" shall have the meaning given it under the UCC.

"Event of Default" is defined in Section 7.1.

"<u>Financial Covenants</u>" means the covenants set forth in <u>Section 6.2</u>.

"<u>Financing Order</u>" means a final order of the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code, approving this Agreement, the other Loan Documents and authorizing on a final basis the incurrence by the Borrower of permanent post-petition secured and super priority indebtedness in accordance with this Agreement, and as to which no stay has been

entered and which has not been reversed, modified, vacated or overturned, in substantially the form of Exhibit F hereto and which is in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender.

"Funding Date" is defined in Section 2.1.

<u>"GAAP</u>" means generally accepted accounting principles, applied on a basis consistent with the accounting practices applied in the financial statements described in <u>Section 5.6</u>.

"General Intangibles" shall have the meaning given it under the UCC.

"<u>Hazardous Substances</u>" means pollutants, contaminants, hazardous substances, hazardous wastes, petroleum and fractions thereof, and all other chemicals, wastes, substances and materials listed in, regulated by or identified in any Environmental Law.

"Indemnified Liabilities" is defined in Section 8.6.

"Indemnitees" is defined in Section 8.6.

"<u>Infringement</u>" or "<u>Infringing</u>" when used with respect to Intellectual Property Rights means any infringement or other violation of Intellectual Property Rights.

"Intellectual Property Rights" means all actual or prospective rights arising in connection with any intellectual property or other proprietary rights, including all rights arising in connection with copyrights, patents, service marks, trade dress, trade secrets, trademarks, trade names or mask works.

"Interest Payment Date" is defined in Section 2.5(a).

"Interest Rate" means an annual interest rate equal to fifteen percent (15%).

"Inventory" shall have the meaning given it under the UCC.

"Investment Property" shall have the meaning given it under the UCC.

"Leases" shall have the meaning given it under the UCC.

"Lender" means LOI Capital, LLC.

"Licensed Intellectual Property" is defined in Section 5.11(c).

"<u>Lien</u>" means any security interest, mortgage, deed of trust, pledge, lien, charge, encumbrance, title retention agreement or analogous instrument or device, including the interest of each lessor under any capitalized lease and the interest of any bondsman under any payment or performance bond, in, of or on any assets or properties of a Person, whether now owned or subsequently acquired and whether arising by agreement or operation of law.

"<u>Loan Documents</u>" means this Agreement, the Revolving Note, and the Security Documents, together with every other agreement, note, document, contract or instrument to which the Borrower now or in the future may be a party and which is required by the Lender.

"Maturity Date" means the earlier of (i) May 15, 2010, or (ii) the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement.

"Material Adverse Effect" is defined in Section 5.13.

"Maximum Line Amount" means \$2,000,000, unless such amount is reduced pursuant to Section 2.7, in which event it means such lower amount.

"Net Cash Proceeds" means in connection with any asset sale, the cash proceeds (including any cash payments received by way of deferred payment whether pursuant to a note, installment receivable or otherwise, but only as and when actually received) from such asset sale.

"Obligations" means each and every other debt, liability and obligation of every type and description which the Borrower may now or at any time hereafter owe to the Lender or its Affiliates or Subsidiaries, including without limitation, all Advances, indebtedness and other obligations hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, whether such debt, liability or obligation now exists or is hereafter created or incurred, whether it arises in a transaction involving the Lender alone or in a transaction involving other creditors of the Borrower, and whether it is direct or indirect, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, primary or secondary, liquidated or unliquidated, or sole, joint, several or joint and several, and including all ndebtedness of the Borrower arising hereunder and under any Loan Document between the Borrower and the Lender, whether now in effect or subsequently entered into.

"Off-the-Shelf Software" is defined in Section 5.11(b).

"Officer" means with respect to the Borrower, an officer if the Borrower is a corporation, a manager if the Borrower is a limited liability company, or a partner if the Borrower is a partnership.

"OFAC" is defined in Section 6.12(c).

"Operating Account" means the Borrower's bank accounts with banks identified on Schedule 1.1 attached hereto, which account shall at all times be subject to a Control Agreement in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.

"Owned Intellectual Property" is defined in Section 5.11(a).

"Owner" means with respect to the Borrower each Person having legal or beneficial title to an ownership interest in the Borrower or a right to acquire such an interest.

"<u>Permanent Facility</u>" means the revolving loan facility made available to the Borrower under this Agreement, as approved by the Financing Order.

"Permitted Lien" and "Permitted Liens" are defined in Section 6.3(a).

"<u>Person</u>" means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

"<u>Petition Date</u>" has the meaning set forth in the recitals of this Agreement.

"<u>Premises</u>" means all locations where Borrower conducts its business or has any rights of possession, including the locations legally described in <u>Exhibit D</u> attached hereto.

"<u>Pre-Petition Advance Documents</u>" means the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement and each of the "Loan Documents" as defined therein.

"Pre-Petition Credit Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals of this Agreement.

"Pre-Petition Obligations" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"<u>Pre-Petition Security Agreement</u>" means the Security Agreement defined in, and executed in connection with, the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement.

"Revolving Advances" is defined in Section 2.1.

"Revolving Note" means the Borrower's revolving promissory note, payable to the order of the Lender in substantially the form of Exhibit B hereto, as same may be renewed and amended from time to time, and all replacements thereto.

"Sale Motion" shall mean a motion filed in the Bankruptcy Case seeking approval by the Bankruptcy Court of the sale of substantially all of the Borrower's assets in accordance with and pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, which motion shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender.

"Sale Order" means a final order approved by the Bankruptcy Court and no longer subject to appeal or the possibility of appeal, approving the Substantial Asset Disposition in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.

"<u>Security Documents</u>" means the Pre-Petition Security Agreement, this Agreement, and any other document delivered to the Lender from time to time to secure Pre-Petition Obligations and Post-Petition Obligations.

"Security Interest" is defined in Section 3.1.

"Subsidiary" means any Person of which more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding ownership interests having general voting power under ordinary circumstances to elect a majority of the board of directors or the equivalent of such Person, regardless of whether or not at the time ownership interests of any other class or classes shall have or might have voting power by reason of the happening of any contingency, is at the time directly or indirectly owned by a Borrower, by a Borrower and one or more other Subsidiaries, or by one or more other Subsidiaries.

"Substantial Asset Disposition" shall mean the sale or disposition pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, by Borrower of all, substantially all, or a significant portion of the assets of Borrower (other than sales or other dispositions of Inventory in the ordinary course of Borrower's business) pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Asset Purchase Agreement.

"Substantial Asset Disposition Schedule" shall mean the following schedule of events by which the Substantial Asset Disposition is to occur and be accomplished on or prior to the applicable date:

- i. March 25, 2010, the Bidding Procedures Motion shall have been filed with the Bankruptcy Court;
- ii. March 25, 2010, the Sale Motion shall have been filed with the Bankruptcy Court;
- iii. April 8, 2010, the Bidding Procedures Motion shall have been approved by the Bankruptcy Court;
- iv. April 23, 2010 Borrower shall have completed the auction relative to the Substantial Asset Disposition;
- v. April 26, 2010, the Substantial Asset Disposition Motion shall have been approved by the Bankruptcy Court; and
- vi. April 28, 2010, the Substantial Asset Disposition shall be consummated pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement.

"<u>Termination Date</u>" means the earliest of (i) the Maturity Date, (ii) the date the Borrower repays the Obligations in full and terminates the Credit Facility, or (iii) the date the Lender demands payment of the Obligations, following an Event of Default, pursuant to <u>Section 7.2</u>.

"<u>UCC</u>" means the Uniform Commercial Code in effect in the state designated in this Agreement as the state whose laws shall govern this Agreement, or in any other state whose laws are held to govern this Agreement or any portion of this Agreement.

"US Bank Loan Agreement" is defined in the Recitals hereto.

"<u>US Bank Obligations</u>" is defined in the Recitals hereto.

Section 1.2 Other Definitional Terms; Rules of Interpretation. The words "hereof", "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import when used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All accounting terms not otherwise defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in accordance with GAAP. All terms defined in the UCC and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the UCC. References to Articles, Sections, subsections, Exhibits, Schedules and the like, are to Articles, Sections and subsections of, or Exhibits or Schedules attached to, this Agreement unless otherwise expressly provided. The words "include", "includes" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase "without limitation". Unless the context in which used herein otherwise clearly requires, "or" has the inclusive meaning represented by the phrase "and/or". Defined terms include in the singular number the plural and in the plural number the singular. Reference to any agreement (including the Loan Documents), document or instrument means such agreement, document or instrument as amended or modified and in effect from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof (and, if applicable, in

accordance with the terms hereof and the other Loan Documents), except where otherwise explicitly provided, and reference to any promissory note includes any promissory note which is an extension or renewal thereof or a substitute or replacement therefor. Reference to any law, rule, regulation, order, decree, requirement, policy, guideline, directive or interpretation means as amended, modified, codified, replaced or reenacted, in whole or in part, and in effect on the determination date, including rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

ARTICLE II

AMOUNT AND TERMS OF THE CREDIT FACILITY

Section 2.1 Revolving Advances. The Lender agrees, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Financing Order, to make advances ("Revolving Advances") to the Borrower from time to time from the date that all of the conditions set forth in Section 4.1 are satisfied (the "Funding Date") to and until (but not including) the Termination Date in an amount not in excess of the Maximum Line Amount. The Lender shall have no obligation to make a Revolving Advance to the extent that after giving effect to the requested Advance the outstanding principal balance of the Credit Facility exceeds (i) the amount set forth in the Budget for the date on which such Advance is to be made, or (ii) the Maximum Line Amount. The Borrower's obligation to pay the Revolving Advances shall be evidenced by the Revolving Note and shall be secured by the Collateral. Within the limits set forth in this Section 2.1, the Borrower may borrow, prepay pursuant to Section 2.7, and reborrow.

Section 2.2 <u>Procedures for Requesting Advances</u>. The Borrower shall comply with the following procedures in requesting Revolving Advances:

- (a) <u>Time for Requests</u>. The Borrower shall request each Advance so that it is received by Lender not later than the Cut-off Time two Business Days prior to the day on which the Advance is to be made. Each request that conforms to the terms of this Agreement shall be effective upon receipt by the Lender, shall be in writing or by telephone or telecopy transmission, and shall be confirmed in writing by the Borrower if so requested by the Lender, by an Officer of the Borrower. The Borrower shall repay all Advances even if the Lender does not receive such confirmation and even if the Person requesting an Advance was not in fact authorized to do so. Any request for an Advance, whether written or telephonic, shall be deemed to be a representation by the Borrower that the conditions set forth in <u>Section 4.2</u> have been satisfied as of the time of the request. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the Borrower shall not be entitled to request more than one (1) Advance per calendar week, unless the Lender shall otherwise agree.
- (b) <u>Disbursement</u>. Upon fulfillment of the applicable conditions set forth in <u>Article IV</u>, the Lender shall disburse the proceeds of the requested Advance by wire transfer to the Borrower's Operating Account unless the Lender and the Borrower shall agree to another manner of disbursement. The Lender with notice to Borrower may also initiate an Advance and disburse the proceeds to any third Person in such amounts as the Lender, in its commercially reasonable discretion, deems necessary to protect its interest in any Collateral.

Section 2.3 <u>Interest; Default Interest Rate; Application of Payments; Usury.</u>

- (a) <u>Interest</u>. Except as provided in <u>Section 2.5(b)</u>, the principal amount of each Advance shall bear interest at the Interest Rate.
- (b) <u>Default Interest Rate</u>. At any time during any Default Period or following the Termination Date, in the Lender's sole discretion and without waiving any of its other rights or remedies, the Obligations shall bear interest at the Default Rate or such lesser rate as the Lender may determine, effective as of the day any such Default Period begins through the last day of such Default Period, or any shorter time period that the Lender may determine. The decision of the Lender to impose a rate that is less than the Default Rate or to not impose the Default Rate for the entire duration of the Default Period shall be made by the Lender in its sole discretion and shall not be a waiver of any of its other rights and remedies, including its right to retroactively impose the full Default Rate for the entirety of any such Default Period or following the Termination Date.
- (c) <u>Application of Payments</u>. Payments shall be applied to the Obligations on the Business Day of receipt by the Lender, but the amount of principal paid shall continue to accrue interest at the interest rate applicable under the terms of this Agreement from the calendar day the Lender receives the payment, and continuing through the end of the first Business Day following receipt of the payment. Lender shall apply payments in satisfaction of Obligations in the order set forth in <u>Section 8.18</u>.
- Occument, all agreements which either now are or which shall become agreements between the Borrower and the Lender are hereby limited so that in no contingency or event whatsoever shall the total liability for payments in the nature of interest, additional interest and other charges exceed the applicable limits imposed by any applicable usury laws. If any payments in the nature of interest, additional interest and other charges made under any Loan Document are held to be in excess of the limits imposed by any applicable usury laws, it is agreed that any such amount held to be in excess shall be considered payment of principal hereunder, and the indebtedness evidenced hereby shall be reduced by such amount so that the total liability for payments in the nature of interest, additional interest and other charges shall not exceed the applicable limits imposed by any applicable usury laws, in compliance with the desires of the Borrower and the Lender. This provision shall never be superseded or waived and shall control every other provision of the Loan Documents and all agreements between the Borrower and the Lender, or their successors and assigns.

Section 2.4 Fees.

- (a) <u>Origination Fee</u>. The Borrower shall pay the Lender a fully earned and non-refundable origination fee in an amount equal to 2.0% of the Maximum Line Amount \$40,000, which origination fee earned in full on the date hereof and shall be included in the principal amounts owing hereunder and paid in full in cash by the Borrower on the Termination Date.
- (b) <u>Monitoring Fees</u>. Borrower shall pay to Lender a weekly collateral monitoring fee in the amount \$2,500 per week, payable on the first Business Day of each week, commencing on the date of entry of the Financing Order to and including the Termination Date, to compensate Lender in respect of costs and expenses incurred in monitoring and administering the Collateral, and Borrower's business and operations.

(c) Other Fees and Charges. The Lender may from time to time impose additional fees and charges as consideration for Advances made in excess of the amount set forth in the Budget on such date or for other events that constitute an Event of Default or a Default hereunder, including fees and charges for the late delivery of reports, which may be assessed in the Lender's sole discretion on either an hourly, periodic, or flat fee basis, and in lieu of or in addition to imposing interest at the Default Rate.

Section 2.5 <u>Time for Interest Payments; Payment on Non-Business Days;</u> Computation of Interest and Fees.

- (a) <u>Time For Interest Payments</u>. Accrued and unpaid interest shall be due and payable on the first day of each month and on the Termination Date (each an "<u>Interest Payment Date</u>"), or if any such day is not a Business Day, on the next succeeding Business Day. Interest will accrue from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or, if no interest has been paid, from the date of advance to the Interest Payment Date. If an Interest Payment Date is not a Business Day, payment shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day.
- (b) <u>Payment on Non-Business Days</u>. Whenever any payment to be made hereunder shall be stated to be due on a day which is not a Business Day, such payment may be made on the next succeeding Business Day, and such extension of time shall in such case be included in the computation of interest on the Advances or the fees hereunder, as the case may be.
- (c) <u>Computation of Interest and Fees</u>. Interest accruing on the outstanding principal balance of the Advances and fees hereunder outstanding from time to time shall be computed on the basis of actual number of days elapsed in a year of 360 days.
- Section 2.6 <u>Voluntary Prepayment; Reduction of the Maximum Line Amount Termination of the Credit Facility by the Borrower.</u> Except as otherwise provided herein, the Borrower may prepay the Advances in whole at any time or from time to time in part. The Borrower may terminate the Credit Facility or reduce the Maximum Line Amount at any time upon at least ten (10) days advance written notice prior to the proposed Termination Date. Any reduction in the Maximum Line Amount shall be in multiples of \$100,000, and with a minimum reduction of at least \$100,000. If the Borrower terminates the Credit Facility or reduces the Maximum Line Amount to zero, all Obligations shall be immediately due and payable, and if the Borrower gives the Lender less than the required ten (10) days advance written notice, then the interest rate applicable to borrowings evidenced by the Revolving Note shall be the Default Rate for the period of time commencing ten (10) days prior to the proposed Termination Date through the date that the Lender actually receives such written notice.
- Section 2.7 <u>Mandatory Prepayment</u>. If on any date the outstanding principal balance of the Credit Facility exceeds the amount forecasted for such date in the Budget, without notice or demand, unless the Lender shall otherwise consent in a written agreement that sets forth the terms and conditions which the Lender in its discretion may deem appropriate, then the Borrower shall immediately prepay the Revolving Advances to the extent necessary to eliminate such excess. Any voluntary or mandatory prepayment received by the Lender may be applied to the Obligations, in such order and in such amounts as the Lender in its sole discretion may determine from time to time.

- Section 2.8 <u>Use of Proceeds</u>. The Borrower shall use the proceeds of Advances for (i) payment in full of the US Bank Obligations, (ii) payment in full of the Pre-Petition Obligations, and (iii) funding post-petition operations strictly in accordance with the Budget. No proceeds of any Advance may be utilized by the Borrower to finance in any way any professional fees, disbursements, costs or expenses incurred in connection with asserting, investigating, or preparing, any claims or causes of action against the Lender, or its counsel or advisors (including advisors to their counsel), arising from or relating to the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement or this Agreement, and/or investigating, challenging or raising any defenses to the obligations or liens under the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement or this Agreement. Notwithstanding the forgoing, any official committee(s) appointed in the Chapter 11 Case shall have the ability to investigate such matters subject to the terms of the Financing Order.
- Section 2.9 <u>Liability Records</u>. The Lender may maintain from time to time, at its discretion, records as to the Obligations. All entries made on any such record shall be presumed correct until the Borrower establishes the contrary. Upon the Lender's demand, the Borrower will admit and certify in writing the exact principal balance of the Obligations that the Borrower then asserts to be outstanding. Any billing statement or accounting rendered by the Lender shall be conclusive and fully binding on the Borrower unless the Borrower gives the Lender specific written notice of exception within 30 days after receipt.
- Section 2.10 <u>Single Loan</u>. All Advances to Borrower and all of the other Obligations of Borrower arising under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall constitute one general obligation of Borrower secured by all of the Collateral.
- Section 2.11 <u>Grants, Rights and Remedies.</u> The Liens, security interests and the administrative priority granted pursuant to <u>Article III</u> may be independently granted by the Loan Documents and by other Loan Documents hereafter entered into. This Agreement, the Financing Order and such other Loan Documents supplement each other, and the grants, priorities, rights and remedies of the Lender hereunder and thereunder are cumulative.
- Section 2.12 <u>Perfection</u>. The Liens and security interests securing the Obligations, as granted in <u>Article III</u>, shall be deemed valid and perfected by entry of the Financing Order. The Lender shall not be required to file any financing statements, mortgages, notices of Lien or similar instruments in any jurisdiction or filing office or to take any other action in order to validate or perfect the Lien and security interest granted by or pursuant to this Agreement, the Financing Order or any other Loan Document shall be deemed perfected without Lender taking any action whatsoever. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Borrower agrees, promptly upon request by Lender to take all actions reasonably requested by Lender to perfect a first priority Lien in all or any portion of the Collateral.
- Section 2.13 Waiver of any Priming Rights and Violative Use of Cash Collateral. As of the Closing Date, on behalf of itself and its estates, and for so long as any Obligation shall be outstanding, the Borrower hereby irrevocably waives any right pursuant to Sections 364(c) or 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise to grant any Lien of equal or greater priority than the Lien securing the Obligations, or to approve a claim of equal or greater priority than the Obligations except as expressly set forth in this Agreement or the Financing Order, or otherwise agreed to by the Lender.

Section 2.14 <u>Waiver of Claims to Surcharge</u>. In accordance with the Financing Order, Borrower, its Subsidiaries and Affiliates and the Borrower's bankruptcy estate hereby waives and shall cause each of their respective Subsidiaries to waive, any claims to surcharge the Collateral under section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, excluding, however, any such claims for matters provided for in the Budget and incurred prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and termination of the Credit Facility but not paid by the Borrower (subject to Lender's rights to object to any such claims).

SECURITY INTEREST; OCCUPANCY; SETOFF

Section 3.1 <u>Grant of Security Interest</u>. The Borrower hereby pledges, assigns and grants to the Lender a continuing and priming first priority lien and security interest (subject only to liens permitted under <u>Section 6.3(a)</u> of this Agreement), in accordance with sections 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code (collectively referred to as the "<u>Security Interest</u>") in the Collateral, as security for the payment and performance of all Obligations arising hereunder. Upon request by the Lender, the Borrower will grant the Lender a priming first priority security interest in all commercial tort claims that the Borrower may have against any Person.

Section 3.2 <u>Lien Perfection; Further Assurances</u>. The Financing Order shall sufficient and conclusive evidence of the validity, perfection and priorities of the Lender's Liens upon the Collateral, without the necessity of filing or recording any financing statement, assignment, mortgage or other instrument or document which may otherwise be required under the law of any jurisdiction or the taking of any other action to validate or perfect the liens of the Lender in and to the Collateral or to entitle the Lender to the priorities granted herein, provided, however, the Borrower may execute such instruments, assignments, mortgages or documents as are necessary to perfect Lender's Liens upon any of the Collateral and shall take such other action as may be required to perfect or to continue the perfection of Lender's Liens upon the Collateral. The Borrower hereby irrevocably authorizes the Lender at any time and from time to time to file in any UCC jurisdiction any initial financing statements and amendments thereto that (a) indicate the Collateral (i) as all assets of the Borrower or words of similar effect, regardless of whether any particular asset comprised in the Collateral falls within the scope of Article 9 of the UCC of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or such jurisdiction, or (ii) as being of an equal or lesser scope or with greater detail, and (b) contain any other information required by part 5 of Article 9 of the UCC of the State of Borrower's location for the sufficiency or filing office acceptance of any financing statement or amendment, including (i) whether the Borrower is an organization, the type of organization and any organization identification number issued to the Borrower, and, (ii) in the case of a financing statement filed as a fixture filing or indicating Collateral as as-extracted collateral or timber to be cut, a sufficient description of real property to which the Collateral relates. The Borrower agrees to furnish any such information to the Lender promptly upon request. The Borrower also ratifies its authorization for the Lender to have filed in any UCC jurisdiction any initial financing statements or amendments thereto if filed prior to the date hereof. No such filing or recordation shall be necessary or required in order to create or perfect any such Lien. The parties agree that a carbon, photographic or other reproduction of this Agreement shall be sufficient as a financing statement and may be filed in any appropriate office in lieu thereof. At Lender's request, Borrower shall also promptly execute or cause to be executed and shall deliver to Lender any and all documents, instruments and agreements deemed necessary by Lender to give effect to or carry out the terms or intent of the Loan Documents.

For purposes of any such financing statements, the Borrower represents and warrants that the following information is true and correct:

Name and address of Borrower:

Liquidation Outlet, Inc. 1025 Valley Avenue Puyallup, Washington 98371 Attn: Mr. Gary Woodring Federal Employer Identification No. 91-1566019 UBI No. 601393504

Name and address of Secured Party:

LOI Capital, LLC c/o Hudson Capital Partners, LLC One Gateway Center, Suite 402 Newton, Massachusetts 02452

Section 3.3 Superpriority Administrative Expense Claim. The Obligations of the Borrower arising hereunder after the Closing Date shall constitute, in accordance with Sections 364(c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, a superpriority administrative claim having priority over any and all administrative expenses of and unsecured claims against the Borrower now existing or hereafter arising, of any kind or nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, all administrative expenses of the kind specified in, or arising or ordered under, Sections 105, 326, 327, 328, 330, 503(b), 506(c), 507(a), 507(b), 546(c), 726 and 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code. Lender shall have a superpriority administrative expense claim against the Borrower's estate pursuant to Sections 364(c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code for the Obligations and all related costs and expenses, which shall be prior, senior and superior to any other claim, including any other superpriority administrative expense claim of any kind or nature, except as provided herein and/or in the Financing Order. The Obligations of the Borrower hereunder are claims to be afforded priority over administrative expenses pursuant to Sections 364(c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, as provided herein and/or in the Financing Order and secured by liens pursuant to Section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code as provided herein.

Section 3.4 Notification of Account Debtors and Other Obligors. The Lender may at any time (whether or not a Default Period then exists) notify any account debtor or other Person obligated to pay the amount due that such right to payment has been assigned or transferred to the Lender for security and shall be paid directly to the Lender. The Borrower will join in giving such notice if the Lender so requests. At any time after the Borrower or the Lender gives such notice to an account debtor or other obligor, the Lender may, but need not, in the Lender's name or in the Borrower's name, demand, sue for, collect or receive any money or property at any time payable or receivable on account of, or securing, any such right to payment, or grant any extension to, make any compromise or settlement with or otherwise agree to waive, modify, amend or change the obligations (including collateral obligations) of any such account debtor or other obligor. The Lender may, in the Lender's name or in the Borrower's name, as the Borrower's agent and attorney-in-fact, notify the United States Postal Service to change the

address for delivery of the Borrower's mail to any address designated by the Lender, otherwise intercept the Borrower's mail, and receive, open and dispose of the Borrower's mail, applying all Collateral as permitted under this Agreement and holding all other mail for the Borrower's account or forwarding such mail to the Borrower's last known address.

Section 3.5 Assignment of Insurance. As additional security for the payment and performance of the Obligations, the Borrower hereby assigns to the Lender any and all monies (including proceeds of insurance and refunds of unearned premiums) due or to become due under, and all other rights of the Borrower with respect to, any and all policies of insurance now or at any time hereafter covering the Collateral or any evidence thereof or any business records or valuable papers pertaining thereto, and the Borrower hereby directs the issuer of any such policy to pay all such monies directly to the Lender. At any time, whether or not a Default Period then exists, the Lender may (but need not), in the Lender's name or in the Borrower's name, execute and deliver proof of claim, receive all such monies, endorse checks and other instruments representing payment of such monies, and adjust, litigate, compromise or release any claim against the issuer of any such policy. Any monies received as payment for any loss under any insurance policy mentioned above (other than liability insurance policies) or as payment of any award or compensation for condemnation or taking by eminent domain, shall be paid over to the Lender to be applied, at the option of the Lender, either to the prepayment of the Obligations or shall be disbursed to the Borrower under staged payment terms reasonably satisfactory to the Lender for application to the cost of repairs, replacements, or restorations. Any such repairs, replacements, or restorations shall be effected with reasonable promptness and shall be of a value at least equal to the value of the items or property destroyed prior to such damage or destruction.

Section 3.6 Occupancy.

- (a) The Borrower hereby irrevocably grants to the Lender the right to take exclusive possession of the Premises at any time during a Default Period upon three (3) days prior written notice to Borrower.
- (b) During any such period of occupancy, the Lender may use the Premises only to hold, process, manufacture, sell, use, store, liquidate, realize upon or otherwise dispose of goods that are Collateral and for other purposes that the Lender may in good faith deem to be related or incidental purposes.
- (c) The Lender's right to hold the Premises shall cease and terminate upon the earlier of (i) payment in full and discharge of all Obligations and termination of the Credit Facility, and (ii) final sale or disposition of all goods constituting Collateral and delivery of all such goods to purchasers.
- (d) The Lender shall not be obligated to pay or account for any rent or other compensation for the possession, occupancy or use of any of the Premises; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that if the Lender does pay or account for any rent or other compensation for the possession, occupancy or use of any of the Premises, the Borrower shall reimburse the Lender promptly for the full amount thereof. In addition, the Borrower will pay, or reimburse the Lender for, all taxes, fees, duties, imposts, charges and expenses at any time incurred by or imposed upon the Lender by reason of the execution, delivery, existence, recordation, performance or enforcement of this Agreement or the provisions of this <u>Section 3.6</u>.

- Section 3.7 <u>License</u>. Without limiting the generality of any other Security Document, the Borrower hereby grants to the Lender a non-exclusive, worldwide and royalty-free license to use or otherwise exploit all Intellectual Property Rights of the Borrower for the purpose of: (a) completing the manufacture of any in-process materials during any Default Period so that such materials become saleable Inventory, all in accordance with the same quality standards previously adopted by the Borrower for its own manufacturing and subject to the Borrower's reasonable exercise of quality control; and (b) selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of any or all Collateral during any Default Period.
- Section 3.8 Setoff. The Lender may at any time or from time to time, at its sole discretion and without demand and without notice to anyone, setoff any liability owed to the Borrower by the Lender, whether or not due, against any Obligation, whether or not due. In addition, each other Person holding a participating interest in any Obligations shall have the right to appropriate or setoff any deposit or other liability then owed by such Person to the Borrower, whether or not due, and apply the same to the payment of said participating interest, as fully as if such Person had lent directly to the Borrower the amount of such participating interest.
- Section 3.9 <u>Collateral</u>. This Agreement does not contemplate a sale of accounts, contract rights or chattel paper, and, as provided by law, the Borrower is entitled to any surplus and shall remain liable for any deficiency. The Lender's duty of care with respect to Collateral in its possession (as imposed by law) shall be deemed fulfilled if it exercises reasonable care in physically keeping such Collateral, or in the case of Collateral in the custody or possession of a bailee or other third Person, exercises reasonable care in the selection of the bailee or other third Person, and the Lender need not otherwise preserve, protect, insure or care for any Collateral. The Lender shall not be obligated to preserve any rights the Borrower may have against prior parties, to realize on the Collateral at all or in any particular manner or order or to apply any cash proceeds of the Collateral in any particular order of application. The Lender has no obligation to clean-up or otherwise prepare the Collateral for sale. The Borrower waives any right it may have to require the Lender to pursue any third Person for any of the Obligations.
- Section 3.10 <u>Survival</u>. The Liens, lien priority, administrative priorities and other rights and remedies granted to the Lender pursuant to this Agreement, the Financing Order and the other Loan Documents (specifically including, but not limited to, the existence, perfection and priority of the Liens and security interests provided herein and therein, and the administrative priority provided herein and therein) shall not be modified, altered or impaired in any manner by any other financing or extension of credit or incurrence of indebtedness by the Borrower (pursuant to Section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise), or by any dismissal or conversion of the Chapter 11 Case, or by any other act or omission whatsoever. Without limitation, notwithstanding any such order, financing, extension, incurrence, dismissal, conversion, act or omission:
- (a) No costs or expenses of administration which have been or may be incurred in the Chapter 11 Case or any conversion of the same or in any other proceedings related thereto, and no priority claims, are or will be prior to or on a parity with any claim of the Lender against the Borrower in respect of any Obligation;
- (b) The Liens in favor of the Lender set forth in <u>Section 3.1</u> hereof shall constitute valid and perfected priming first priority Liens and security interests, subject only to

Permitted Liens, and shall be prior to all other Liens and security interests, now existing or hereafter arising, in favor of any other creditor or any other Person whatsoever; and

(c) the Liens in favor of the Lender set forth herein and in the other Loan Documents shall continue to be valid and perfected without the necessity that the Lender file or record financing statements, mortgages or otherwise perfect its Lien under applicable non-bankruptcy law.

ARTICLE IV

CONDITIONS OF LENDING

Section 4.1 <u>Conditions Precedent to the Initial Advances</u>. The Lender's obligation to make the initial Advance shall be subject to the condition precedent that the Lender shall have received all of the following, each properly executed by the appropriate party and in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender:

- (a) This Agreement;
- (b) The Revolving Note;
- (c) The Financing Order shall have been entered by the Bankruptcy Court not later than April 19, 2010, and the Lender shall have received a certified copy of such order, and such order shall be in full force and effect and shall not have been reversed, modified, amended, subject to a pending appeal, stayed or vacated absent the prior written consent of the Lender and the Borrower;
- (d) Certified copies of all documents evidencing any necessary corporate (or other similar) action, consents and governmental approvals (if any) required for the execution, delivery and performance by Borrower of the documents referred to in this Section 4.1(d);
- (e) A certificate of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of Borrower as of the date hereof certifying the names of the officer or officers of such entity authorized to sign the Loan Documents to which such entity is a party, together with a sample of the true signature of each such officer (it being understood that Lender may conclusively rely on each such certificate until formally advised by a like certificate of any changes therein);
- (f) Certificates of the insurance required hereunder, with all hazard insurance containing a lender's loss payable endorsement in the Lender's favor and with all liability insurance naming the Lender as an additional insured;
- (g) Payment of all fees due under the terms of this Agreement through the date of the initial Advance, and payment of all expenses incurred by the Lender through such date and that are required to be paid by the Borrower under this Agreement, including all legal expenses incurred by Lender through the date of this Agreement;
- (h) A Customer Identification Information form and such other forms and verification as the Lender may need to comply with the U.S.A. Patriot Act;

- (i) On or before the Closing Date, Lender shall have received the Budget, in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender. The Budget will be in the form of the 4-week Budget dated March 23, 2010, and annexed hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>, with such modifications (if any) as are agreed to by the Borrower and Lender;
- (j) The Borrower shall have entered into the Asset Purchase Agreement and filed the Sale Motion with the Bankruptcy Court seeking entry of the Sale Order;
- (k) The Borrower shall have confirmed the Sale Order has not been entered by the Bankruptcy Court;
- (l) Concurrently with the making of the initial Advance, the Pre-Petition Obligations owing to Lender shall have been paid in full, and pursuant to the Financing Order Borrower shall have released in favor of the Lender any and all claims and defenses that may be asserted by the Borrower relative to the Pre-Petition Obligations; provided, however, that the official creditors' committee appointed in the Bankruptcy Case will have the ability to investigate such matters and the foregoing releases and acknowledgements shall be binding on the estates if the creditors' committee does not initiate an adversary proceeding within sixty (60) days after its appointment;
- (m) Concurrently with the making of the initial Advance, the US Bank Obligations shall have been paid in full and security interest granted pursuant to the terms of the US Bank Loan Agreement shall be terminated and/or released; and
- (n) Such other documents as the Lender in its sole discretion may require in its reasonable discretion.
- Section 4.2 <u>Conditions Precedent to All Advances</u>. The Lender's obligation to make each Advance shall be subject to the further conditions precedent that:
- (a) the representations and warranties contained in <u>Article V</u> are correct on and as of the date of such Advance as though made on and as of such date, except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date;
- (b) no event has occurred and is continuing, or would result from such Advance which constitutes a Default or an Event of Default:
- (c) before and after giving effect to any such requested Advance, the aggregate outstanding balance of the Advances shall not exceed the amount set forth in the Budget for the date on which such Advance is to be made:
- (d) the making of such Loan shall not contravene any law, rule or regulation applicable to the Lender;
- (e) the Lender shall have received such other agreements, instruments, approvals, and other documents, each in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender, as the Lender may reasonably request;
- (f) On the date of any such Advance, the Financing Order shall have been signed by the Bankruptcy Court, and the Lender shall have received a certified copy of the same and such

order shall be in full force and effect and shall not have been reversed, stayed, modified or amended absent the consent of the Lender; and

(g) On the date of any Advance, Borrower shall have timely met all deadlines set forth in the Substantial Asset Disposition Schedule, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by Lender in its sole discretion.

ARTICLE V

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

The Borrower represents and warrants to the Lender as follows:

Section 5.1 Existence and Power; Name; Chief Executive Office; Inventory and Equipment Locations; Federal Employer Identification Number and Organizational Identification Number. The Borrower is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Washington and is duly licensed or qualified to transact business in all jurisdictions where the character of the property owned or leased or the nature of the business transacted by it makes such licensing or qualification necessary. The Borrower has all requisite power and authority to conduct its business, to own its properties and to execute and deliver, and to perform all of its obligations under, the Loan Documents. During its existence, the Borrower has done business solely under the names set forth in Schedule 5.1. The Borrower's chief executive office and principal place of business is located at the address set forth in Schedule 5.1, and all of the Borrower's records relating to its business or the Collateral are kept at that location. The Borrower's federal employer identification number and organization identification number are correctly set forth in Section 3.2.

Section 5.2 <u>Capitalization</u>. <u>Schedule 5.2</u> sets forth a correct and complete list of all ownership interests of Borrower and all rights to acquire ownership interests, including, without limitation, the record holder, number of interests and percentage interests on a fully diluted basis.

Section 5.3 Authorization of Borrowing; No Conflict as to Law or Agreements. The execution, delivery and performance by the Borrower of the Loan Documents and the borrowings from time to time hereunder have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action and do not and will not (i) require any consent or approval of the Borrower's Owners; (ii) other than the entry of Financing Order, require any authorization, consent or approval by, or registration, declaration or filing with, or notice to, any governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency or instrumentality, domestic or foreign, or any third party, except such authorization, consent, approval, registration, declaration, filing or notice as has been obtained, accomplished or given prior to the date hereof; (iii) violate any provision of any law, rule or regulation (including Regulation X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System) or of any order, writ, injunction or decree presently in effect having applicability to the Borrower or of the Borrower's Constituent Documents; (iv) result in a breach of or constitute a default under any indenture or loan or credit agreement or any other material agreement, lease or instrument to which the Borrower is a party or by which it or its properties may be bound or affected; or (v) result in, or require, the creation or imposition of any Lien (other than the Security Interest) upon or with respect to any of the properties now owned or hereafter acquired by such Borrower.

- Section 5.4 <u>Legal Agreements</u>. This Agreement constitutes and, upon due execution by the Borrower, the other Loan Documents will constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with their respective terms, subject to the entry of Financing Order acceptable to the Lender in its sole discretion.
- Section 5.5 <u>Subsidiaries</u>. Except as set forth in Schedule 5.5 hereto, the Borrower has no Subsidiaries.
- Section 5.6 <u>Budget</u>. Borrower has furnished the Budget to the Lender. The Budget has been prepared on a reasonable basis and in good faith by the Borrower, and is based on assumptions believed by the Borrower to be reasonable. The Borrower is not be aware of any facts or information that would lead it to believe that the Budget is incorrect or misleading in any material respect.
- Section 5.7 <u>Litigation</u>. There are no actions, suits or proceedings pending or, to the Borrower's knowledge, threatened against or affecting the Borrower or any of its Affiliates or the properties of the Borrower or any of its Affiliates before any court or governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency or instrumentality, domestic or foreign, which, if determined adversely to the Borrower or any of its Affiliates, would result in a final judgment or judgments against the Borrower or any of its Affiliates in an amount in excess of \$10,000.00, apart from those matters specifically listed in <u>Schedule 5.7</u>.
- Section 5.8 <u>Regulation U</u>. The Borrower is not engaged in the business of extending credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying margin stock (within the meaning of Regulation U of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System), and no part of the proceeds of any Advance will be used to purchase or carry any margin stock or to extend credit to others for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any margin stock.
- Section 5.9 <u>Taxes</u>. The Borrower and its Affiliates have paid or caused to be paid to the proper authorities when due all federal, state and local taxes required to be withheld by each of them. The Borrower and its Affiliates have filed all federal, state and local tax returns which to the knowledge of the Officers of the Borrower or any Affiliate, as the case may be, are required to be filed, and the Borrower and its Affiliates have paid or caused to be paid to the respective taxing authorities all taxes as shown on said returns or on any assessment received by any of them to the extent such taxes have become due.
- Section 5.10 <u>Title and Liens</u>. The Borrower has good and absolute title to all Collateral free and clear of all Liens other than Permitted Liens. No financing statement naming the Borrower as debtor is on file in any office except to perfect Permitted Liens.

Section 5.11 <u>Intellectual Property Rights</u>.

(a) Owned Intellectual Property Rights. Schedule 5.11 is a complete list of all patents, applications for patents, trademarks, applications to register trademarks, service marks, applications to register service marks, mask works, trade dress and copyrights for which the Borrower is the owner of record (the "Owned Intellectual Property"). Except as disclosed on

- <u>Schedule 5.11</u>, (i) the Borrower owns its Owned Intellectual Property free and clear of all restrictions (including covenants not to sue a third party), court orders, injunctions, decrees, writs or Liens, whether by written agreement or otherwise, (ii) no Person other than the Borrower owns or has been granted any right in its Owned Intellectual Property, (iii) all Owned Intellectual Property is valid, subsisting and enforceable and (iv) the Borrower has taken all commercially reasonable action necessary to maintain and protect its Owned Intellectual Property.
- (b) Intellectual Property Rights Licensed from Others. Schedule 5.11 is a complete list of all agreements under which the Borrower has licensed Intellectual Property Rights from another Person ("Licensed Intellectual Property") other than readily available, non-negotiated licenses of computer software and other intellectual property used solely for performing accounting, word processing and similar administrative tasks ("Off-the-Shelf Software") and a summary of any ongoing payments the Borrower is obligated to make with respect thereto. Except as disclosed on Schedule 5.11 and in written agreements, copies of which have been given to the Lender, the Borrower's licenses to use its Licensed Intellectual Property are free and clear of all restrictions, Liens, court orders, injunctions, decrees, or writs, whether by written agreement or otherwise. Except as disclosed on Schedule 5.11, the Borrower is not obligated or under any liability whatsoever to make any payments of a material nature by way of royalties, fees or otherwise to any owner of, licensor of, or other claimant to, any Intellectual Property Rights.
- (d) Other Intellectual Property Needed for Business. Except for Off-the-Shelf Software and as disclosed on Schedule 5.11, the Owned Intellectual Property and the Licensed Intellectual Property constitute all Intellectual Property Rights used or necessary to conduct the Borrower's business as it is presently conducted or as the Borrower reasonably foresees conducting them.
- (e) <u>Infringement</u>. Except as disclosed on <u>Schedule 5.11</u>, the Borrower has no knowledge of, and has not received any written claim or notice alleging, any Infringement of another Person's Intellectual Property Rights (including any written claim that the Borrower must license or refrain from using the Intellectual Property Rights of any third party) nor, to the Borrower's knowledge, is there any threatened claim or any reasonable basis for any such claim.
- Section 5.12 <u>Plans</u>. Borrower does not maintain any "employee benefit plan" (as such term is defined in section 3(3) of ERISA) that is or within six years preceding the date hereof has been, sponsored, maintained or contributed to by the Borrower or with respect to which the Borrower may have any liability.
- Section 5.13 <u>Default</u>. Except as set forth on <u>Schedule 5.13</u>, the Borrower is in compliance with all provisions of all agreements, instruments, decrees and orders to which it is a party or by which it or its property is bound or affected, the breach or default of which could have a material adverse effect on the Borrower's financial condition, properties or operations ("Material Adverse Effect").
- Section 5.14 <u>Submissions to Lender</u>. All financial and other information provided to the Lender by or on behalf of the Borrower in connection with the Borrower's request for the credit facilities contemplated hereby (i) is true and correct in all material respects, (ii) does not omit any material fact necessary to make such information not misleading and, (iii) as to

projections, valuations or proforma financial statements, present a good faith opinion as to such projections, valuations and proforma condition and results.

Section 5.15 <u>Financing Statements</u>. Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>Section 3.2</u> hereto, the Borrower has authorized the filing of financing statements sufficient when filed to perfect the Security Interest and the other security interests created by the Security Documents. When the Financing Order is entered, the Lender will have a valid and perfected security interest in all Collateral which is capable of being perfected by filing financing statements. None of the Collateral is or will become a fixture on real estate, unless a sufficient fixture filing is in effect with respect thereto.

Section 5.16 <u>Rights to Payment</u>. Each right to payment and each instrument, document, chattel paper and other agreement constituting or evidencing Collateral is (or, in the case of all future Collateral, will be when arising or issued) the valid, genuine and legally enforceable obligation, subject to no defense, setoff or counterclaim, of the account Borrower or other obligor named therein or in the Borrower's records pertaining thereto as being obligated to pay such obligation.

Section 5.17 Administrative Priority; Lien Priority.

- (a) The Obligations of the Borrower will, at all times after the Closing Date, constitute allowed administrative expenses in the Chapter 11 Case, having priority in payment over all other administrative expenses and unsecured claims against the Borrower now existing or hereafter arising, of any kind or nature whatsoever, including without limitation all administrative expenses of the kind specified in, or arising or ordered under, Sections 105, 326, 327, 328, 330, 503(b), 506(c), 507(a), 507(b), 546(c), 726 and 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (b) Pursuant to Section 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code and the Financing Order, all Obligations will be secured by a perfected priming first priority Lien on the Collateral; and
- (c) On the Effective Date and upon entry of the Financing Order, the Financing Order shall be, in full force and effect and have not been reversed, vacated, modified, amended or stayed, except for modifications and amendments that are reasonably acceptable to the Lender and are not subject to a pending appeal or stayed in any respect.
- Section 5.18 Appointment of Trustee or Examiner; Liquidation. No order has been entered or is pending in the Chapter 11 Case (i) for the appointment of a Chapter 11 trustee, (ii) for the appointment of an examiner with enlarged powers (beyond those set forth in Sections 1106(a)(3) and (4) of the Bankruptcy Code) under Sections 1104(d) and 1106(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or (iii) to convert the Chapter 11 Case to a Chapter 7 case or to dismiss the Chapter 11 Case.
- Section 5.19 <u>The Chapter 11 Case</u>. The Chapter 11 Case was commenced on the Petition Date in accordance with applicable law and proper notice thereof and has not been dismissed as of the date of this Agreement. The motion for approval of this Agreement was proper and sufficient pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the rules and procedures of the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE VI

COVENANTS

So long as the Obligations shall remain unpaid, or the Credit Facility shall remain outstanding, the Borrower will comply with the following requirements, unless the Lender shall otherwise consent in writing:

Section 6.1 <u>Reporting Requirements</u>. The Borrower will deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Lender each of the following, which shall be in form and detail acceptable to the Lender:

(a) Weekly Reports.

- (i) Within two (2) Business Days after the end of each week, a reconciliation, in form and substance acceptable to the Lender substantially consistent with the Borrower's form of Budget annexed hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>, of the actual cash receipts and disbursements of the Borrower and existing Advances under this Agreement for such week to the budgeted line item amounts set forth in the Budget for such week.
- (ii) On a weekly basis, a report in form and detail satisfactory to the Lender and certified by an Authorized Officer of the Borrower as being accurate and complete providing the total amount of the Borrower's (A) cash and cash equivalents, (B) accounts payable as of the last Business Day of the preceding week, (C) employee obligations incurred as of the last Business Day of the preceding week reconciled to all employee obligation paid through the same time period, and (D) sales taxes collected by the Borrower as of the as of the last Business Day of the preceding week reconciled to all sales taxes remitted through the same time period, such report to be delivered on or before the second Business Day of each week.
- (b) <u>Operating Reports</u>. All operating reports provided to the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Washington.
- (c) <u>Litigation</u>. Immediately after the commencement thereof, notice in writing of all litigation and of all proceedings before any governmental or regulatory agency affecting the Borrower which seek a monetary recovery against the Borrower in excess of \$10,000.
- (d) <u>Defaults</u>. When any Officer of the Borrower becomes aware of the probable occurrence of any Default or Event of Default, and no later than one (1) day after such Officer becomes aware of such Default or Event of Default, notice of such occurrence, together with a detailed statement by a responsible Officer of the Borrower of the steps being taken by the Borrower to cure the effect thereof.
- (f) <u>Officers and Directors</u>. Promptly upon knowledge thereof, notice of any change in the persons constituting a Borrower's Officers and Directors.

- (g) <u>Collateral</u>. Promptly upon knowledge thereof, notice of any loss of or material damage to any Collateral or of any substantial adverse change in any Collateral or the prospect of payment thereof.
- (h) <u>Commercial Tort Claims</u>. Promptly upon knowledge thereof, notice of any commercial tort claims the Borrower may bring against any Person, including the name and address of each defendant, a summary of the facts, an estimate of the Borrower's damages, copies of any complaint or demand letter submitted by the Borrower, and such other information as the Lender may request.
- (i) <u>Reports to Owners</u>. Promptly upon their distribution, copies of all financial statements, reports and proxy statements which the Borrower shall have sent to its Owners.
- (j) <u>Chapter 11 Case Pleadings</u>. Promptly after filing thereof, copies of all pleadings, motions, applications, financial information and other papers and documents filed by the Borrower in the Chapter 11 Case, which papers and documents shall also be given or served on the Lender and the Lender's counsel.
- (k) <u>Committee Reports</u>. Promptly after sending thereof, copies of all written reports given by the Borrower to any official or unofficial creditors' committee in the Chapter 11 Case, other than any such reports subject to privilege; <u>provided</u> that the Borrower may redact any confidential information contained in any such report if it provides to the Lender a summary of the nature of the information so redacted.
- (1) <u>Tax Returns of Borrower</u>. As soon as possible, and in any event no later than five (5) days after they are due to be filed (as said date may be extended for Borrower by the relevant taxing authorities), copies of the state and federal income tax returns and all schedules thereto of the Borrower.
- (m) <u>Violations of Law</u>. Promptly upon knowledge thereof, notice of the Borrower's violation of any law, rule or regulation, the non-compliance with which could materially and adversely affect the financial condition, properties or operations of the Borrower.
- (n) Other Reports. From time to time, with reasonable promptness, any and all receivables schedules, inventory reports, collection reports, deposit records, equipment schedules, copies of invoices to account Borrowers, shipment documents and delivery receipts for goods sold, and such other material, reports, records or information as the Lender may request.

Section 6.2 Financial Covenants.

(a) <u>Compliance with Budget</u>. Borrower shall at all times comply with the Budget on a line-item by line-item basis. On each Monday of each week, a responsible officer of the Borrower shall submit to the Lender a report showing (i) actual collections, disbursements, on a weekly and cumulative basis through the previous Friday, and (ii) a comparison to the same periods in the Budget. To the extent disbursements set forth in the Budget for a Budget period are not, in fact, disbursed during the Budget period, the budgeted disbursements for subsequent

Budget periods shall be amended so that the Borrower may carry forward any unspent budgeted disbursements from prior periods.

Section 6.3 <u>Permitted Liens; Financing Statements.</u>

- (a) The Borrower will not create, incur or suffer to exist any Lien upon or of any of its assets, now owned or hereafter acquired, to secure any indebtedness; <u>excluding</u>, <u>however</u>, from the operation of the foregoing, the following (each a "<u>Permitted Lien</u>"; collectively, "Permitted Liens"):
 - (i) In the case of any of the Borrower's property which is not Collateral, covenants, restrictions, rights, easements and minor irregularities in title which do not materially interfere with the Borrower's business or operations as presently conducted;
 - (ii) Liens listed in <u>Schedule 6.3</u> hereto, securing indebtedness for borrowed money permitted under this Agreement;
 - (iii) The Security Interest and Liens created by the Security Documents..
- (b) The Borrower will not amend any financing statements in favor of the Lender except as permitted by law.
- Section 6.4 <u>Indebtedness.</u> The Borrower will not incur, create, assume or permit to exist any indebtedness or liability on account of deposits or advances or any indebtedness for borrowed money or letters of credit issued on the Borrower's behalf, or any other indebtedness or liability evidenced by notes, bonds, debentures or similar obligations, except:
- (a) Any existing or future Obligations or any other obligations of the Borrower to the Lender;
- (b) Any indebtedness of the Borrower in existence on the date hereof and listed in Schedule 6.4 hereto; and
 - (c) Any indebtedness relating to Permitted Liens.
- Section 6.5 <u>Guaranties</u>. The Borrower will not assume, guarantee, endorse or otherwise become directly or contingently liable in connection with any obligations of any other Person, except:
- (a) The endorsement of negotiable instruments by the Borrower for deposit or collection or similar transactions in the ordinary course of business; and
- (b) Guaranties, endorsements and other direct or contingent liabilities in connection with the obligations of other Persons, in existence on the date hereof and listed in <u>Schedule 6.4</u> hereto.
- Section 6.6 <u>Investments and Subsidiaries</u>. The Borrower will not make or permit to exist any loans or advances to, or make any investment or acquire any interest whatsoever in, any other Person or Affiliate, including any partnership or joint venture, nor purchase or hold

beneficially any stock or other securities or evidence of indebtedness of any other Person or Affiliate.

- Section 6.7 <u>Dividends and Distributions</u>. The Borrower will not declare or pay any dividends on any class of its stock, or make any payment on account of the purchase, redemption or other retirement of any shares of such stock, or other securities or evidence of its indebtedness or make any distribution in respect thereof, either directly or indirectly.
- Section 6.8 <u>Salaries</u>. The Borrower will not pay excessive or unreasonable salaries, bonuses, commissions, consultant fees or other compensation; or increase the salary, bonus, commissions, consultant fees or other compensation of any Director, Officer or consultant, or any member of their families.
- Section 6.9 <u>Substantial Asset Disposition</u>. The Asset Purchase Agreement shall be executed and in full force and effect on or before March ___, 2010, and such Asset Purchase Agreement, together with any order entered by the Bankruptcy Court approving such Asset Purchase Agreement, shall not be modified, amended, or superseded absent the prior written consent of the Lender; such Asset Purchase Agreement shall provide for the consummation of the sale of substantially all of the Borrower's assets in accordance with the terms thereof and the terms of the Sale Order.

Section 6.10 Books and Records; Collateral Examination, Inspection and Appraisals.

- (a) The Borrower will keep accurate books of record and account for itself pertaining to the Collateral and pertaining to the Borrower's business and financial condition and such other matters as the Lender may from time to time request in which true and complete entries will be made in accordance with GAAP and, upon the Lender's request, will permit any officer, employee, attorney, accountant or other agent of the Lender to audit, review, make extracts from or copy any and all company and financial books and records of the Borrower at all times, to send and discuss with account Borrowers and other obligors requests for verification of amounts owed to the Borrower, and to discuss the Borrower's affairs with any of its Directors, Officers, employees or agents.
- (b) The Borrower hereby irrevocably authorizes all accountants and third parties to disclose and deliver to the Lender or its designated agent, at the Borrower's expense, all financial information, books and records, work papers, management reports and other information in their possession regarding the Borrower.
- (c) The Borrower will permit the Lender or its employees, accountants, attorneys or agents, to examine and inspect any Collateral or any other property of the Borrower at any time during ordinary business hours.

Section 6.11 Account Verification.

(a) The Lender or its agent may at any time and from time to time send or require the Borrower to send requests for verification of accounts or notices of assignment to account debtors and other obligors. The Lender or its agent may also at any time and from time to time telephone account debtors and other obligors to verify accounts.

(b) The Borrower shall pay when due each account payable due to a Person holding a Permitted Lien (as a result of such payable) on any Collateral.

Section 6.12 <u>Compliance with Laws</u>.

- (a) The Borrower shall (i) comply with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations, the non-compliance with which would materially and adversely affect its business or its financial condition and (ii) use and keep the Collateral, and require that others use and keep the Collateral, only for lawful purposes, without violation of any federal, state or local law, statute or ordinance.
- (b) Without limiting the foregoing undertakings, the Borrower specifically agrees that it will comply with all applicable Environmental Laws and obtain and comply with all permits, licenses and similar approvals required by any applicable Environmental Laws, and will not generate, use, transport, treat, store or dispose of any Hazardous Substances in such a manner as to create any material liability or obligation under the common law of any jurisdiction or any applicable Environmental Law.
- (c) The Borrower shall (i) ensure that no Owner shall be listed on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Person List or other similar lists maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"), the Department of the Treasury or included in any Executive Orders, (ii) not use or permit the use of the proceeds of the Credit Facility or any other financial accommodation from the Lender to violate any of the foreign asset control regulations of OFAC or other applicable law, (iii) comply with all applicable Bank Secrecy Act laws and regulations, as amended from time to time, and (iv) otherwise comply with the USA Patriot Act as required by federal law and the Lender's policies and practices.
- Section 6.13 Payment of Taxes and Other Claims. The Borrower will pay or discharge, when due, (a) all taxes, assessments and governmental charges levied or imposed upon it or upon its income or profits, upon any properties belonging to it (including the Collateral) or upon or against the creation, perfection or continuance of the Security Interest, prior to the date on which penalties attach thereto, (b) all federal, state and local taxes required to be withheld by it (including, without limitation, sales taxes), and (c) all lawful claims for labor, materials and supplies which, if unpaid, might by law become a Lien upon any properties of the Borrower; provided, that the Borrower shall not be required to pay any such tax, assessment, charge or claim whose amount, applicability or validity is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which proper reserves have been made.

Section 6.14 Maintenance of Properties.

(a) The Borrower will keep and maintain the Collateral and all of its other properties necessary or useful in its business in good condition, repair and working order (normal wear and tear excepted) and will from time to time replace or repair any worn, defective or broken parts; provided, however, that nothing in this covenant shall prevent the Borrower from discontinuing the operation and maintenance of any of its properties if such discontinuance is, in the Borrower's judgment, desirable in the conduct of the Borrower's business and not disadvantageous in any material respect to the Lender. The Borrower will take all commercially reasonable steps necessary to protect and maintain its Intellectual Property Rights.

(b) The Borrower will defend the Collateral against all Liens, claims or demands of all Persons (other than the Lender) claiming the Collateral or any interest therein. The Borrower will keep all Collateral free and clear of all Liens except Permitted Liens. The Borrower will take all commercially reasonable steps necessary to prosecute any Person Infringing its Intellectual Property Rights and to defend itself against any Person accusing it of Infringing any Person's Intellectual Property Rights.

The Borrower will obtain and at all times maintain Section 6.15 Insurance. insurance with insurers acceptable to the Lender, in such amounts, on such terms (including any deductibles) and against such risks as may from time to time be required by the Lender, but in all events in such amounts and against such risks as is usually carried by companies engaged in similar business and owning similar properties in the same general areas in which the Borrower operates. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Borrower will at all times maintain business interruption insurance including coverage for force majeure and keep all tangible Collateral insured against risks of fire (including so-called extended coverage), theft, collision (for Collateral consisting of motor vehicles) and such other risks and in such amounts as the Lender may reasonably request, with any loss payable to the Lender to the extent of its interest, and all policies of such insurance shall contain a lender's loss payable endorsement for UNLESS BORROWER PROVIDES EVIDENCE OF THE the Lender's benefit. INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIRED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS, LENDER MAY PURCHASE INSURANCE AT BORROWER'S EXPENSE TO PROTECT LENDER'S INTEREST IN THE COLLATERAL. INSURANCE MAY, BUT NEED NOT, PROTECT BORROWER'S INTERESTS. THE COVERAGE THAT LENDER PURCHASES MAY NOT PAY ANY CLAIM THAT BORROWER MAY MAKE OR ANY CLAIM THAT IS MADE AGAINST BORROWER IN CONNECTION WITH THE COLLATERAL. BORROWER MAY LATER CANCEL ANY INSURANCE PURCHASED BY LENDER, BUT ONLY AFTER PROVIDING EVIDENCE THAT BORROWER HAS OBTAINED INSURANCE AS REQUIRED BY THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS. IF LENDER PURCHASES INSURANCE FOR THE COLLATERAL, BORROWER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COSTS OF THAT INSURANCE, INCLUDING THE INSURANCE PREMIUM, INTEREST AND ANY OTHER CHARGES LENDER MAY IMPOSE IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLACEMENT OF INSURANCE, UNTIL THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CANCELLATION OR EXPIRATION OF THE THE COSTS OF THE INSURANCE MAY BE ADDED TO THE INSURANCE. BORROWER'S OBLIGATIONS HEREUNDER. THE COSTS OF THE INSURANCE MAY BE MORE THAN THE COST OF INSURANCE BORROWER MAY BE ABLE TO **OBTAIN ON ITS OWN.** Lender will furnish Borrower with notice of the purchase of any such insurance by Lender.

Section 6.16 <u>Preservation of Existence</u>. The Borrower will preserve and maintain its existence and all of its rights, privileges and franchises necessary or desirable in the normal conduct of its business and shall conduct its business in an orderly, efficient and regular manner.

Section 6.17 <u>Delivery of Instruments, etc.</u> Upon request by the Lender, the Borrower will promptly deliver to the Lender in pledge all instruments, documents and chattel paper constituting Collateral, duly endorsed or assigned by the Borrower.

Section 6.18 Sale or Transfer of Assets; Suspension of Business Operations.

- (a) Except as contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement or otherwise consented to in writing by Lender, the Borrower will not sell, lease, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of or abandon (i) all or a substantial part of its assets, or (ii) any Collateral or any interest therein (whether in one transaction or in a series of transactions) to any other Person other than the sale of Inventory in the ordinary course of business and will not liquidate, dissolve or suspend business operations.
- (b) Borrower shall timely meet all deadlines set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement, unless otherwise agreed by Lender in writing in its sole discretion.
- Section 6.19 <u>Restrictions on Nature of Business</u>. The Borrower will not engage in any line of business materially different from that presently engaged in by the Borrower and will not purchase, lease or otherwise acquire assets not related to its business.
- Section 6.20 <u>Accounting</u>. The Borrower will not adopt any material change in accounting principles other than as required by GAAP. The Borrower will not adopt, permit or consent to any change in its fiscal year.
- Section 6.21 <u>Place of Business; Name.</u> Except in accordance with the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Borrower will not transfer its chief executive office or principal place of business, or move, relocate, close or sell any business location without providing the Lender with thirty (30) days prior written notice. The Borrower will not permit any tangible Collateral or any records pertaining to the Collateral to be located in any state or area in which, in the event of such location, a financing statement covering such Collateral would be required to be, but has not in fact been, filed in order to perfect the Security Interest. The Borrower will give Lender at least 30 days prior written notice in the event that Borrower changes its name or jurisdiction of organization.
- Section 6.22 <u>Constituent Documents; S Corporation Status</u>. The Borrower will not amend its Constituent Documents in any manner which would materially adversely affect its ability to repay the Obligations or Lender's rights hereunder. The Borrower will maintain its S Corporation status and will comply with all reporting obligations to its shareholders.
- Section 6.23 <u>Affiliate Transactions</u>. The Borrower will not, directly or indirectly, enter into any transaction (including the purchase, sale, lease or exchange of any property or the rendering of any service with any Affiliate, except for those transactions and arrangements in existence as of the date of this Agreement and described on <u>Schedule 6.23</u> attached hereto..
- Section 6.24 Performance by the Lender. If the Borrower at any time fails to perform or observe any of the foregoing covenants contained in this Article VI or elsewhere herein, and if such failure shall continue for a period of ten (10) calendar days after the Lender gives the Borrower written notice thereof (or in the case of the agreements contained in Section 6.13 and Section 6.15, immediately upon the occurrence of such failure, without notice or lapse of time), the Lender may, but need not, perform or observe such covenant on behalf and in the name, place and stead of the Borrower (or, at the Lender's option, in the Lender's name) and may, but need not, take any and all other actions which the Lender may reasonably deem necessary to cure

or correct such failure (including the payment of taxes, the satisfaction of Liens, the performance of obligations owed to account Borrowers or other obligors, the procurement and maintenance of insurance, the execution of assignments, security agreements and financing statements, and the endorsement of instruments); and the Borrower shall thereupon pay to the Lender on demand the amount of all monies expended and all costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and legal expenses) incurred by the Lender in connection with or as a result of the performance or observance of such agreements or the taking of such action by the Lender, together with interest thereon from the date expended or incurred at the Default Rate. To facilitate the Lender's performance or observance of such covenants of the Borrower, the Borrower hereby irrevocably appoints the Lender, or the Lender's delegate, acting alone, as the Borrower's attorney in fact (which appointment is coupled with an interest) with the right (but not the duty) from time to time to create, prepare, complete, execute, deliver, endorse or file in the name and on behalf of the Borrower any and all instruments, documents, assignments, security agreements, financing statements, applications for insurance and other agreements required to be obtained, executed, delivered or endorsed by the Borrower hereunder.

Section 6.25 <u>Financing Order</u>; <u>Administrative Priority</u>; <u>Lien Priority</u>; <u>Payment of Claims</u>. The Borrower will not:

- (a) At any time, seek, consent to or suffer to exist any reversal, modification, amendment, stay or vacation of any of the Financing Order, except for modifications and amendments agreed to by the Lender;
- (b) at any time, suffer to exist a priority for any administrative expense or unsecured claim against Borrower (now existing or hereafter arising of any kind or nature whatsoever, including without limitation any administrative expenses of the kind specified in, or arising or ordered under, Sections 105, 326, 327, 328, 330, 503(b), 506(c), 507(a), 507(b), 546(c) 726 and 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code) equal or superior to the priority of the Lender in respect of the Obligations;
- (c) at any time, suffer to exist any Lien on the Collateral having a priority equal or superior to the Liens in favor of the Lender, except for Permitted Liens; and
- (d) prior to the date on which all Obligations have been fully paid and satisfied, the Borrower shall not pay any administrative expense claims except (i) Obligations due and payable hereunder and (ii) administrative expenses incurred in the ordinary course of the Borrower's business as contemplated by this Agreement and the Budget annexed hereto as Exhibit A.

ARTICLE VII

EVENTS OF DEFAULT, RIGHTS AND REMEDIES

Section 7.1 <u>Events of Default</u>. "Event of Default", wherever used herein, means any one of the following events:

(a) Default in the payment of any amount owed by the Borrower to the Lender as and when due hereunder;

- (b) Default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or agreement of the Borrower contained in this Agreement;
- (c) Any ownership interest of the Borrower shall be sold or transferred in any transaction other than in accordance with the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, or shall become subject to a Lien;
- (d) A Bidding Procedures Order has not been entered by the Bankruptcy Court on or before April 8, 2010;
 - (e) A Sale Order has not been entered on of before April 26, 2010;
- (f) A sale of all or substantially all of the Borrower's assets pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Asset Purchase Agreement has not occurred on or before April 28, 2010;
- (g) Any representation or warranty made by the Borrower in this Agreement or by the Borrower (or any of its Officers) in any agreement, certificate, instrument or financial statement or other statement contemplated by or made or delivered pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when deemed to be effective;
- (h) The rendering against the Borrower of an arbitration award, a final judgment, decree or order for the payment of money in excess of \$10,000 and the continuance of such arbitration award, judgment, decree or order unsatisfied and in effect for any period of 30 consecutive days without a stay of execution;
- (i) The Borrower shall liquidate, dissolve, terminate or suspend its business operation or otherwise fail to operate its business in the ordinary course, merge with another Person unless the Borrower is the surviving entity; or sell or attempt to sell all or substantially all of its assets, without the Lender's prior written consent; except as contemplated under the Asset Purchase Agreement and Sale Order.
 - (j) An event of default shall occur under any Security Document;
- (k) Default in the satisfaction of any Obligation owed by the Borrower to the Lender hereunder:
- (l) The Lender believes in good faith that the prospect of payment in full of any part of the Obligations, or that full performance by the Borrower under the Loan Documents, is impaired, or that there has occurred any material adverse change in the business or financial condition of the Borrower:
- (m) The indictment of any Director or executive Officer of the Borrower for a felony offence under state or federal law.
- (n) The Borrower shall fail to comply or shall default in the performance of any term of this Agreement, the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement, the Pre-Petition Loan Documents, the US Bank Loan Agreement, the Loan Documents, the Financing Order or the Sale Order;

- (o) The Borrower (except following the Lender's prior written request or with the Lender's express prior written consent) shall file a motion with the Bankruptcy Court or any other court with jurisdiction in the matter seeking an order, or an order is otherwise entered, modifying, reversing, revoking, staying, rescinding, vacating, or amending the Financing Order or any of the Loan Documents, without the Lender's express prior written consent (and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence of the Lender);
- (p) The Borrower shall file, or any other person shall obtain Bankruptcy Court approval of a disclosure statement for a plan of reorganization which does not provide for the full, final, and irrevocable repayment of all of the Obligations of the Borrower to the Lender upon the effectiveness of such plan, unless the Lender has expressly joined in or consented to such plan in writing;
- (q) The Borrower shall file any motion or application, or the Bankruptcy Court allows the motion or application of any other Person, which seeks approval for or allowance of any claim, lien, security interest ranking equal or senior in priority to the claims, liens and security interests granted to the Lender under the Financing Order or the Loan Documents or any such equal or prior claim, lien, or security interest shall be established in any manner, except, in any case, as expressly permitted under the Financing Order;
- (r) The Bankruptcy Court shall not have entered the Financing Order or the Financing Order shall cease to be in full force and effect from and after the date of entry thereof by the Bankruptcy Court;
- (s) The Bankruptcy Court shall not have entered the Cash Collateral Order or the Cash Collateral Order shall cease to be in full force and effect from and after the date of entry thereof by the Bankruptcy Court;
- (t) The entry of an order which provides relief from the automatic stay otherwise imposed pursuant to Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, which order permits any creditor, other than the Lender, to realize upon, or to exercise any right or remedy with respect to, any asset of the Borrower or to terminate any license, franchise, or similar agreement, where such termination could have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (u) If any creditor of the Borrower receives any adequate protection payment which is not fully acceptable to the Lender in its sole discretion, or any Lien is granted as adequate protection other than as set forth in the Financing Order.
- (v) Borrower suspends or discontinues, or is enjoined by any court or governmental agency from continuing to conduct, all or any material part of its business (in a manner inconsistent with the Substantial Asset Disposition, the Substantial Asset Disposition Schedule, or such other orderly wind-down acceptable to Lender), or if a trustee, receiver or custodian is appointed for Borrower or any of its properties;
- (w) Conversion of the Chapter 11 Case to a Chapter 7 case under the Bankruptcy Code, or dismissal of the Chapter 11 Case or any subsequent Chapter 7 case either voluntarily or involuntarily;

- (x) The Financing Order shall be modified, reversed, revoked, remanded, stayed, rescinded, vacated or amended on appeal or by the Bankruptcy Court without the prior written consent of Lender (and no such consent shall be implied from any other authorization or acquiescence by Lender);
- (y) A trustee is appointed pursuant to Sections 1104(a)(1) or 1104(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (z) An examiner with special powers is appointed pursuant to Section 1104(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- (aa) The Borrower fails to comply with any of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein or in any other agreement, document or instrument at any time executed by Borrower in connection herewith.
- Section 7.2 <u>Rights and Remedies</u>. During any Default Period, the Lender may exercise any or all of the following rights and remedies, and the automatic stay provided under Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code shall be deemed lifted or modified to the extent necessary to allow the Lender to take the actions described in this Section, or under any other Loan Document, without further notice or a hearing, which rights are hereby waived:
- (a) The Lender may, by notice to the Borrower, declare the Commitment to be terminated, whereupon the same shall forthwith terminate;
- (b) The Lender may, by notice to the Borrower, declare the Obligations to be forthwith due and payable, whereupon all Obligations shall become and be forthwith due and payable, without presentment, notice of dishonor, protest or further notice of any kind, all of which the Borrower hereby expressly waives;
- (c) The Lender may, upon three (3) days prior written notice to the Borrower, apply any and all money owing by the Lender to the Borrower to the payment of the Obligations, in the Lender's sole discretion:
- (d) The Lender may, upon three (3) days prior written notice to the Borrower, exercise and enforce any and all rights and remedies available upon default to a secured party under the UCC, including the right to take possession of Collateral, or any evidence thereof, proceeding without judicial process or by judicial process, and the right to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any or all of the Collateral (with or without giving any warranties as to the Collateral, title to the Collateral or similar warranties), and, in connection therewith, the Borrower will on demand assemble the Collateral and make it available to the Lender at a place to be designated by the Lender which is reasonably convenient to both parties;
- (e) The Lender may exercise and enforce its rights and remedies under the Loan Documents:
- (f) The Lender may without regard to any waste, adequacy of the security or solvency of the Borrower, apply for the appointment of a receiver of the Collateral, to which

appointment the Borrower hereby consents, whether or not foreclosure proceedings have been commenced under the Security Documents and whether or not a foreclosure sale has occurred;

- (h) The Lender may exercise any other rights and remedies available to it by law or agreement;
- (i) The Lender shall be entitled to seek the appointment of a Chapter 11 trustee and have an expedited hearing with respect to such request, on not more than three (3) Business Days notice, subject to the Bankruptcy Court's calendar; and
- (j) If the Lender sells any of the Collateral on credit, the Obligations will be reduced only to the extent of payments actually received. If the purchaser fails to pay for the Collateral, the Lender may resell the Collateral and shall apply any proceeds actually received to the Obligations.
- Section 7.3 <u>Certain Notices</u>. If notice to the Borrower of any intended disposition of Collateral or any other intended action is required by law in a particular instance, such notice shall be deemed commercially reasonable if given (in the manner specified in Section 8.3) at least ten calendar days before the date of intended disposition or other action.

ARTICLE VIII

MISCELLANEOUS

- Section 8.1 No Waiver; Cumulative Remedies; Compliance with Laws. No failure or delay by the Lender in exercising any right, power or remedy under the Loan Documents shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right, power or remedy preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or remedy under the Loan Documents. The remedies provided in the Loan Documents are cumulative and not exclusive of any remedies provided by law. The Lender may comply with any applicable state or federal law requirements in connection with a disposition of the Collateral and such compliance will not be considered adversely to affect the commercial reasonableness of any sale of the Collateral.
- Section 8.2 <u>Amendments, Etc.</u> No amendment, modification, termination or waiver of any provision of any Loan Document or consent to any departure by the Borrower therefrom or any release of a Security Interest shall be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Lender, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given. No notice to or demand on the Borrower in any case shall entitle the Borrower to any other or further notice or demand in similar or other circumstances.
- Section 8.3 Notices; Communication of Confidential Information; Requests for Accounting. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all notices, requests, demands and other communications provided for under the Loan Documents shall be in writing and shall be (a) personally delivered, (b) sent by first class United States mail, (c) sent by overnight courier of national reputation, (d) transmitted by telecopy, or (e) sent as electronic mail, in each case delivered or sent to the party to whom notice is being given to the business address, telecopier

number, or e mail address set forth below next to its signature or, as to each party, at such other business address, telecopier number, or e mail address as it may hereafter designate in writing to the other party pursuant to the terms of this Section. All such notices, requests, demands and other communications shall be deemed to be an authenticated record communicated or given on (a) the date received if personally delivered, (b) when deposited in the mail if delivered by mail, (c) the date delivered to the courier if delivered by overnight courier, or (d) the date of transmission if sent by telecopy or by e mail, except that notices or requests delivered to the Lender pursuant to any of the provisions of Article II shall not be effective until received by the Lender with confirmed receipt. All notices, financial information, or other business records sent by either party to this Agreement may be transmitted, sent, or otherwise communicated via such medium as the sending party may deem appropriate and commercially reasonable; provided, however, that the risk that the confidentiality or privacy of such notices, financial information, or other business records sent by either party may be compromised shall be borne exclusively by the Borrower.

Section 8.4 Further Documents. The Borrower will from time to time execute, deliver, endorse and authorize the filing of any and all instruments, documents, conveyances, assignments, security agreements, financing statements, control agreements and other agreements and writings that the Lender may reasonably request in order to secure, protect, perfect or enforce the Security Interest or the Lender's rights under the Loan Documents (but any failure to request or assure that the Borrower executes, delivers, endorses or authorizes the filing of any such item shall not affect or impair the validity, sufficiency or enforceability of the Loan Documents and the Security Interest, regardless of whether any such item was or was not executed, delivered or endorsed in a similar context or on a prior occasion).

Section 8.5 <u>Costs and Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall pay on demand all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by the Lender in connection with the Obligations, this Agreement, the Loan Documents and any other document or agreement related hereto or thereto, and the transactions contemplated hereby, including all such costs, expenses and fees incurred in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution, amendment, administration, performance, collection and enforcement of the Obligations and all such documents and agreements and the creation, perfection, protection, satisfaction, foreclosure or enforcement of the Security Interest.

Section 8.6 <u>Indemnity</u>. In addition to the payment of expenses pursuant to <u>Section 8.5</u>, the Borrower shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Lender, and any of its participants, parent corporations, subsidiary corporations, affiliated corporations, successor corporations, and all present and future officers, directors, employees, attorneys and agents of the foregoing (the "<u>Indemnitees</u>") from and against any of the following (collectively, "<u>Indemnified Liabilities</u>"):

- (a) Any and all transfer taxes, documentary taxes, assessments or charges made by any governmental authority by reason of the execution and delivery of the Loan Documents or the making of the Advances;
- (b) Any claims, loss or damage to which any Indemnitee may be subjected as a result of any violation of the covenant contained in Section 6.12(b); and

(c) Any and all other liabilities, losses, damages, penalties, judgments, suits, claims, costs and expenses of any kind or nature whatsoever (including the reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel) in connection with the foregoing and any other investigative, administrative or judicial proceedings, whether or not such Indemnitee shall be designated a party thereto, which may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against any such Indemnitee, in any manner related to or arising out of or in connection with the making of the Advances and the Loan Documents or the use or intended use of the proceeds of the Advances. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Borrower shall not be obligated to indemnify any Indemnitee for any Indemnified Liability caused by the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee.

If any investigative, judicial or administrative proceeding arising from any of the foregoing is brought against any Indemnitee, upon such Indemnitee's request, the Borrower, or counsel designated by the Borrower and satisfactory to the Indemnitee, will resist and defend such action, suit or proceeding to the extent and in the manner directed by the Indemnitee, at the Borrower's sole costs and expense. Each Indemnitee will use its best efforts to cooperate in the defense of any such action, suit or proceeding. If the foregoing undertaking to indemnify, defend and hold harmless may be held to be unenforceable because it violates any law or public policy, the Borrower shall nevertheless make the maximum contribution to the payment and satisfaction of each of the Indemnified Liabilities which is permissible under applicable law. The Borrower's obligations under this Section 8.6 shall survive the termination of this Agreement and the discharge of the Borrower's other obligations hereunder.

Section 8.7 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 8.8 Execution in Counterparts; Telefacsimile Execution. This Agreement and other Loan Documents may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be deemed to be an original and all of which counterparts, taken together, shall constitute but one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Agreement by telefacsimile shall be equally as effective as delivery of an original executed counterpart of this Agreement by telefacsimile also shall deliver an original executed counterpart of this Agreement but the failure to deliver an original executed counterpart shall not affect the validity, enforceability, and binding effect of this Agreement.

Section 8.9 <u>Retention of Borrower's Records</u>. The Lender shall have no obligation to maintain any electronic records or any documents, schedules, invoices, agings, or other papers delivered to the Lender by the Borrower or in connection with the Loan Documents for more than 30 days after receipt by the Lender. If there is a special need to retain specific records, the Borrower must inform the Lender of its need to retain those records with particularity, which must be delivered in accordance with the notice provisions of Section 8.3 within 30 days of the Lender taking control of same.

Section 8.10 <u>Binding Effect; Assignment; Complete Agreement; Sharing Information.</u> The Loan Documents shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Borrower and the Lender and their respective successors and assigns, except that the Borrower shall not have the right to assign its rights thereunder or any interest therein without the Lender's prior written consent. To the extent permitted by law, the Borrower waives and will not assert against any assignee any claims, defenses or set-offs which the Borrower could assert against the

Lender. This Agreement shall also bind all Persons who become a party to this Agreement as a borrower. This Agreement, together with the Loan Documents, comprises the complete and integrated agreement of the parties on the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements, written or oral, on the subject matter hereof. To the extent that any provision of this Agreement contradicts other provisions of the Loan Documents, this Agreement shall control. Without limiting the Lender's right to share information regarding the Borrower and its Affiliates with the Lender's participants, accountants, lawyers and other advisors, the Lender may share any and all information they may have in their possession regarding the Borrower and its Affiliates, and the Borrower waives any right of confidentiality it may have with respect to such sharing of information.

Section 8.11 <u>Severability of Provisions</u>. Any provision of this Agreement which is prohibited or unenforceable shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof.

Section 8.12 <u>Headings</u>. Article, Section and subsection headings in this Agreement are included herein for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Agreement for any other purpose.

Section 8.13 Governing Law; Jurisdiction, Venue; Waiver of Jury Trial. The Loan Documents shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the substantive laws (other than conflict laws) of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The parties hereto hereby (i) consent to the personal jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court in connection with any controversy related to this Agreement; (ii) waive any argument that venue in any such forum is not convenient; (iii) agree that any litigation initiated by the Lender or the Borrower in connection with this Agreement or the other Loan Documents may be venued exclusively in the Bankruptcy Court or such federal court exercising jurisdiction over the Borrower's bankruptcy case; and (iv) agree that a final judgment in any such suit, action or proceeding shall be conclusive and may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit on the judgment or in any other manner provided by law.

Section 8.14 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 8.15 <u>Lender as Party-in-Interest</u>. The Borrower hereby stipulates and agrees that the Lender is and shall remain a party in interest in the Chapter 11 Case and shall have the right to participate, object and be heard in any motion or proceeding in connection therewith. Nothing in this Agreement or any other Loan Document shall be deemed to be a waiver of any of the Lender's rights or remedies under applicable law or documentation. Without limitation of the foregoing, the Lender shall have the right to make any motion or raise any objection it deems to be in its interest (specifically including but not limited to objections to use of proceeds of the Loans, to payment of professional fees and expenses or the amount thereof, to sales or other transactions outside the ordinary course of business or to assumption or rejection of any executory contract or lease), provided that the Lender will not exercise such right if the action or inaction by the Borrower which is the subject of such motion or objection is expressly permitted by any covenant or provision of this Agreement.

Section 8.16 <u>Waiver of Right to Obtain Alternative Financing</u>. In consideration of the Advances to be made to the Borrower by the Lender, Borrower hereby further waives any right it

may have to obtain an order by the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the Borrower to obtain financing pursuant to Section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code from any person other than the Lender, unless such financing would result in all of the Obligations to the Lender (whether arising before, on or after the date of this Agreement) being paid in full, in cash, on or before the expiration of the term of this Agreement.

Section 8.17 <u>Credit Bids</u>. The Lender shall maintain its right to credit bid the Lender's claims under the this Agreement or the Financing Order pursuant to Section 363(k) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 8.18 <u>Application of Payments to Obligations; Application of Proceeds of</u> Collateral.

- (a) All proceeds from the sale of Collateral, whether realized through a Substantial Asset Disposition shall be immediately paid in cash by Borrower to Lender, and shall applied by Lender (i) first in satisfaction of outstanding Pre-petition Obligations (to the extent outstanding), and (ii) second in satisfaction of outstanding Obligations under this Agreement.
- (b) All payments of Obligations by Borrower to Lender shall be made as and when due hereunder, and shall applied by Lender (i) first in satisfaction of outstanding Pre-petition Obligations, and (ii) second in satisfaction of outstanding Obligations under this Agreement.

THE BORROWER AND THE LENDER WAIVE ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION AT LAW OR IN EQUITY OR IN ANY OTHER PROCEEDING BASED ON OR PERTAINING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized as of the date set forth in the initial caption of this Agreement.

.

BORROWER:

LIQUIDATION OUTLET, LLC

By:		
Name:		
Title:		

ADDRESS;

Liquidation Outlet, Inc. 1025 Valley Avenue Puyallup, Washignton 98371 Attention: Mr. Gary Woodring Fax: (253) 840-2210

with a copy to:

Oldfield & Helsdon, PLLC 1401 Regents Boulevard, Suite 102 P.O. Box 64189 Fircrest, Washington 98466 Attention: Jeffrey P. Helsdon, Esq. Fax: (253) 414-3500

LENDER:
LOI CAPITAL, LLC
By:
Name:
Title:

ADDRESS

LOI Capital, LLC c/o
Hudson Capital Partners, LLC
One Gateway Center, Ste. 402
Newton, Massachusetts 02458
Attention: Mr. David Peress, President
Fax: (617) 630-1510

with a copy to:

Greenberg Traurig, LLP One International Place Boston, Massachusetts 02110 Attention: Jeffrey M. Wolf, Esq. Fax: (617) 310-6001

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EXHIBIT B

		4 Week Cash	Flow Summary		
Week Beginning	3/21/10	3/28/10	4/4/10	4/11/10	4 Week
Week Ending	3/27/10	4/3/10	4/10/10	4/19/10	Total
Charlie's Produce	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(160,000)
Liberty Dairy &		(12,800)			(12,800)
Others					
Pepsico		(17,000)			(17,000)
Soil Conditioners	(1,335)	(1,335)	(1,335)	(1,335)	(5,340)
Imports		(6,246)		(30,106)	(36,352)
Domestic		(32,086)	(148,076)	(123,205)	(303,367)
Total Merchandise	(41,335)	(109,467)	(189,411)	(194,646)	(534,859)
Needed					
Cash from	202,957	725	3,468	228,320	435,470
Operations					
Cash Available for	161,622	(108,742)	(185,943)	33,674	(99,389)
Merch. Purchasing					

Budget					
Week Beginning	3/21/10	3/28/10	4/4/10	4/11/10	4 Week
Week Ending	3/27/10	4/3/10	4/10/10	4/19/10	Total
Total Revenue	335,000	333,000	357,000	367,000	1,392,000
Less: Credit Card	(2,345)	(2,331)	(2,499)	(2,569)	(9,744)
fees	332,655	330,669	354,501	364,431	1,382,256
Net Revenue					
Labor	(60,812)	(60,449)	(64,805)	(66,621)	(252,687)
Warehouse Labor	(30,327)	(30,327)	(30,327)	(30,327)	(121,308)
Admin Labor	(6,318)	(6,280)	(6,733)	(6,922)	(26,253)
Rent		(208,926)	(208,926)		(417,852)
Utilities	(20,700)	(20,700)	(20,700)	(20,700)	(82,800)
Arco Fuel	(1,600)	(1,600)	(1,600)	(1,600)	(6,400)
Vehicle Repair	(808)		(808)	(808)	(2,424)
Supplies	(1,666)		(1,667)	(1,667)	(5,000)
Repairs		(1,500)			(1,500)
Janatorial			(8,000)		(8,000)
OR DOT		(162)			(162)
Advertising	(7,467)		(7,467)	(7,466)	(22,400)
Operating Expenses	(129,698)	(329,944)	(351,033)	(136,111)	(946,786)
NOI	202,957	725	3,569	228,320	435,470

1	BRIAN L. BUDSBERG, WSBA#11225 HONORABLE PAUL B. SNYDER
2	Brian L. Budsberg, P.L.L.C. P.O. Box 1489 Location Tacoma Chapter 11
3	Olympia, WA 98507-1489 Telephone: (360) 584-9093
4	Facsimile: (360) 252-8333 Attorney for Debtors
5	
6	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
7	
8	In re No. 10-42279
9	LIQUIDATION OUTLET, INC., ORDER (1) AUTHORIZING
10	Debtor. INCURRENCE OF SECURED INDEBTEDNESS WITH PRIORITY
11	OVER ALL OTHER SECURED INDEBTEDNESS AND WITH
12	ADMINISTRATIVE SUPERPRIORITY, (2) GRANTING SECURITY INTERESTS,
13	(3) PROVIDING FOR ADEQUATE PROTECTION, (4) APPROVING
14	AGREEMENTS RELATING TO THE FOREGOING AND
15	(5) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF
16	THIS MATTER having come before the Court upon motion (the "DIP Motion") by
17	Liquidation Outlet, Inc. (the "Debtor"), as a debtor and debtor-in-possession in the above captioned
18	chapter 11 case (the "Case") seeking, among other things, entry of an order (this "Order")
19	authorizing the Debtor to:
20	(i) Obtain credit and incur debt, pursuant to sections 363, 364(c) and 364(d) of the
21	Bankruptcy Code, up to the aggregate committed amount of \$2,000,000 (on terms and conditions
22	more fully described herein) secured by priming first priority perfected liens (as defined in section
23	101(37) of chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code, as amended (the "Bankruptcy Code")

and referred to and defined in more detail herein as the "**DIP Liens**") on property of the Debtor's estate pursuant to sections 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and with priority, as to administrative expenses, as provided in section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to the terms and conditions contained herein;

- (ii) (a) Enter into and establish the financing arrangement (as amended, modified and in effect from time to time, the "DIP Credit Facility") provided for in that certain Debtor in Possession Credit and Security Agreement substantially in the form filed of record in the Case and introduced into evidence at the hearing on the DIP Motion (the "DIP Credit Agreement", and together with any other document in connection with the DIP Credit Facility, collectively, the "DIP Documents"), by and among the Debtor and LOI Capital, LLC (the "DIP Lender"), and (b) incur the "Obligations" under and as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement (collectively, the "DIP Obligations");
- (iii) Authorize the use of the proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility (net of any amounts used to pay fees under the DIP Credit Agreement) in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Budget (as defined below) solely for (a) payment of the Pre-Petition Obligations (as defined below), (b) working capital and general corporate purposes to the extent set forth in the Budget, (c) payment of costs of administration of the Case, and (d) payment of such prepetition expenses as contemplated in the Budget or as consented to by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion and as approved by the Bankruptcy Court;
- (iv) Grant, pursuant to sections 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, the DIP Lender priming first priority perfected liens, upon all of the Debtor's real and personal property as provided in and as contemplated by this Order, the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement;

- (v) Grant, pursuant to section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, the DIP Lender superpriority administrative claim status in respect of all DIP Obligations;
- (vi) Vacate and modify the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent necessary to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order; and
- (viii) Waive the fourteen (14) day stay provisions of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 6004(h).

The Court having considered the DIP Motion, the Declaration of [Mr. Gary Woodring] in support of the DIP Motion, the exhibits attached thereto, the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement, and the evidence submitted at the hearing on this Order (the "DIP Hearing"); and in accordance with Rules 2002, 4001(b), (c), and (d), and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), due and proper notice of the DIP Motion and the DIP Hearing having been given; the DIP Hearing having been held and concluded on April ___, 2010; and it appearing that approval of the relief requested in the DIP Motion is fair and reasonable and in the best interests of the Debtor, its creditors, its estate and its equity holders, and is essential for the continued operation of the Debtor's businesses; and it further appearing that the Debtor is unable to secure unsecured credit for money borrowed allowable as an administrative expense under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b)(1); and there is adequate protection of the interests of holders of liens on the property of the estate on which liens are to be granted, or such holders of liens have consented to the provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order; and all objections, if any, to the entry of this DIP Order having been withdrawn, resolved or overruled by the Court; and after due deliberation and consideration, and for good and sufficient cause appearing therefore:

BASED UPON THE RECORD ESTABLISHED AT THE DIP HEARING BY THE DEBTOR, THE COURT HEREBY MAKES THE FOLLOWING FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- A. **Petition Date**. On March 24, 2010 (the "**Petition Date**"), the Debtor filed a voluntary petition under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Washington (Tacoma Division). The Debtor has continued in the management and operation of its business and property as debtor-in-possession pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been appointed in this case.
- B. **Jurisdiction and Venue**. This Court has jurisdiction over these proceedings, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b) and 1334, and over the persons and property affected hereby. Consideration of the DIP Motion constitutes a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). Venue for the Case and proceedings on the DIP Motion is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- C. **Committee Formation**. An official committee of unsecured creditors has not yet been appointed in the Case.
- D. **Notice**. Notice of the DIP Hearing and the entry of this DIP Order has been provided to: (i) the Office of the United States Trustee, (ii) the Internal Revenue Service, (iii) the Debtor's [thirty (30)] largest unsecured creditors, (iv) counsel to the Debtor, (v) counsel to the Pre-Petition Lenders (as defined below), (vi) counsel to the proposed DIP Lender, (vii) US Bank National Association, and (viii) Associated Petroleum Products, Inc. (collectively, the "Notice Parties").
- E. **Debtor's Acknowledgements and Agreements**. After consultation with its attorneys and financial advisors, but without prejudice to the rights of parties in interest as set forth in paragraph 5 below, the Debtor admits, stipulates, acknowledges and agrees that (collectively, paragraphs E(i) through E(iv) hereof shall be referred to herein as the "**Debtor's Stipulations**"):

- **Pre-Petition Credit Liens.** Prior to the commencement of the Case, the Pre-Petition Lenders (as defined below) made loans and advances and provided credit accommodations to the Debtor pursuant to (i) that certain US Bank Loan Agreement between the Debtor and US Bank National Association ("US Bank") dated as of October 26, 2006 (the "US Bank Loan Agreement" and, together with all other agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered with, to, or in favor of US Bank, including, without limitation, the security agreements, notes, guarantees and Uniform Commercial Code ("UCC") financing statements and all other related agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered in connection therewith or related thereto, collectively, the "US Bank Loan Documents"), pursuant to which the Debtor is indebted to US Bank for certain pre-petition loans in the principal amount of \$[700,000] as of the Petition Date (together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, fees and expenses related thereto, collectively, the "US Bank Obligations"), and (ii) that certain Letter Agreement between the Debtor and [LOI Capital, LLC] ("LOI Capital", and collectively with US Bank, the "Pre-Petition Lenders") dated as of March 15, 2010 (the "LOI Loan Agreement", and together with all other agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered with, to, or in favor of LOI Capital, including, without limitation, the security agreements, notes, guarantees and UCC financing statements and all other related agreements, documents, and instruments executed and/or delivered in connection therewith or related thereto, collectively, the "LOI Loan Documents"; the LOI Loan Agreement and US Bank Loan Agreement are referred to herein collectively as the "Pre-Petition Loan Agreements"), pursuant to which the Debtor is indebted to LOI Capital for certain prepetition loans and advances in the principal amount of \$150,000 as of the Petition Date (together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, fees and expenses related thereto, collectively, the "LOI Obligations, and together with the US Bank Obligations, collectively, the "**Pre-Petition Obligations**")
- (ii) <u>Pre-Petition Obligations Amount</u>. As of the Petition Date, the aggregate amount of all loans and other obligations in respect of the US Bank Loan Agreement equaled \$700,000, and the aggregate amount of all loans and other obligations in respect of the LOI Loan Agreement equaled \$150,000, in each case plus all costs, expenses, fees (including attorneys' fees and legal expenses) and other charges, plus any further advances and less any collected and applied proceeds (collectively the "Pre-Petition Debt").

(iii) Pre-Petition Collateral.

A. As of the Petition Date, the US Bank Obligations are fully secured pursuant to the US Bank Loan Documents by first priority security interests and liens (the "US Bank Liens") granted by the Debtor to US Bank upon all personal property assets of the Debtor, including, without limitation, all (a) accounts, (b) documents, (c) deposit accounts, (d) commercial tort claims, (e) equipment, (f) general intangibles, (g) inventory, (h) goods, (i) fixtures, (j) chattel paper, (k) investment property, (1) payment intangibles, (m) supporting obligations, (n) instruments, (o) money, policies and certificates of insurance, deposits, cash, or other property, (p) all books, records, and

information relating to any of the foregoing and/or to the operation of any Borrower's business, and all rights of access to such books, records, and information, and all property in which such books, records, and information are stored, recorded and maintained, (q) all rolling stock, (r) all insurance proceeds, refunds, and premium rebates, including, without limitation, proceeds of fire and credit insurance, whether any of such proceeds, refunds, and premium rebates arise out of any of the foregoing clauses (a) through (r) or otherwise, (s) all liens, guaranties, rights, remedies, and privileges pertaining to any of the foregoing clauses (a) through (s), including the right of stoppage in transit, and (t) any of the foregoing whether now owned, or in which the Debtor had an interest, or thereafter acquired, arising, or in which the Debtor obtained an interest, and all products, proceeds, substitutions, and accessions of or to any of the foregoing (collectively, the "**Pre-Petition Collateral**"), with priority over all other liens except for any liens otherwise permitted by the US Bank Loan Documents (to the extent any such permitted liens are valid, properly perfected, unavoidable, and senior, they are referred to herein as the "**Permitted Prior Liens**").

- B. As of the Petition Date, the LOI Obligations are fully secured pursuant to the LOI Loan Documents by second priority security interests and liens (the "LOI Liens" and, together with the US Bank Liens, collectively, the "Pre-Petition Liens") granted by the Debtor to LOI upon all of the Pre-Petition Collateral,³ with priority over all other liens except for any Permitted Prior Liens.
- C. The Debtor does not possess and will not assert any claim, counterclaim, setoff or defense of any kind, nature or description which would in any way affect the validity, enforceability and non-avoidability of any of respective the Pre-Petition Lenders' liens, claims and/or security interests in the Pre-Petition Collateral.

(iv) Pre-Petition Credit Agreements.

A. (1) As of the Petition Date, (x) the US Bank Liens are valid, binding, enforceable, and perfected first priority liens subject only to any Permitted Prior Liens

The acknowledgment and agreement by Debtors of the Pre-Petition Obligations and the liens, rights priorities and protections granted to or in favor of the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement Lenders, as set forth herein and in the Pre-Petition Credit Agreements, shall constitute a proof of claim on behalf of the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement Lenders in these Cases.

Nothing herein shall constitute a finding or ruling by this Court that any such Permitted Prior Liens are invalid, senior, perfected and unavoidable. Moreover, nothing shall prejudice the rights of any party in interest including, but not limited, to the Debtors and the DIP Lenders, and any committee appointed pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code to challenge the validity, priority, perfection and extent of any such Permitted Prior Lien and/or security interest.

The acknowledgment and agreement by Debtors of the Pre-Petition Obligations and the liens, rights priorities and protections granted to or in favor of the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement Lenders, as set forth herein and in the Pre-Petition Credit Agreements, shall constitute a proof of claim on behalf of the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement Lenders in these Cases.

and are not subject to avoidance, recharacterization or subordination pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, (y) the US Bank Obligations constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtor, enforceable in accordance with the terms thereof (other than in respect of the stay of enforcement arising from section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code), no offsets, defenses or counterclaims to any of the US Bank Obligations exists, and no portion of the US Bank Obligations is subject to avoidance, recharacterization or subordination pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, and (z) the US Bank Obligations constitute allowed secured claims, and (b) on the date that this DIP Order is entered, the Debtor has waived, discharged and released US Bank, together with its affiliates, agents, attorneys, officers, directors and employees, of any right the Debtor may have (A) to challenge or object to any of the US Bank Obligations, (B) to challenge or object to the US Bank Liens securing the US Bank Obligations, and (C) to bring or pursue any and all claims, objections, challenges, causes of action and/or chooses in action arising out of, based upon or related to the US Bank Loan Agreement or otherwise.

B. A. (1) As of the Petition Date, (x) the LOI Liens are valid, binding, enforceable, and perfected second priority liens subject only to any Permitted Prior Liens and are not subject to avoidance, recharacterization or subordination pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, (y) the LOI Obligations constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtor, enforceable in accordance with the terms thereof (other than in respect of the stay of enforcement arising from section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code), no offsets, defenses or counterclaims to any of the LOI Obligations exists, and no portion of the LOI Obligations is subject to avoidance, recharacterization or subordination pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, and (z) the LOI Obligations constitute allowed secured claims, and (b) on the date that this DIP Order is entered, the Debtor has waived, discharged and released LOI, together with its affiliates, agents, attorneys, officers, directors and employees, of any right the Debtor may have (A) to challenge or object to any of the LOI Obligations, (B) to challenge or object to the LOI Liens securing the LOI Obligations, and (C) to bring or pursue any and all claims, objections, challenges, causes of action and/or chooses in action arising out of, based upon or related to the LOI Loan Agreement or otherwise.

F. Findings Regarding the Post-Petition Financing.

(i) <u>Need for Post-Petition Financing</u>. An immediate need exists for the Debtor to obtain funds from the DIP Credit Facility in order to continue operations and to administer and preserve the value of its estate. The ability of the Debtor to finance its operations requires the availability of working capital from the DIP Credit Facility, the absence of which would immediately and irreparably harm the Debtor, its estate, its creditors and equity holders and

the possibility for a successful sale of the Debtor's assets as a going concern or otherwise. Based upon the pleadings and proceedings of record in the Case, the Debtor does not have sufficient available sources of working capital and financing to carry on the operation of its business without the DIP Credit Facility. The Debtor's ability to maintain business relationships with vendors, suppliers and customers, pay employees, make capital expenditures, make adequate protection payments, purchase and supply new inventory and otherwise finance their operations is essential to the Debtor's continued viability. In addition, based on the record presented at the DIP Hearing: (i) the Debtor's critical need for financing is immediate; (ii) in the absence of the DIP Credit Facility, the continued operation of the Debtor's business would not be possible and serious harm to the Debtor would occur; and (iii) the preservation, maintenance and enhancement of the value of the Debtor's estate is of the utmost significance and importance.

unable to obtain unsecured credit allowable under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b)(1) as an administrative expense. The Debtor is also unable to obtain secured credit, allowable under Bankruptcy Code sections 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), and 364(d) on more favorable terms and conditions than those provided in the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order. [The Debtor is not able to obtain sufficient long-term financing from sources other than the DIP Lender on terms more favorable than under the DIP Credit Facility, and is not able to obtain unsecured credit allowable as an administrative expense under section 503(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code]. New credit is unavailable to the Debtor without providing the DIP Lender the DIP Superpriority Claims (as defined below) and the DIP Liens (as defined below) in the DIP Collateral (as defined below), as provided herein. The Debtor is unable to obtain credit for borrowed money without the granting of liens on its assets.

- (iii) **Prior Liens**. Nothing herein shall constitute a finding or ruling by this Court that any Permitted Prior Liens are valid, senior, perfected and unavoidable. Moreover, nothing shall prejudice the rights of any party in interest including, but not limited to, any committee appointed pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code to challenge the validity, priority, perfection and extent of any such Permitted Prior Lien and or security interest. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to the liens of the DIP Lender, as provided for herein, the Pre-Petition Credit Liens have priority over and above all other liens except any liens which were valid, senior, perfected and otherwise unavoidable as of the Petition Date.
- G. **Section 506(c) Waiver**. No costs or expenses of administration which have been or may be incurred in the Case at any time shall be charged against the DIP Lender, its claims, or the DIP Collateral, pursuant to sections 105, 506(c) or 522 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender, and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence by the DIP Lender..
- H. Asset Purchase Agreement. The DIP Lender and the Debtor are parties to that certain Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of March 24, 2010 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") by and between the Debtor as seller, and the DIP Lender, in its capacity as purchaser in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, which provides for the sale or disposition pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code by Borrower of substantially all of the assets of the Debtor. As more fully described in the Debtor's motion to approve the Asset Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby filed with the Bankruptcy Court, the Asset Purchase Agreement has been negotiated by the Debtor and the DIP Lender at arms length. The DIP Lender has indicated that its willingness to provide post-petition financing to the Debtor pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement is based in part upon the agreements set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement for the sale or

disposition pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code of substantially all of the assets of the Debtor; and the entry by the Debtor into the Asset Purchase Agreement, as well as the solicitation of higher and better offers for the purchase of the Debtor's assets through an auction process and consummation of such sale, are conditions to the obligation of the DIP Lender to provide financing to the Debtor under the DIP Credit Agreement. The Debtor acknowledges that the financing to be provided under the DIP Credit Agreement is essential to the Debtor's estate and that the DIP Lender is a good faith lender with respect to such financing.

- I. Use of Proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility. Proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility (net of any amounts used to pay fees under the DIP Credit Agreement) shall be used in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Budget (as defined below), solely for (a) payment in full of the Pre-Petition Obligations (and termination of the Pre-Petition Loan Agreements), (b) working capital and general corporate purposes to the extent set forth in the Budget, (c) payment of costs of administration of the Case, and (d) payment of such prepetition expenses as contemplated in the Budget or as consented to by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion and as approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- J. **Extension of Financing**. The DIP Lender has indicated a willingness to provide financing to the Debtor in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and subject to (i) the entry of this DIP Order, and (ii) findings by the Court that such financing is essential to the Debtor's estate, that the DIP Lender is a good faith financier, and that the DIP Lender's claims, superpriority claims, security interests and liens and other protections granted pursuant to this DIP Order and the DIP Credit Facility will not be affected by any subsequent reversal, modification, vacatur or amendment of this DIP Order or any other order, as provided in section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- K. Business Judgment and Good Faith Pursuant to Section 364(e). The terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement, and the fees paid and to be paid thereunder are fair, reasonable, and the best available under the circumstances, reflect the Debtor's exercise of prudent business judgment consistent with its fiduciary duties, and are supported by reasonably equivalent value and consideration. The DIP Credit Facility was negotiated in good faith and at arms' length between the Debtor and the DIP Lender. Use of the proceeds to be extended under the DIP Credit Facility will be so extended in good faith, and for valid business purposes and uses, the consequence of which is that the DIP Lender and is entitled to the protection and benefits of section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- L. **Notice**. Sufficient and adequate notice of the DIP Motion has been provided based upon the notice provided to the Notice Parties, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 4001(c) and (d) and 9014 and Section 102(1) of the Bankruptcy Code as required by Sections 364 (c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and notice and opportunity for hearing on the Motion or this DIP Order is adequate under the particular circumstances of the Case.
- M. **Entry of DIP Order**. For the reasons stated above, the Debtor has requested immediate entry of this DIP Order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(2). Absent entry of this DIP Order, the Debtor's business, properties and estate will be harmed. This Court concludes that entry of this DIP Order is in the best interest of the Debtor, its estate and creditors as its implementation will, among other things, allow for the continued operation of the Debtor's existing businesses and enhance the value of the Debtor's estate.

Based on the foregoing, and upon the record made before this Court at the DIP Hearing, and good and sufficient cause appearing therefor,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT:

1. Motion Granted. The DIP Motion is granted in its entirety subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this DIP Order and the DIP Credit Agreement.

2. DIP Credit Agreement Authorization.

- and immediately authorized, empowered and directed to execute and deliver the DIP Credit Agreement and to incur and to perform the DIP Obligations in accordance with, and subject to, the terms of this DIP Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, and to deliver all instruments and documents which may be required or necessary for the performance by the Debtor under the DIP Credit Facility and the creation and perfection of the DIP Liens described in and provided for by this DIP Order and the DIP Credit Agreement. The Debtor is hereby authorized and directed to pay the principal, interest, fees, expenses and other amounts described in the DIP Credit Agreement and all other documents comprising the DIP Credit Facility as such become due, including, without limitation, lender fees, facility fees, arranger fees, commitment fees, letter of credit fees and reasonable attorneys', financial advisors' and accountants' fees and disbursements as provided for in the DIP Credit Agreement, which amounts shall not otherwise be subject to approval of this Court. Upon execution and delivery, the DIP Credit Agreement shall represent valid and binding obligations of the Debtor enforceable against the Debtor in accordance with its terms.
- (b) <u>Authorization to Borrow</u>. In order to enable the Debtor to continue to operate its business, and subject to the terms and conditions of this DIP Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, documents comprising the DIP Credit Facility, and the Budget (as defined below), the Debtor is hereby authorized under the DIP Credit Facility to request extensions of credit, and borrow,

up to a total committed amount of \$2,000,000, of which the entire amount shall be authorized to the extent provided in the DIP Credit Agreement and subject to the Budget. So long as the Debtor is not in default under the terms of this DIP Order or the DIP Credit Documents, the Debtor is immediately authorized to borrow from the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Facility (a) in accordance with the terms and provisions of the DIP Documents and the DIP Order, (b) to the extent required to pay those expenses enumerated in the Budget, as and when such expenses come due,

- (c) <u>Application of DIP Proceeds</u>. The Debtor is authorized to borrow pursuant to the DIP Credit Facility, and the proceeds of the DIP Credit Facility (net of any amounts used to pay fees under the DIP Credit Agreement) shall be used, in each case in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement, and in accordance with the Budget (as defined below) solely for (a) payment of the Pre-Petition Obligations, (b) working capital and general corporate purposes to the extent set forth in the Budget, (c) payment of costs of administration of the Case, and (d) payment of such prepetition expenses as contemplated in the Budget or as consented to by the DIP Lender in its full discretion, and as approved by the Court.
 - (d) None of the DIP Collateral (including proceeds thereof) or borrowings under the DIP Credit Facility may be used directly or indirectly by the Debtor, any Committee (defined below), or any other person or entity to object to or contest in any manner the DIP Obligations, the DIP Documents, the DIP Liens, the DIP Superpriority Claims (as defined below) or to assert or prosecute any actions, claims or causes of action (including, without limitation, any claims or causes of action under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code) against the DIP Lender. In addition, except as expressly provided therein, without the consent of the DIP Lender, no portion of the DIP Collateral (including proceeds thereof) or borrowings under the DIP Credit Facility shall be used or available for use or applied by any party (including the Debtor) to seek authorization to obtain liens

or security interests that are senior to, or on a parity with, the DIP Liens, the DIP Superpriority Claims, or the Replacement Liens (as each term is defined below).

(e) <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The DIP Lender shall have no obligation to make any loan under the DIP Credit Agreement unless the conditions precedent to make such loan or advance under the DIP Credit Agreement have been satisfied in full or waived by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion.

(f) **Post-Petition Liens**.

- (i) Upon due execution and delivery to the DIP Lender, the DIP Documents shall constitute, and are hereby deemed to be the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtor, enforceable against the Debtor in accordance with the terms of such DIP Documents. No obligation, payment, transfer or grant of security under the DIP Documents or this DIP Order shall be stayed, restrained, voided, voidable or recoverable under the Bankruptcy Code or under any applicable non-bankruptcy law, or subject to any defense, reduction, setoff, recoupment or counterclaim.
- (ii) Effective immediately upon the execution of this DIP Order, DIP Lender is hereby granted pursuant to sections 361, 362, 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), 364(e)(3), and 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, priming first priority, continuing, valid, binding, enforceable, non-avoidable and automatically perfected postpetition security interests in and liens on, all present and after-acquired property of the Debtor of any nature whatsoever and wherever located (collectively, the "DIP Liens"), (which DIP Liens shall be effective upon the date of this DIP Order, without the necessity of the execution by the Debtor or the filing or recordation of mortgages, security agreements, lockbox or control agreements, financing statements, or any other instruments or otherwise by the DIP Lender), including, without limitation: all presently owned and hereafter

acquired assets and real and personal property of the Debtor, including, without limitation, accounts, chattel paper and electronic chattel paper, deposit accounts, documents, furniture, fixtures, equipment, general intangibles, goods, instruments, inventory, investment property, leases, vehicles, rolling stock, leases of real property, letter-of-credit rights, letters of credit, cash and cash equivalents, including sums on deposit in any deposit or escrow account, together with (i) all substitutions and replacements for and products of any of the foregoing; (ii) in the case of all goods, all accessions; (iii) all accessories, attachments, parts, equipment and repairs now or hereafter attached or affixed to or used in connection with any goods; (iv) all warehouse receipts, bills of lading and other documents of title now or hereafter covering such goods; (v) all collateral subject to the Lien of any Security Document; (vi) any money, or other assets of the Borrower that now or hereafter come into the possession, custody, or control of the DIP Lender; (vii) proceeds of any and all of the foregoing; all of the foregoing, whether now owned or existing or hereafter acquired or arising or in which the Borrower now has or hereafter acquires any rights (the "Collateral").

(iii) In no event shall any lien or security interest that is avoided and preserved for the benefit of the Debtor's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, or any person or entity who pays (or through the extension of credit to Debtor, causes to be paid) any of the DIP Obligations, be subrogated, in whole or in part, to any rights, remedies, claims, privileges, liens or security interests granted in favor of, or conferred upon the DIP Lender by the terms of the DIP

All defined terms used in the description of the DIP Collateral as set forth in **paragraph 7** shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the DIP Credit Agreement. All terms not specifically defined in the DIP Credit Agreement and used in **paragraph 7** shall have the meanings assigned to such term in Article 8 or 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code as the same may, from time to time, be enacted and in effect in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Credit Agreement or this DIP Order, until such time as all of the DIP Obligations shall be indefeasibly paid in full in cash in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order. Upon the expiration of the Challenge Period Termination Date (as defined below), all pre-petition liens and security interests of the Pre-Petition Lenders in the Pre-Petition Credit Collateral shall be deemed to be assigned (and not terminated or released to the extent so assigned) to the DIP Lender as additional collateral security for so much of the DIP Obligations as shall at any time have been used to repay or refinance the Pre-Petition Debt, and such assignment shall be in addition to, and shall not limit, prejudice or impair in any way any of the claims or liens of the DIP Lender in the Collateral granted pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order.

Lender, as provided herein, (a) are created pursuant to sections 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) are first, valid, prior, perfected, unavoidable, and superior to any security, mortgage, or collateral interest or lien or claim to any of the DIP Collateral, and are subject only to the Carve Out, and shall secure all DIP Obligations. The DIP Liens shall not be made subject to or *pari passu* with any lien or security interest by any court order heretofore or hereafter entered in the Case; and such DIP Liens shall be valid and enforceable against any trustee appointed in the Case, upon the conversion of the Case to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceedings related to any of the foregoing (any "Successor Case"), and/or upon the dismissal of any of the Case. The DIP Liens shall not be subject to sections 506(c), 510, 549, 550 or 551 of the Bankruptcy Code.

(h) <u>Enforceable Obligations</u>. The DIP Credit Agreement shall constitute and evidence the valid and binding obligations of the Debtor, which obligations shall be enforceable against the Debtor, its estate and any successors thereto and its creditors, in accordance with its terms.

- Superpriority Administrative Claim Status. All DIP Obligations shall be (i) an allowed superpriority administrative expense claim (the "DIP Superpriority Claim" and, together with the DIP Liens, the "**DIP Protections**") with priority in any Case under sections 364(c)(1), 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and otherwise over all administrative expense claims and unsecured claims against the Debtor and its estate, now existing or hereafter arising, of any kind or nature whatsoever including, without limitation, administrative expenses of the kinds specified in or ordered pursuant to sections 105, 326, 328, 330 of the Bankruptcy Code, 331, 503(a), 503(b), 506(c), 507(a), 507(b), 546(c), 546(d), 726(b), 1113, and 1114. No costs or expenses of administration, including, without limitation, professional fees allowed and payable under Bankruptcy Code sections 328, 330, and 331, or otherwise, that have been or may be incurred in these proceedings, or in any Successor Case, and no priority claims are, or will be, senior to, prior to, or on a parity with the DIP Protections or the DIP Obligations, or with any other claims of the DIP Lender arising hereunder. In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 364(c)(1), (i) the DIP Obligations shall constitute claims (the "**DIP Superpriority Claims**") with priority in payment over any and all administrative expenses of the kinds specified or ordered pursuant to any provision of the Bankruptcy Code, including, but not limited to, Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 326, 328, 330, 331, 503(b), 507(a), 507(b), 726, 1113 and 1114 or otherwise, including those resulting from the conversion of any of the Case pursuant to section 1112 of the Bankruptcy Code, which DIP Superpriority Claims shall be payable from and have recourse to all pre- and post-petition property of the Debtor and all proceeds thereof.
- 3. Authorization to Use Proceeds of DIP Credit Agreement. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of this DIP Order, the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement, and in accordance with the budget (as the same may be modified from time to time consistent with the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement, the "Budget"), filed on record in the Case and introduced into evidence

at the DIP Hearing, the Debtor is authorized to use advances under the DIP Credit Agreement during the period commencing immediately after entry of the DIP Order and terminating upon the earlier to occur of notice being provided by the Debtor that an Event of Default (as defined in paragraph 14 of this DIP Order) has occurred and is continuing, and the Commitment Termination Date (as hereinafter defined), in accordance with the Budget. The Budget may be updated (with the consent and/or at the request of the DIP Lender) from time to time, provided that such updated Budget shall be in form and substance acceptable to the DIP Lender and approved by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion, and the Debtor shall be required always to comply with the Budget pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Facility. As set forth above, the Debtor's authorization to use the proceeds of the DIP Credit Agreement shall terminate upon notice being provided by the DIP Lender to the Debtor that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, provided, however, during the Remedies Notice Period (as defined below) the Debtor may use the DIP Credit Agreement solely to meet payroll obligations and pay expenses essential to the preservation of the Debtor and its estate and as agreed by the DIP Lender, provided that any such payments are made in a manner consistent with the terms and provisions of the Budget. Nothing in this DIP Order shall authorize the disposition of any assets of the Debtor or its estate outside the ordinary course of business or other proceeds resulting therefrom, except as permitted in the DIP Credit Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Budget.

4-week operating budget (the "Approved Budget") setting forth the Debtor's projected financial operations, anticipated cumulative cash receipts and expenditures on a weekly basis and all necessary and required cumulative expenses which the Debtor expects to incur during each week during the 4-week period covered by the Approved Budget starting March 29, 2010, which budget shall be in form

and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender, and shall in any event include projected available cash, sales, cash flow, inventory, trade payables, and expenses. The Debtor represents and warrants that the Approved Budget has been prepared on a reasonable basis and in good faith by the Debtor. Furthermore, the Debtor represents and warrants, in its independent business judgment, that the amounts set forth in the Approved Budget are appropriate and necessary to effectuate a successful sale of the Debtor's assets.

- Budget Covenants. In accordance with the terms of the DIP Documents, the Debtor shall provide the DIP Lender, within two (2) Business Days after the end of each week (or if such day is not a business day, the immediately preceding business day) from the Closing Date until the Termination Date (as defined in the DIP Loan Agreement), a report for such week and the period from the first full week after the Petition Date through the end of such week. The Debtor acknowledges and agrees that (i) the incurrence or payment by the Debtor of expenses (x) other than amounts in connection with the itemized amounts set forth in the Approved Budget and (y) in excess of the amount set forth in the Budget Variances (as defined below), or (ii) other violation of the terms and condition of this sub-paragraph (b), shall constitute an "Event of Default" (as defined in the DIP Loan Agreement).
- (c) **Return of Inventory**. The Debtor shall not, without the consent of the DIP Lender: (i) enter into any agreement to return any inventory to any of its creditors for application against any prepetition indebtedness under section 546(h) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ii) consent to any creditor taking any set-off against any of its prepetition indebtedness based upon any such return pursuant to section 553(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.
- **4. Post-Petition Lien Perfection**. This DIP Order shall be sufficient and conclusive evidence of the validity, perfection, and priority of the DIP Liens without the necessity of filing or

recording any financing statement or other instrument or document which may otherwise be required under the law of any jurisdiction or the taking of any other action (including, for the avoidance of doubt, entering into any deposit account control agreement) to validate or perfect the DIP Liens or to entitle the DIP Lender to the priorities granted herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the DIP Lender may, in its sole discretion, file such financing statements, notices of liens and other similar documents, and is hereby granted relief from the automatic stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code in order to do so, and all such financing statements, notices and other documents shall be deemed to have been filed or recorded at the time and on the date of the commencement of the Case. The Debtor shall execute and deliver to the DIP Lender all such financing statements, notices and other documents as the DIP Lender may reasonably request to evidence, confirm, validate or perfect, or to insure the contemplated priority of, the DIP Liens granted pursuant hereto. The DIP Lender, in its discretion, may file a photocopy of this DIP Order as a financing statement with any recording officer designated to file financing statements or with any registry of deeds or similar office in any jurisdiction in which the Debtor has real or personal property, and in such event, the subject filing or recording officer shall be authorized to file or record such copy of this DIP Order.

5. Reservation of Certain Third Party Rights and Bar of Challenges and Claims. Nothing in this DIP Order or the DIP Credit Agreement shall prejudice whatever rights any official committee(s) or any other party in interest with requisite standing other than the Debtor may have (a) to object to or challenge the findings herein, including, but not limited to, those in relation to (i) the validity, extent, perfection or priority of the security interests and liens of the Pre-Petition Lenders in and to the Pre-Petition Collateral, or (ii) the validity, allowability, priority, status or size of the Pre-Petition Debt, or (b) to bring suit against the Pre-Petition Lenders in connection with or related to the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement, or the actions or inactions of Pre-Petition Lenders arising out of or

related to the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement; provided, however, that, unless any official committee(s) or any other party in interest with requisite standing commences a contested matter or adversary proceeding raising such objection or challenge, including without limitation any claim against the Pre-Petition Lenders in the nature of a setoff, counterclaim or defense to the Pre-Petition Debt (including but not limited to, those under sections 506, 544, 547, 548, 550 and/or 552 of the Bankruptcy Code or by way of suit against the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement Lender), within (a) [60] days following the appointment of the official committee of unsecured creditors, or (b) if no official committee of unsecured creditors is appointed, 60 days following entry of the DIP Order (as defined below) (collectively, (a) and (b) shall be referred to as the "Challenge Period," and the date that is the next calendar day after the termination of the Challenge Period, in the event that no objection or challenge is raised during the Challenge Period shall be referred to as the "Challenge Period Termination **Date**"), upon the Challenge Period Termination Date, any and all such challenges and objections by any party (including, without limitation, any official creditors' committee(s) and any Chapter 11 or Chapter 7 trustee appointed herein or in any Successor Case) shall be deemed to be forever waived and barred, and the Pre-Petition Debt shall be deemed to be allowed in full and, to the extent of the value of the Pre-Petition Credit Collateral on the Petition Date, shall be deemed to be allowed as a fully secured claim within the meaning of section 506 of the Bankruptcy Code for all purposes in connection with this Case and the Debtor's Stipulations shall be binding on all creditors, interest holders and parties in interest.

6. Payment of Compensation. Nothing herein shall be construed as consent to the allowance of any professional fees or expenses of the Debtor, any official committee or of any Person or shall affect the right of the DIP Lender, the Pre-Petition Lenders to object to the allowance and payment of such fees and expenses.

- 7. Section 506(c) Claims. Upon entry of this DIP Order, no costs or expenses of administration which have been or may be incurred in the Case at any time shall be charged against the DIP Lender, its claims, or the DIP Collateral, pursuant to sections 105, 506(c) or 522 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender, and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence by the DIP Lender.
- **8. Professional Carveout.** Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, DIP Liens shall be subordinate only to the to a carve-out for the payment of (i) the allowed claims of professionals on behalf of Debtor or any Committee whose employment is approved by this Court, and (ii) the claim of the United States Trustee for the payment of fees under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a) (the "Professional Carve-Out"). The Professional Carve-Out shall not exceed \$200,000.
- 9. Collateral Rights. Unless the DIP Lender has provided its prior written consent or all DIP Obligations have been paid in full in cash (or will be paid in full in cash upon entry of an order approving indebtedness described in subparagraph (a) below), all commitments to lend have terminated, there shall not be entered in these proceedings, or in any Successor Case, any order which authorizes any of the following:
 - (a) the obtaining of credit or the incurring of indebtedness that is secured by a security or collateral interest or other lien on all or any portion of the Collateral and/or entitled to priority administrative status which is equal or senior to those granted to the DIP Lender; or
 - (b) the enforcement of any claimed junior security, mortgage, or collateral interest or other junior lien of any person other than of the DIP Lender on all or any portion of the Collateral; or
 - (c) the Debtor's return of goods constituting Collateral pursuant to section 546(h) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 13. Payment from Proceeds of Collateral. Net proceeds of all Collateral (including, for the avoidance of doubt, proceeds from receivables and sales in the ordinary course of business, insurance proceeds, and proceeds of all dispositions of Collateral, whether or not in the ordinary course) will be applied as follows: (a) first, to permanently reduce the Pre-Petition Debt, and (b) second, to reduce the DIP Obligations, in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement.
- 14. Disposition of Collateral. The Debtor shall not sell, transfer, lease, encumber or otherwise dispose of any portion of the Collateral, or assume, reject or assign any Lease (as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement) without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender (and no such consent shall be implied, from any other action, inaction or acquiescence by the DIP Lender or an order of this Court), except as otherwise provided for in the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order and as approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- **15. Events of Default.** The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an Event of Default under this DIP Order:
 - (a) Failure by the Debtor to comply with any term of this DIP Order.
 - (b) The occurrence of an "Event of Default" as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement.

16. Rights and Remedies Upon Event of Default.

(a) Immediately upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, (i) the DIP Lender may declare all obligations owing under the DIP Credit Agreement to be immediately due and payable and may declare the termination, reduction or restriction of any further commitment to extend credit to the Debtor to the extent any such commitment remains (the declaration of any of the foregoing being herein referred to as a "Termination Declaration" and the date of such declaration being herein referred to as the "Termination Declaration Date"), (ii)

the DIP Lender may declare a termination, reduction or restriction of the ability of the Debtor to use any proceeds of the DIP Credit Agreement, (iii) the DIP Lender may increase the rate of interest applicable to the Loans to the Default Rate under the DIP Credit Agreement.

- In addition to the remedies described above and other customary remedies, (b) any automatic stay otherwise applicable to the DIP Lender is hereby modified so that upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, and following the giving of three (3) days' prior written notice (the "Remedies Notice Period") when required under the DIP Credit Agreement, to the Debtor, any official committee(s) appointed in the Case, and the United States Trustee, the DIP Lender shall be entitled to foreclose on all or any portion of the DIP Collateral, collect accounts receivables and apply the proceeds thereof in accordance with the section 7.2 of the DIP Credit Agreement and be permitted to occupy the Debtor's premises to complete inventories, fulfill orders and sell inventories, execute going out-of-business sales or otherwise exercise remedies against the DIP Collateral and as permitted by applicable non-bankruptcy law. During the Remedies Notice Period, the Debtor shall be entitled to an emergency hearing with the Bankruptcy Court to challenge the occurrence of an Event of Default and, unless ordered otherwise prior to the expiration of the Remedies Notice Period, the automatic stay as to the DIP Lender and shall be deemed automatically terminated at the end of the Remedies Notice Period and without further notice or order.
- (c) If the DIP Lender exercises any of its rights and remedies upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the DIP Lender may sell or retain one or more agents to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the DIP Collateral in accordance with the provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement. In any exercise of its rights and remedies upon an Event of Default under the DIP

Credit Agreement, the DIP Lender is authorized to proceed under or pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement.

- (d) All proceeds realized from any of the foregoing shall be turned over to the DIP Lender for indefeasible application in accordance with the provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this DIP Order.
- (e) **Modification of Automatic Stay**. The automatic stay imposed under Bankruptcy Code section 362(a) is hereby modified pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement as necessary to (1) permit the Debtor to grant the DIP Liens and to incur all liabilities and obligations to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Credit Facility and this DIP Order, and (2) authorize the DIP Lender to retain and apply payments hereunder.
- (i) Automatic Stay. As provided herein, and without further order from this Court, the automatic stay provisions of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code are vacated and modified to the extent necessary to permit the DIP Lender to exercise, upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default under the DIP Documents, all rights and remedies provided for in such DIP Documents, and to take any or all of the following actions without further order of or application to this Court: (a) cease making any loans under the DIP Credit Facility to the Debtor; (c) declare all DIP Obligations to be immediately due and payable; (d) freeze monies or balances in the Debtor's accounts; (e) immediately set off any and all amounts in accounts maintained by the Debtor with the DIP Lender against the DIP Obligations, or otherwise enforce rights against the DIP Collateral in the possession of the DIP Lender for application towards the DIP Obligations; and (f) take any other actions or exercise any other rights or remedies permitted under this DIP Order, the DIP Documents or applicable law to effect the repayment of the DIP Obligations; provided, however, that prior to the exercise of any right in clauses (a), (d), (e) or (f) of this paragraph, the DIP Lender

shall be required to provide five (5) business days written notice to the Debtor, Debtor's bankruptcy counsel, counsel to any Committee, counsel to the Pre-Petition Lenders and the U.S. Trustee of the DIP Lender's intent to exercise its rights and remedies; and during the five (5) business day period commencing upon receipt by the Debtor, the Debtor and any Committee shall be entitled to seek an emergency hearing before this Court solely for the purpose of contesting whether an Event of Default or DIP Event of Default has occurred. The rights and remedies of the DIP Lender specified herein are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies that the DIP Lender may have under the DIP Documents or otherwise. The Debtor shall cooperate fully with the DIP Lender in exercise of rights and remedies, whether against the DIP Collateral or otherwise. This Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction to hear and resolve any disputes and enter any orders required by the provisions of this paragraph and relating to the application, re-imposition or continuance of the automatic stay as provided hereunder.

- (ii) <u>Prohibition on Use of Cash Collateral</u>. The Debtor may not seek to use Cash Collateral without the consent of the DIP Lender. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the DIP Lender shall not be deemed to have consented to the use of Cash Collateral and expressly reserves all rights to object to any request by the Debtor to use Cash Collateral.
- otherwise affect (1) the DIP Lender's rights to seek any other or supplemental relief in respect of the Debtor, or (2) the DIP Lender's rights, as provided in the DIP Credit Agreement or the DIP Credit Facility, to suspend or terminate providing any form or type of financial accommodation to the Debtor, including, without limitation, in relation to any of the DIP Obligations, the DIP Credit Agreement, or the DIP Credit Facility, in accordance with the terms of and to the extent provided for in the DIP Credit Agreement.

- 17. Proofs of Claim. DIP Lender will not be required to file proofs of claim in any of the Case or Successor Case.
- 18. Insurance Policies. Upon entry of this DIP Order, on each insurance policy maintained by the Debtor which in any way relates to the Collateral: (i) the DIP Lender shall be, and shall be deemed to be, without any further action or notice, named as additional insured; and (ii) the DIP Lender shall be, and shall be deemed to be, without any further action or notice, named as loss payee. The Debtor is authorized and directed to take any actions necessary to have the DIP Lender, be added as an additional insured and loss payee on each insurance policy maintained by the Debtor which in any way relates to the Collateral.
- hereafter reversed, modified, vacated or stayed, such reversal, modification, vacation or stay shall not affect the (i) validity of any DIP Obligations incurred prior to the actual receipt by the DIP Lender of written notice of the effective date of such reversal, modification, vacation or stay, or (ii) validity or enforceability of any claim, lien, security interest or priority authorized or created hereby or pursuant to the DIP Documents with respect to any DIP Obligations. Notwithstanding any such reversal, modification, vacation or stay, any incurrence of DIP Obligations by the Debtor prior to the actual receipt by the DIP Lender of written notice of the effective date of such reversal, modification, vacation or stay, shall be governed in all respects by the provisions of this DIP Order, and the DIP Lender shall be entitled to all of the rights, remedies, protections and benefits granted under section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, this DIP Order, and the DIP Documents with respect to the incurrence of DIP Obligations.
- **20. Indemnification.** Except as otherwise ordered by this Court, the Debtor is hereby authorized to indemnify and hold harmless the DIP Lender, in its capacity as such, and each of its

directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, attorneys, consultants, advisors and controlling persons, and each of their successors and assigns, in their respective capacity as such, from and against any and all damages, losses, obligations, liabilities, claims, actions or causes of action, and reasonable costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorney's fees, costs and expenses) incurred or required to be paid by an indemnified party of every nature and character arising out of or related to or in connection with the DIP Credit Facility or the DIP Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby and by this DIP Order (including, without limitation, the exercise by the DIP Lender of discretionary rights granted under the DIP Credit Facility), to the extent set forth in the DIP Documents, provided, that the Debtor shall not have any obligation to indemnify and hold harmless the DIP Lender under this Paragraph 19 with respect to any matter solely resulting from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the DIP Lender, as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final non-appealable judgment or order. All indemnities of the DIP Lender shall be secured by the DIP Collateral and afforded all of the priorities and protections afforded to the DIP Obligations under this DIP Order and the DIP Documents.

21. Other Rights and Obligations.

Modification or Stay of this DIP Order. Based on the findings set forth in this DIP Order and in accordance with section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, which is applicable to the DIP Credit Facility contemplated by this DIP Order, in the event any or all of the provisions of this DIP Order are hereafter modified, amended or vacated by a subsequent order of this or any other Court, the DIP Lender is entitled to the protections provided in section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code and no such modification, amendment or vacation shall affect the validity and enforceability of any advances made hereunder or lien or priority authorized or created hereby. Notwithstanding any such modification,

amendment or vacation, any claim granted to the DIP Lender hereunder arising prior to the effective date of such modification, amendment or vacation of any DIP Protections granted to the DIP Lender shall be governed in all respects by the original provisions of this DIP Order, and the DIP Lender shall be entitled to all of the rights, remedies, privileges and benefits, including the DIP Protections granted herein, with respect to any such claim. Since the loans made pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement are made in reliance on this DIP Order, the obligations owed the DIP Lender prior to the effective date of any stay, modification or vacation of this DIP Order cannot, as a result of any subsequent order in the Case, or in any Successor Case, be subordinated, lose its lien priority or superpriority, administrative expense claim status, or be deprived of the benefit of the status of the liens and claims granted to the DIP Lender under this DIP Order and/or the DIP Credit Agreement.

- (b) Expenses. As provided in the DIP Credit Agreement, including, without limitation, reasonable, documented legal, accounting, collateral examination, monitoring and appraisal fees, financial advisory fees, fees and expenses of other consultants, indemnification and reimbursement of fees and expenses, and other out of pocket expenses of the DIP Lender in connection with the DIP Credit Facility will be paid by the Debtor, whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated. Payment of such fees shall not be subject to allowance by the Court. The DIP Lender shall provide to the U.S. Trustee and counsel to any committee(s) appointed in the Case, on a monthly basis, the total amount of professional fees incurred per calendar month in the Case. Under no circumstances shall professionals for the DIP Lender be required to comply with the U.S. Trustee fee guidelines.
- (c) <u>Binding Effect</u>. The provisions of this DIP Order shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the DIP Lender, the Debtor and its respective successors and assigns (including any trustee or other fiduciary hereinafter appointed as a legal representative of the Debtor or with

respect to the property of the estate of the Debtor) whether in the Case, in any Successor Case, or upon dismissal of any such chapter 11 or chapter 7 case.

- exercise its rights and remedies under the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Credit Facility or this DIP Order, as applicable, shall not constitute a waiver of any of the DIP Lender's rights hereunder, thereunder, or otherwise. Notwithstanding anything herein, the entry of this DIP Order is without prejudice to, and does not constitute a waiver of, expressly or implicitly, or otherwise impair the DIP Lender under the Bankruptcy Code or under non-bankruptcy law, including without limitation, the rights of the DIP Lender to (i) request conversion of any of the Case to a case under Chapter 7, dismissal of the Case, or the appointment of a trustee in the Case (but only in the event an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing), or (ii) propose, subject to the provisions of section 1121 of the Bankruptcy Code, a Chapter 11 plan or plans or (iii) any of the rights, claims or privileges (whether legal, equitable or otherwise) the DIP Lender.
- (e) <u>No Third Party Rights</u>. Except as explicitly provided for herein, this DIP Order does not create any rights for the benefit of any third party, creditor, equity holder or any direct, indirect, or incidental beneficiary.
- (f) <u>No Marshaling</u>. The DIP Lender shall not be subject to the equitable doctrine of "marshaling" or any other similar doctrine with respect to any of the Collateral,
- (g) <u>Section 552(b)</u>. The DIP Lender shall be entitled to all of the rights and benefits of section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and the "equities of the case" exception under section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code shall not apply to the DIP Lender with respect to proceeds, product, offspring or profits of any of the Collateral.

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- (h) <u>Amendment</u>. The Debtor and the DIP Lender may amend or waive any provision of the DIP Credit Agreement, provided that such amendment or waiver, in the judgment of the Debtor and the DIP Lender, is either non-prejudicial to the rights of third parties or is not material. Except as otherwise provided herein, no waiver, modification, or amendment of any of the provisions hereof shall be effective unless set forth in writing, signed by on behalf of all the Debtor and the DIP Lender (after having obtained the approval of the DIP Lender as provided in the DIP Credit Agreement) and approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- (i) **Survival of DIP Order.** The provisions of this DIP Order and any actions taken pursuant hereto shall survive entry of any order which may be entered (i) confirming any plan of reorganization in the Case, (ii) converting the Case to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (iii) dismissing the Case, and the terms and provisions of this DIP Order as well as the DIP Protections granted pursuant to this DIP Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding the entry of such order, and such DIP Protections shall maintain its priority as provided by this DIP Order until all the obligations of the Debtor to the DIP Lender pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement, and all the obligations of the Debtor to the Pre-Petition Lenders under the Pre-Petition Credit Agreement, are indefeasibly paid in full and discharged (such payment being without prejudice to any terms or provisions contained in the DIP Credit Facility which survive such discharge by its terms). The DIP Obligations shall not be discharged by the entry of an order confirming a Plan, the Debtor having waived such discharge pursuant to section 1141(d)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor shall not propose or support any Plan that not conditioned upon the payment in full in cash of all of the DIP Obligations, on or prior to the earlier to occur of (i) the effective date of such Plan and (ii) the Commitment Termination Date.

1	confirmed plan of reorganization. The Debtor shall not propose or support any plan of reorganization
2	or sale of all or substantially all of the Debtor's assets or entry of any confirmation order or sale order
3	that is not conditioned upon the indefeasible payment in full, on or prior to the effective date of such
4	plan of reorganization or sale, of all DIP Obligations unless the DIP Lender has otherwise consented
5	in writing to such plan or sale.
6	23. Retention of Jurisdiction. The Court has and will retain jurisdiction to enforce this
7	DIP Order according to its terms.
8	
9	DATED this day of March, 2010.
10	
11	
12	HONORABLE Paul B. Snyder
13	United States Bankruptcy Judge
14	Presented by:
15	
16	By/s/ Brian L. Budsberg Brian L. Budsberg, WSBA #11225 Attorney for Liquidation Outlet, Inc., Debtor-in-Posseession
17	
18	
19	Approved as to Form; Notice of Presentation Waived:
20	BUSH STROUT & KORNFELD
21	
22	By/s/ Christine M. Tobin-Presser Christine M. Tobin-Presser, WSBA #27628 Gayle E. Bush, WSBA #07318 Attorneys for LOI Capital, L.L.C.

BRIAN L. BUDSBERG, WSBA#11225 Brian L. Budsberg, P.L.L.C P.O. Box 1489 Olympia, WA 98507-1489 Telephone: (360) 584-9093 Facsimile: (360) 252-8333 Attorney for Debtors

HONORABLE PAUL B. SNYDER ocation Tecoma Chapter 11 Hearing Date: April 19, 2010 Response Date: 9:00 a.m. Hearing Time: April 12, 2010

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

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LIQUIDATION OUTLET, INC

No. 10-42279

Debtor

DEBTOR'S MOTION FOR ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING INCURRENCE OF SECURED INDERTEDNESS WITH PRIORITY OVER ALL OTHER SECURED INDEBTEDNESS AND WITH ADMINISTRATIVE SUPERPRIORITY, (2) GRANTING SECURITY INTERESTS, (3) PROVIDING FOR ADEQUATE
PROTECTION, (4) APPROVING
AGREEMENTS RELATING TO THE FOREGOING AND
(5) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

NOTICE

AND TO

The Clerk of the Court All Creditors and Parties-In-Interest U. S. Trustee

AND TO

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Liquidation Outlet, Inc. ("Debtor") has filed a Motion (the "Motion") For entry of the proposed order (the "Order") in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit "A" (1) Authorizing Incurrence of Secured Indebtedness Over All Other Secured

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

are all listed below

DRIAN L. BUDSDERG, PLEC P.O. Dog 1489 98377

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inding Debtor's need for the DIP, and an overview of the specific terms of this finaneing

I. STATUS OF THE CASE AND JURISDICTION

- Debtor continues in the possession of its property and is operating and managing the business as debtor and debtor-in-possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code
- This Court has jurisdiction over this Motion under 28 U.S.C. 88 157 and 1334 2. This matter is core within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2)(A) and (O)
- 3. Venue of these proceedings and this Motion is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1408
- The statutory predicates for the relief anusht herein are Sections 105, 361, 362, 363, 364, 507, and 552 of the Bankruptcy Code and Rule 4001(c) of the Bankruptcy Rules

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. Circumstances Regarding Need for DIP Financing

- Debtor is a Washington corporation incorporated on June 5, 1992 and has been engaged since that time in the business of opening and operating retail stores throughout the states of Washington and Oregon under the trade name "The Dollar Store." Debtor currently operates at 38 different rotal locations. Debtor employs 328 people throughout Washington and Oregon with a twice monthly payroll of \$183,549.74. Debtor's main office and distribution center is located at 1025 Valley Avenue, Puyallup, Washington 98371
- The current economic recession has proved devastating to Debtor. Debtor's business is dependent upon its ability to acquire a continuous supply of merchandise to restock Debtor's shelves in appropriate mixes so that inventory turnover occurs rapidly. Debtor's renti

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE DRIANE DEDIBERG PLEC P.O. Dan 1489 -164-4093 Page 3 of 18 Case 10-42279-PBS Doc 11 Filed 03/25/10 Entered 03/25/10 18:48:20

Indebtedness and With Administrative SuperPriority, (2) Granting Security Interests, (3) Providing for Adequate Protection, (4) Approving Agreements Relating to the Foregoing and (5) Granting Related Relief. You and each of you are notified that unless objection is made, filed herein and served on Debtors' on or before April 19, 2010. Debtor will proceed to enter into the debtor-in-possession financing as detailed below

The Debtor will proceed to enter an order with this Court authorizing the Debtor to enter into Debtor in Possession Financing and Granting Priority to LOI Capital, LLC at a hearing scheduled for April 19, 2010 at 9:00 a.m. (the "Hearing"), in the United States Bankruptey Court, Room H. 1717 Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Washington. Anyone having an objection to the Debtor's Motion must file a written objection with the Court and serve a copy on Debtor's usel at the address indicated below, no later than April 12, 2010. Failure to file such written objection by the response date will allow movant to proceed with entering into the DIP (as defined below) and granting priority to LOI Capital, LLC without further notice of hearing

MOTION

COMES NOW Debtor pursuant to 11 U S C. § 364 and FBRP 2002 and 4001 and hereby moves the Court for an order authorizing the proposed debtor-in-possession ("DIP") financing and granting priority to LOI Capital, LLC ("Lendor"). Debtor has requested that Lender provide DIP financine in an amount up to \$2,000,000,00 in order to provide Debtor with the necessary capital to maintain its operations until a sale of Debtor's assets can be completed to Lender Debtor is asking for approval of this sale in a separate motion being heard simultaneously Additionally, Debtor is asking the Court grant first position lien on all of the assets of the Debtor, ahead of any currently existing secured liens or encumbrances. The factual circumstances

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

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payable went from \$441,600 in 2006 to \$1,129,850 in 2007, a 256% increase. Debtor was able to absorb that additional liability because it leases its office and warehouse space from GA Development, LLC, ("GA Development") which is owned by the sole shareholder of Debtor. Mr. Gary Woodring. Debtor also leases its Yakima store location from Mr. Woodring. For the last several years, GA Development and Mr. Woodring have received cheeks from Debtor for payments under their respective leases, but did not present them for payment. Instead, they held the checks to allow Debtor to improve its cash position

- Debtor's sales went from \$32,157,000 in 2008 to \$25,637,000 in 2009, a 20% case. Debtor's income from operations went from \$192,286 in 2008 to (\$2,902,971) in 2009 Net income in 2009 was (\$2,940,915). In 2008 it was 104,427. In 2007 net income was \$671,824
- Debtor's net cash used by operating activities in 2009 was (\$836,755). In 2008 it was (\$206,273). As a result, Debtor had a decrease in inventory of \$1,200,993 in 2009, and a net decrease in each during 2009 of \$1,106,272, leaving Debtor with only \$343,527 in each at the end of 2009. Without a present ability to restock Debtor's inventory, the shelves in Debtor's stores are thin and what merchandise is available is in product mixes not as desirable for its er base. Consequently, that merchandise remains on the shelves unsold longer than is reasonable under Debtor's business model. Debtor is therefore losing customer base because mers stop coming to Debtor's stores, which exacerbates Debtor's financial difficulties
- Beginning in November of 2009, Debtor became unable to timely make payments under Debtor's store leases. That problem has accelerated in 2010. Debtor is currently in default under most of its leases. A majority of those landlards have sent letters or notices designed to

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DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE

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begin unlawful detainer processes. In several cases, unlawful detainer actions have been filed against Debtor

- Debtor has had a line of credit with US Bank since October, 2006 for the original naximum amount of \$1,300,000. In July, 2008, US Bank required Debtor to reduce the maximum loan amount to \$900,000 as a condition of renewing the line. In January, 2010, US Bank informed Debtor that it would not renew the line of credit past its maturity date of January 31, 2010. After substantial negotiations, US Bank agreed to a short-term extension of the loan to March 31, 2010. On that date, the entire unpaid balance on the line, which is roughly \$900,000, will become due. It is secured against Debtor's inventory and eash colleteral
- 11. Over the course of the last three years, Debtor has engaged in an aggressive effort to find a purchaser for Debtor assets. Within the last several weeks, Debtor has negotiated a potential asset sale of assets with Hudson Capital Partners, based in Newton, Massachusetts and sidiary corporation, LOI Capital, LLC, Lender herein. However, this sale requires Court approval and entails a bidding process which will not be completed until approximately __ days after approval the sale. Debtor has an immediate need to be able purchase inventory to maintain existing operations and to build additional inventory in order to remain in business
- 12. Lender has agreed to provide Debtor with pre-petition financing and DIP financing to be used to assist Debtor in acquiring the inventory it needed to maintain its operations. This presents Debtor's best chance of allowing a prospective purchaser, whether it is Lender or another party, the time necessary to determine which stores should be closed, which stores should be kept open in order to make the business profitable once again. See Declaration of Gary Woodring in Support of First Day Motions.
 - B. The Pro-Petition Financing

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

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SMOTION TO APPROVE: 5 DELAN L. BLESSDERO, PLLC G F. P. D. Des 1449 Case 10-42279-PBS Doc 11 Food 03/25/10 Entered 03/25/10 18 46-20 Pages 5 of 18

- to grant Lender security interests in all of Debtar's presently owned and after-acquired property and Pro-Petition Collsteral (collectively, the "Post-Petition Collsteral") to secure any and all of the all the obligations of Debtar pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement (the "DIP Obligations"), and
- (iii) to use the proceeds of the DIP to (i) payoff all of the obligations of the Debtor pursuant to the terms of the U.S. Bank Prepetition Losn Agreement, (ii) payoff all of the obligations of the Debter pursuant Agreement, (ii) payoff all of the obligations of the Debter pursuant to the terms of the Lender Prepctition Loan Agreement and (iii) provide Debter with required liquidity sufficient to allow it to acquire merchandise and maintain its operations until the sale of its assets can be approved by the Court and a sale transaction can be
- (iv) to grant Lender priority in payment with respect to the DIP Obligations over any and all administrative expenses of the kinds specified in sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- in accordance with Bankruptey Rule 4001(c)(2), that this Court schedule the Hearing and approve notice with respect thereto.
- The material provisions of the DIP are summarized as follows and set forth in the following sections of the DIP Credit Agreement and/or, as applicable, the Order.
 - (a) Borrower: Debtor. See page 1 of the DIP Credit Agreement.
 - Lender: Lender: See page 1 of the DIP Crodit Agreement.
 - Commitment: The Lender agrees, subject to the terms and conditions of DIP Facility and the Financing Order, to make advances to the Debtor from time to time from the date that all of the conditions set forth in Section 4.1 of the DIP Credit Agreement in the aggregate amount of \$2,000,000.00 See Section 2.1 of the DIP Credit Agreement. (c)
 - Termination Date: means the earliest of (i) the April __2010, (ii) the date the Borrower repays the Obligations in full and terminates the Credit Facility, or (iii) the date the Lender demands payment of the Obligations, following an Event of Default. See page 8 of the DIP Credit Agreement.
 - List of Proceeds: The Borrower shall use the proceeds of Advances for (i) payment in full of the US Bank Obligations, (ii) payment in full of the Pre-Petition Obligations, and (iii) funding post-petition operations strictly

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13. On October 24, 2006 U.S. Bank provided a line of credit revolving loan in the maximum amount of \$1,300,000. The U.S. Bank facility is governed by the terms of that certain Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of October 24, 2006 CU.S. Bank Prepetition Loan Agreement's. The maximum amount of the line was subsequently reduced by U.S. Bank to \$900,000. The maturity date for the U.S. Bank loan is March 31, 2010. As of March 24, 2010, the outstanding balance under the U.S. Bank Proposition Loan Agreement, excluding costs and legal expenses for which Debtor is liable, is approximately \$700,000.00 ("U.S. Bank Prepetition Claim"). Pursuant to the U.S. Bank Loan Agreement and a UCC-1 filed on October 31,2006 with the Washington State Department of Licensing UCC division, U.S. Bank's Prepeti Claim is secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of Debtor's assets

On March 23, 2010, the Lender provided Debtor with \$150,000 of pre-petition financing ("Lender Proposition Claim"). This preposition facility is governed by the terms of a certain Promissory Note (the "Lender Prepetition Loan Agreement"), dated March 15, 2010 uant to the Loan Agroement, a Security Agreement dated March 15, 2010, and a UCC-1 filed on or about March 15, 2010 with the Washington State Department of Licensing UCC division the Lender Prenctition Claim is secured by a second priority security interest in substantially all of Debtor's assets

III.BANKRUPTCY RULE 4001 CONCISE STATEMENT

- 15. By this Motion, Debtor requests:
 - (a) the entry of a proposed Order authorizing Debtor:
 - to obtain postpetition financing up to an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$2,000,000.00 from Lender pursuant to the terms of the that certain Debtor In Possession Credit and Security Agreement (the "DIP Credit Agreement") substantially in the for annexed hereto as Exhibit "B", between Debtor and Lender;

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rdance with the Budget. No proceeds of any Advance may be utilized by the Borrower to finance in any way any professional fees, disburseme nts, costs or expenses incurred in connection with asserting disbursements, costs or expenses incurred in connection with asserting, investigating, or preparing, any claims or causes of action against the Lender, or its counsel or ordiscers (including advisors to their counsel), arising from or relating to the Pro-Petition Credit Agreement or this Agreement, and/or investigating, challenging or raising any defenses to the obligations or liens under the Pro-Petition Credit Agreement or this Agreement. Notwithstanding the forgoing, any official committee(s) appointed in the Chapter 11 Case shall have the ability to investigate such atters subject to the terms of the Financing Order. See Section 2.8 of the DIP Credit Agreems

- Priority and Lieus: Effective immediately upon the execution of the Order, Lender shall be granted pursuant to sections 361, 363, 364(c)(2), 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), 364(c)(3), and 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptey Code, priming first priority, continuing, valid, binding, enforceable, non-avoidable and automatically perfected postpetition security interests in and lieus on, all present and after-equired property of the Debtor of any nature whatsoever and wherever located. See Order, at paragraph 2(f)(ii)
- Interest: The Debter's obligations under the DIP Credit Agree bear interest at an annual interest rate equal to fifteen percent (15%). See Section 2.3 of the DIP Credit Agreement.
- Exents of Default: The Events of Default under the DIP Credit Agreement include the following: (a) default in the payment of any amount owed by the Borrower to the Lender as and when due under the DIP Credit Agreement; (b) default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or agreement of the Borrower contained in the DIP Credit Agreement; (c) any ownership interest of the Borrower shall be sold or transferred in any transaction other than in accordance with the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, or shall become subject to a Lieu, (d) a Bidding Procedures Order has not been entered by the Bashruptey Court on or before [April 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before [April 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before [April 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before [April 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before Expril 9, 2010 and 2010 2010]; (e) a Sale Order has not been entered on of before [April 9, 2010]; (f) a sale of all or substantially all of the Borrower's assets pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Asset Purchase Agreement has not occurred on or before [May 15, 2010]; (g) any representation or warranty made by the Borrower in the DIP Credit Agreement or by the Borrower (or any of its Officers) in any agreement, certificate, instrument or financial statement or other statement contemplated by or made or delivered pursuant to or in connection with the DIP Credit Agreement shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when deemed to be effective; (h) the rendering against the Borrower of an arbitration award, a final judgment, decree or order for the payment of money in excess of \$10,000 and the continuance of ruch arbitration award, judgment, decree or order unsatisfied and in effect for any period of 30

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

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Capitalized terms each heren and not otherwise defined heren shall have the incumps sambed to such terms in the DP Credit Agreement.

cutive days without a stay of execution; (i) the Borrower shall liquidate, dissolve, terminate or suspend its business operation or otherwise fail to operate its business in the ordinary course, merge with another Person unless the Borrower is the surviving entity; or sell or attempt to sell all or substantially all of its assets, without the Lender's nsent; except as contemplated under the Asset Purchas Agreement and Sale Order; (j) an event of default shall occur un Agreement and Sale Order; (i) an event of default shall occur under any Security Document; (b) default in the satisfaction of any Obligation owed by the Borrower to the Lender hereunder; (i) the Lender believes in good faith that the prospect of payment in full of any part of the Obligations, or that full performance by the Borrower under the Loan Documents, is impaired, or that there has occurred any material adverse change in the business or financial condition of the Borrower; (m) the indictment of any Director or executive Officer of the Borrower for a felony offence under that the Contract of the Borrower is a felony offence under that the Contract of the Borrower is a felony offence under that the Contract of the Borrower is a felony offence under the contract of the Borrower for a felony offence under the Contract of the Borrower is the Contract of the Borrower is a second or that the felon. state or federal law; (n) the Borrower shall fail to comply or shall default in the performance of any term of the DIP Credit Agreement, the Pre-Credit Agreement, the Pre-Petition Loss Documents, the US oan Agreement, the Loss Documents, the Financing Order or the Sale Order; (o) the Borrower (except following the Lender's prior written request or with the Lender's express prior written consent) shall file a request of whit has Extend's express prior which consents, shall her a motion with the Bankruptey Court or any other court with jurisdiction in the matter seeking an order, or an order is otherwise entered, modifying, reversing, revoking, staying, rescinding, vasating, or amending the Financing Order or any of the Loan Documents, without the Lender's express prior written consent (and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence of the Lender); (p) the any outer action, maction, or acquisescence of the Lender); (p) the Borrower shall file, or any other person shall obtain Bankruptcy Court approval of a disclosure statement for a plan of reorganization which does not provide for the full, final, and irrevocable repayment of all of the Obligations of the Borrower to the Lender upon the effectiveness of such plan, unless the Lender has expressly joined in or consented to such plan in writing. (q) the Borrower shall file any motion or application, or the Bankruptch Court allows the motion or amplication of fine where Person Bankruptey Court allows the motion or application of any other Person, which seeks approval for or allowance of any claim, lien, security interest ranking equal or senior in priority to the claims, liens and security interests granted to the Lender under the Financing Order or the Loan Documents or any such equal or prior claim, lien, or security interest shall be of any such equal of prior claim, lien, or security interest shall be established in any manner, except, in eny case, as expressly permitted under the Financing Order; (r) the Bankruptcy Court shall not have entered the Financing Order or the Financing Order shall cease to be in full force and effect from and after the date of entry thereof by the Bankruptcy Court, (a) the Bankruptcy Court shall not have entered a Cash Collateral Order from and after the date of entry thereof by the Bankruptcy Court on one force [March 2, 2010]. (the sents of in order which procupely Court on or before [May 15, 2010]; (1) the entry of an order which provide relief from the automatic stay otherwise imposed pursuant to Section 362 of the Bankruptey Code, which order permits any creditor, other than the

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

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Relief From Automatic Stay: The automatic stay imposed under Bankruptcy Code section 362(a) is hereby modified pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement as necessary to (1) permit the Debtor to grant the DIP Liens and to incur all liabilities and obligations to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Credit Facility and this DIP Order, and (2) authorize the DIP Lender to retain and apply payments der. See Order, at paragraph 15(e)

IV. RELIEF REQUESTED

- By this Motion, the Debtor seeks the entry of Order regarding the relief requested herein. Such Order, will authorize the Debtor to obtain postpetition secured financing in an aggregate amount of up to \$2,000,000.00, in accordance with the terms and conditions act forth in the proposed DIP Credit Agreement between Debtor and Lender
- This Motion also sceks approval of the DIP Credit Agreement, the material terms

V. BASIS FOR RELIEF REQUESTED

19. Approval of the DIP Credit Agreement will provide Debtor with immediate and ongoing access to cash and borrowing availability to pay its current and ongoing expenses through the anticipated sale of substantially all of its assets. Unless Debtor's expenses are paid, it is likely that failure to pay such expenses will: (a) result in irreparable harm to the business, (b) deplete the value of Debtor's estate and quash the opportunity for a sale, and (c) recognize Debtor's ability to maximize the value of its estate. The credit provided under the DIP Credit Agreement will enable Debtor to preserve and enhance the value of its estate for the benefit of all stakeholders. Accordingly, the timely approval of the relief requested herein is imperative

The Postpetition Financine

In order to prevent the harm that would result from a failure to obtain sufficient debtor in possession financing, the Lender has agreed to provide Debtor with the DIP financing on the terms described in this Motion, and more particularly, in the DIP Credit Agreement.

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE BRIANT. BUDSBERG, FLLC F/G Box 1419

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Lender, to realize upon, or to excreise any right or remedy with respect to, any asset of the Borrower or to terminate any license, franchise, or similar agreement, where such termination could have a Material Adverse Effect; (u) if any creditor of the Borrower receives any adequate protection payment which is not fully acceptable to the Lender in its sole discretion, or any Lien is granted as adequate protection other than as set forth in the Financing Order: (v) Borrower suspends or discontinues, or is enjouned by any court or governmental agency from continuing to conduct, all or any material part of its business (in a manner inconsistent with the Substantial Asset Disposition, the Substantial Asset Disposition Schedule, or such any Lien is granted as adequate protection other than as set forth in the Asset Disposition, the Substantial Alset Disposition Schedule, or such other orderly wind-down acceptable to Lender), or if a furstee, receiver or custodian is appointed for Borrower or any of its properties; (w) conversion of the Chapter 11 Case to a Chapter 7 case under the Bankruptey Code, or dismissal of the Chapter 11 Case or any subsequent Chapter 7 case either voluntarily or involuntarily, (x) the Financing Order chapter 7 case cinner voluntarily or involuntarily, (x) the rinateing Under shall be modified, reversed, revoked, remanded, stayed, restinded, vaested or amended on appeal or by the Benkruptcy Court without the prior written consent of Lender (and no such consent shall be implied from any other authorization or sequirescence by Lenders); (y) a trustee is appointed pursuant to Sections 1104(a)(1) or 1104(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code; (z) an examiner with special powers is appointed pursuant to Section 1104(a) of the Bankruptey Code; and (aa) the Borrower fails to comply with any of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein or in any other agreement, document or instrument at any time executed by Borrower in connection herewith.

- Waiver of Applicable Nonbankruptey Law Relating to Perfection. The Order shall be sufficient and conclusive evidence of the validity, perfection, and priority of the postpetition liens without the nocessity of liting or recording any financing statement or other instrument or document which may otherwise be required under the law of any introduction with this content of the property of the prope jurisdiction or the taking of any other action (including, for the avoidar of doubt, entering into any deposit account countrillary, for a viriance or for doubt, entering into any deposit account countril agreement) to validate or perfect the postpetition liens or to entitle the Lender to the priorities granted herein. See Order, at paragraph 4.
- Challenge Period: A party in interest (other than the Debtor) has until no later than sixty days from the entry of the Order (or such later date agreed isser in an avery any a room use enter or use Order (or such isser case agreed to in writing by the Lender) to commence an adversary proceeding challenging the extent, validity, perfection, priority and enforceability of the Pre-Petition Lender; liens or any other claims whatsoever of the Pre-Petition Londer; including any claims arising from or related to the fees, charges, interest, commissions and expenses charged by the Pre-Petition Lender prior to the Petition Date pursuant to the Pre-Petition Loan Agreement. See Order, at paragraph 5.

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

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- The Lender is willing to provide DIP financing to facilitate the sale and a structured liquidation in chapter 11. Debtor has not been able to obtain postpetition financing or other financial accommodations from any alternative prospective lender or group of lenders on more favorable terms and conditions than those for which approval is sought herein. Thus, undertaking this financing is consistent with Debtor's obligation to seek to maximize the value of its assets for the benefit of creditors
- 22. Section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code provides, among other things, that if a debtor is unable to obtain unsecured credit allowable as an administrative expense under Section 503(b)(1) of the Bankruptey Code, the Bankruptey Court may authorize the debtor to obtain credit or incur debt (a) with priority over any and all administrative expenses, as specified in Section 503(b) or 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) secured by a lien on property of the estate that is not otherwise subject to a lien, or (c) secured by a junior lien on property of the estate that is subject to a lien. See 11 U.S.C. § 364(c). Section 364(d) provides that, in appropriate circumstances, a debtor may incur debt secured by a senior, or "priming" lien Debtor proposes to obtain the financing set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement by providing the Lender with, inter alia, a priming lien on all of Debtor's assets, as well as a superpriority claim. pursuant to section 364(c)(1), (2), (3) and section 364(d) of the Bankruptey Code. The DIP financing being provided by Lender, in an amount up to \$2,000,000.00, will pay the secured claim of U.S. Bank in full and need for allowing a priming lien pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 364(d) may not be necessary in this case
- 23. Bankruptcy courts grant a debtor considerable deference in acting in accordance with its business judgment. See In re Ames Dep't Stores, Inc., 115 B.R. 34, 40 (Bankr, S.D.N.Y. 1990) ("cases consistently reflect that the court's discretion under Section 364 is to be utilized on

DEBTOR'S MOTION TO AFFROVE

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grounds that permit reasonable business judgment to be exercised so long as the financing agreement does not contain terms that leverage the bankruptcy process and powers or its purpose is not so much to benefit the estate as it is to benefit a party-in-interest"). See also in re Funding Systems Asset Management Corp., 72 B.R. 87, 88 (Bankr. W.D. Pa. 1987); In re Simasko Prod. Co. 47 R.R. 444 449 (Reply: D. Colo. 1985). Business decisions are made in the board room not the courtroom. See Group of Institutional Investors v. Chicago Mil. St. P. & Pac. Ry., 318 U.S. 523, 550 (1943); In re Simasko Prod. Ca., 47 B.R. 444, 449 (D. Colo. 1985) ("Business judgments should be left to the board room and not to this Court"); In re Lifeguard Indus., Inc., 37 B.R. 3. 17 (Banke S.D. Ohio 1983) (same). "More exacting scrutiny would slow the administration of the debtor's estate and increase its costs, interfere with the Bankruptcy Code's provision for private control of administration of the estate, and threaten the court's ability to control a case impartially." Richmond Leasing Co. v. Capital Bank, N.A., 762 F.24 1303, 1311 (5th Cir. 1985)

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24. The Debtor has exercised sound business judgment in determining that a postnetition credit facility is appropriate and has satisfied the legal prerequisites to enter into the ameing pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement. The terms of the DIP Credit Agreement are fair and reasonable and are in the best interests of the Debtor's estate. The delays, cost and expense of placing this loan with a new lender, assuming one could be found, would be detrimental to the estate and ultimately diminish creditor recoveries. Accordingly, the Debtor should be granted authority to enter into the DIP Credit Agreement and borrow funds from the Lender on the secured, administrative super-priority basis provided for therein and in the Order, pursuant to section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and take the other action contemplated by the DIP Credit Agreement and the Order as requested herein

S MOTION TO APPROVE: 13 BEIAN I. BLESSIEZO, FILC NG F10 bot 1899 Case 10-42279-PBS Doc 11 Foed 03/25/10 Entered 03/25/10 16 48 29 Page 13 of 18 DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE FINANCING

no other lender was willing to provide an adequate stand alone financing facility. Against this backdrop, Debtor carefully evaluated the proposed financing structure from the Lender, engaged in negotiations with the Lender regarding the proposed terms, worked with its attorneys to obtain the best possible terms from the Lender and, eventually, agreed to the Lender's proposal as the proposal best suited to Debtor's needs. In addition, the terms and conditions of the DIP Credit Agreement were negotisted by the parties in good faith, and were instituted for the purpose of enabling Debtor to meet ongoing expenses while in chapter 11 and implement an orderly sale

C. The Automatic Stay Should Be Modified on a Limited Basis

and of its assets for the benefit of creditors

28 The relief remested herein contemplates a modification of the automatic stay to permit Debtor to: (a) grant the security interests, liens, and superpriority claims described above with respect to the Lender and to perform such acts as may be requested to assure the perfection and priority of such security interests and liens; (b) permit the Lender to exercise, all rights and remedies under the DIP Credit Agreement and the Order, and (c) implement the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement and the Order

Stay modifications of this kind are ordinary and standard features of postpetition debtor financing facilities and, in Debtor's business judgment, are reasonable and fair under the present circumstances

Professional Carveou

29. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary. DIP Liens shall be subordinate only to the to a carre-out for the payment of (i) the allowed claims of professionals on behalf of Debtor or any Committee whose employment is approved by this Court, and (ii) the claim of the

25. Furthermore, Section 364(d) does not require that a debtor seek alternative financing from every possible lender; rather, the debtor simply must demonstrate sufficient offerts to obtain financing without the need to grant a senior lien. See Bray v. Shenandoah Fed Savinos & Loan Ass'n (In re Snowshoe Co.), 789 F.2d 1085, 1088 (4th Cir. 1986) (trustee was not required to seek credit from every possible lender and the information provided regarding unsuccessful contact with financial institutions in the peopraphic area was sufficient to establish that credit was not available without granting a senior lien); In re 495 Central Park Ave. Corp. 136 B.R. 626, 631 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1992) (debtor testified to numerous failed attempts to procure financing from various sources, explaining that "most banks lend money only in return for a senior secured position"); In re Aqua Assocs., 123 B.R. 192, 197 (Banke E.D. Pa. 1991) (debtor adequately established that some degree of priming of loan was necessary if debtor was to obtain finding)

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26. Substantially all of the Debtor's assets are encumbered by the U.S. Bank first position security interest and the Debtor has been unable to procure the required funding absent granting the proposed priming liens, superpriority claims, and liens. The Debtor submits that the circumstances of these cases require the Debtor to obtain financing pursuant to section 364(c) and section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code and, accordingly, the DIP Credit Agreement reflects the exercise of the Debtor's sound business judgment.

B. The DIP Credit Agreement Terms are Fair. Reasonable, and Appropriate

27. The proposed terms of the DIP Credit Agreement are fair, reasonable, and adequate under the circumstances. First and foremost, Debtor has made a concerted, good-faith effort to obtain credit on the most favorable terms that are available. As discussed above, Debtor explored alternative sources of postpetition financing. Despite the best efforts of Debtor,

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United States Trustee for the payment of fees under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a) (the "Professional Carve-Out"). The Professional Carve-Out shall not exceed \$200,000

VI. NOTICE

30. Notice of this Motion has been provided to: (i) the Office of the United States Trustee, (ii) the Internal Revenue Service, (iii) Debtor's twenty (20) largest unsecured creditors, (iv) counsel to Debtor, (v) counsel to the Pre-Petition Lenders (as defined below), (vi) counsel to the proposed DIP Lender, (vii) US Bank National Association, and (viii) Associated Petroleum Products. Inc. Debtor submits that, in light of the nature of the relief requested, no other or further notice need be given.

VII. NO PRIOR REQUEST

No previous application for the relief sought herein has been made to this or any other court. VIII. CONCLUSION

Debtor prays that the Court enter an order approving DIP pursuant to the terms and conditions of the attached Exhibits A and B and grant additional relief as requested herein

DATED this 25th day of March, 2010

BRIANT, BUDSBERG PLLC

/s/ Brian L. Budsberg Brian L. Budsberg, WSBA #11225 Benjamin J. Raley, WSBA #34949 Attorney's for the Debtor

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